

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 69.202, 78.454)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 69.202, 78.454) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 69.175, 78.357)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CA8D02
RGB	202, 141, 2
RGB Percent	79%, 55%, 1%
CMY	0.2081, 0.4472, 0.9925
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.99, 0.21
HSL	42°, 98%, 40%
HSV	42°, 99%, 79%
XYZ	33.8684, 31.5869, 4.3661
YIQ	143.3930, 80.9750, -30.2970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

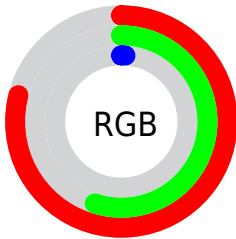
Format	Color
RYB	90, 202, 2
Decimal	13274370
CIELab	63.00, 13.96, 67.75
CIELCh	63, 69.175, 78.357
Yxy	31.5869, 0.4851, 0.4524
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291464450 (0xFFCA8D02)
YUV	143.3930, -69.7067, 51.3983
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 9.2132, 34.7356

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 69.175, 78.357** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **34, 85.408, 298.034**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 67.236, 80.984**, and **43, 53.351, 73.912** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 69.416, 78.153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 66.376, 80.564**.

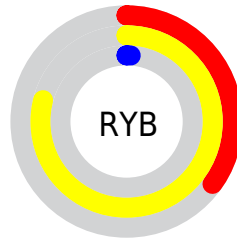
Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (55%)

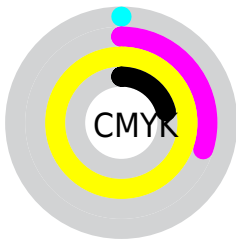
Blue (1%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (1%)

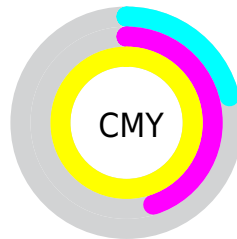


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 69.175, 78.357 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 69.175, 78.357 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 69.175, 78.357

■ 63, 69.175, 78.357

■ 100, 69.175,
78.357

■ 53, 69.175, 78.357

■ 83, 69.175, 78.357

■ 43, 69.175, 78.357

■ 93, 69.175, 78.357

■ 33, 69.175, 78.357

■ 23, 69.175, 78.357

■ 13, 69.175, 78.357

■ 3, 69.175, 78.357

■ 0, 69.175, 78.357

■ 63, 69.175, 78.357

■ 63, 69.175, 78.357

■ 63, 69.416, 78.153

■ 65, 66.376, 80.564

66, 61.470, 82.425

68, 54.891, 84.047

70, 47.358, 85.539

72, 39.369, 86.960

73, 31.219, 88.333

75, 23.070, 89.667

77, 15.005, 90.961

79, 7.065, 92.202

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 69.175, 78.357



34, 85.408, 298.034

Rectangle

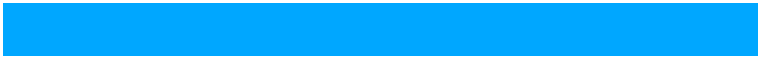
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 69.175, 78.357



63, 69.175, 128.357



63, 69.175, 258.357



63, 69.175, 308.357

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 69.174, 78.360



93, 28.812, 89.489



43, 72.778, 19.481



48, 19.717, 88.921



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 69.174, 78.360



78, 82.707, 77.758



76, 82.910, 113.786



42, 4.462, 92.161



52, 59.981, 78.555



10, 15.767, 81.819

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 85.408, 298.034



42, 104.285, 298.788



26, 110.353, 307.052



40, 4.474, 274.568



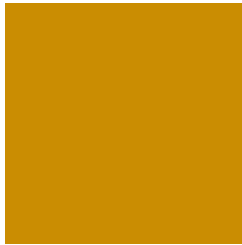
27, 73.411, 297.827



4, 18.670, 283.265

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 69.175, 78.357 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 69.175, 78.357 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 69.175, 78.357

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 69.175, 78.357.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 69.175, 78.357.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 69.175, 78.357

Protanopia

63, 64.967, 95.236

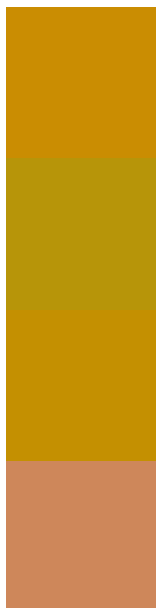
Deuteranopia

63, 67.996, 83.464



Tritanopia
63, 31.718, 13.015

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 69.175, 78.357

Protanomaly
63, 65.774, 88.990

Deuteranomaly
63, 68.302, 81.885

Tritanomaly
63, 41.789, 57.323

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 69.175, 78.357

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 29.667, 87.707

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 69.175, 78.357 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 141, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 141, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 141, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 141, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 69.175, 78.357 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 141, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 141, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 141, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 141, 2); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 141, 2);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 141,  
2) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 69.175, 78.357 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 141, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
141, 2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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