

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 7.202, 249.555)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 7.202, 249.555) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 7.253, 249.811)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D9AA4
RGB	141, 154, 164
RGB Percent	55%, 60%, 64%
CMY	0.4459, 0.3949, 0.3557
CMYK	0.14, 0.06, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	206°, 11%, 60%
HSV	206°, 14%, 64%
XYZ	29.3652, 31.5869, 39.8115
YIQ	151.2530, -10.9580, 0.3540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

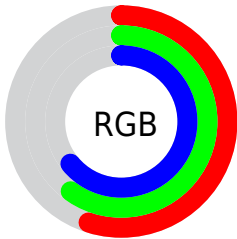
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 149, 164
Decimal	9280164
CIE _{Lab}	63.00, -2.50, -6.81
CIE _{LCh}	63, 7.253, 249.811
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2914, 0.3135
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287470244 (0xFF8D9AA4)
YUV	151.2530, 6.2843, -8.9919
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -5.0892, -2.6571

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 7.253, 249.811$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 7.618, 66.468$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 7.302, 252.216$, and $43, 7.035, 249.629$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 12.284, 251.301$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 2.097, 248.653$.

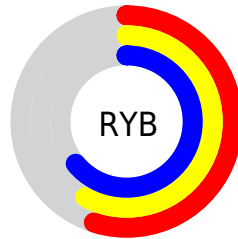
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (60%)

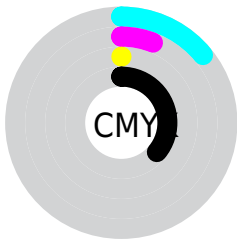
Blue (64%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (64%)

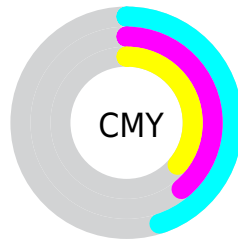


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 7.253, 249.811 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 7.253, 249.811 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 7.253, 249.811

■ 63, 7.253, 249.811

■ 100, 7.253,
249.811

■ 53, 7.253, 249.811

■ 83, 7.253, 249.811

■ 43, 7.253, 249.811

■ 93, 7.253, 249.811

■ 33, 7.253, 249.811

■ 23, 7.253, 249.811

■ 13, 7.253, 249.811

■ 3, 7.253, 249.811

■ 0, 7.253, 249.811

■ 63, 7.253, 249.811

■ 63, 7.253, 249.811

■ 60, 12.284,

■ 66, 2.097, 248.653

251.301

69, 3.151, 67.301

57, 17.160,
253.123

73, 8.465, 66.475

54, 21.851,
255.322

76, 13.821, 65.727

51, 26.338,
257.965

79, 19.197, 65.080

48, 30.619,
261.112

82, 24.579, 64.518

45, 34.723,
264.801

86, 29.567, 64.732

87, 30.404, 72.946

43, 38.715,
269.017

89, 31.840, 80.534

40, 42.694,
273.663

39, 45.158,
276.406

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 7.253, 249.811



63, 7.618, 66.468

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 7.253, 249.811



63, 7.253, 299.811



63, 7.253, 69.811



63, 7.253, 119.811

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 7.252, 249.800



84, 2.600, 248.658



65, 11.408, 159.142



44, 1.843, 248.718



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 7.252, 249.800



79, 10.885, 250.264



60, 12.147, 288.908



33, 2.929, 249.195



34, 40.909, 275.858



2, 4.751, 254.109

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 11.544, 341.363



76, 17.440, 341.648



66, 11.823, 105.960



32, 4.617, 340.962



31, 56.866, 355.222



1, 6.856, 343.003

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 7.253, 249.811 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 7.253, 249.811 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

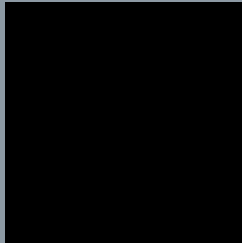
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

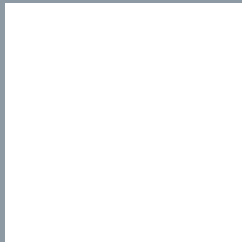
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 7.253, 249.811

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 7.253, 249.811.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 7.253, 249.811.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 7.253, 249.811

Protanopia

63, 6.180, 294.325

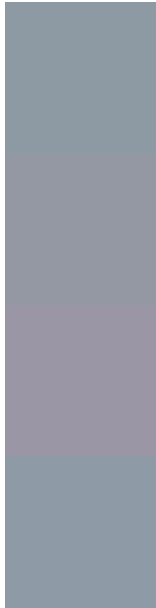
Deuteranopia

63, 11.253, 316.868



Tritanopia
63, 7.918, 257.384

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 7.253, 249.811

Protanomaly
63, 6.307, 277.251

Deuteranomaly
63, 8.561, 301.100

Tritanomaly
63, 7.467, 254.883

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 7.253, 249.811

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 2.509, 241.496

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 7.253, 249.811 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 154, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 154, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 154, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 154, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 7.253, 249.811 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 154, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 154, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 154, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 154, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 154, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 154,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 7.253, 249.811 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 154, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
154, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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