

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 7.599, 9.407)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 7.599, 9.407) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 7.549, 11.620)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A79496
RGB	167, 148, 150
RGB Percent	65%, 58%, 59%
CMY	0.3452, 0.4197, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.10, 0.35
HSL	354°, 10%, 62%
HSV	354°, 11%, 65%
XYZ	32.0210, 31.5869, 33.2538
YIQ	153.9090, 10.6820, 4.6500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

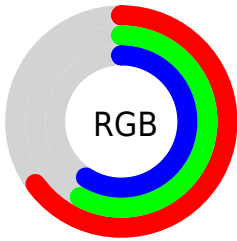
Format	Color
RYB	167, 148, 150
Decimal	10982550
CIELab	63.00, 7.39, 1.52
CIElCh	63, 7.549, 11.620
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3306, 0.3261
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289172630 (0xFFA79496)
YUV	153.9090, -1.9271, 11.4808
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 3.3457, 4.2608

Details

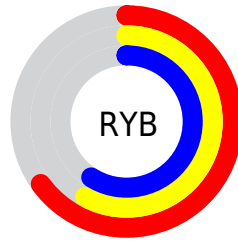
The CIELCh color **63, 7.549, 11.620** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **67, 7.130, 189.926**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 7.476, 11.825**, and **43, 7.751, 11.537** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 14.634, 12.689**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 0.886, 10.314**.

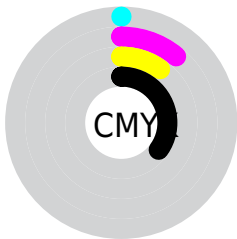
Distribution



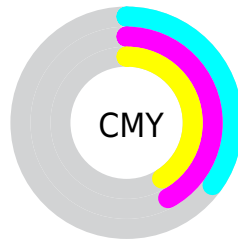
- Red (65%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 7.549, 11.620 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 7.549, 11.620 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 7.549, 11.620  63, 7.549, 11.620

 100, 7.549, 11.620  53, 7.549, 11.620

 83, 7.549, 11.620  43, 7.549, 11.620

 93, 7.549, 11.620  33, 7.549, 11.620

 23, 7.549, 11.620

 13, 7.549, 11.620

 3, 7.549, 11.620

 0, 7.549, 11.620

 63, 7.549, 11.620  63, 7.549, 11.620

 58, 14.634, 12.689  68, 0.886, 10.314

54, 22.119, 13.964

73, 5.356, 190.214

49, 29.926, 15.546

78, 11.202,
189.559

45, 37.911, 17.540

83, 16.686,
189.018

42, 45.860, 20.071

39, 53.509, 23.259

88, 21.844,
188.550

37, 60.604, 27.158

92, 26.710,
188.139

35, 66.922, 31.607

35, 71.707, 35.221

95, 27.597,
197.257

95, 27.565,
197.718

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 7.549, 11.620



67, 7.130, 189.926

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 7.549, 11.620



63, 7.549, 61.620



63, 7.549, 191.620



63, 7.549, 241.620

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 7.547, 11.631



85, 2.397, 10.737



63, 12.412, 321.759



45, 1.836, 10.850



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 7.547, 11.631



78, 11.590, 11.919



65, 6.129, 60.728



33, 3.753, 11.426



30, 65.233, 34.731



1, 6.640, 11.922

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 7.547, 11.631



78, 11.590, 11.919



65, 5.841, 243.147



33, 3.753, 11.426



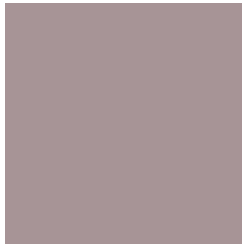
30, 65.233, 34.731



1, 6.640, 11.922

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 7.549, 11.620 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 7.549, 11.620 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 7.549, 11.620

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 7.549, 11.620.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 7.549, 11.620.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 7.549, 11.620

Protanopia

63, 1.158, 19.125

Deuteranopia

63, 7.944, 12.091



Tritanopia
63, 10.188, 343.374

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 7.549, 11.620

Protanomaly
63, 3.109, 19.555

Deuteranomaly
63, 7.944, 12.091

Tritanomaly
63, 9.314, 351.710

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 7.549, 11.620

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 2.771, 7.913

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 7.549, 11.620 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 148, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 148, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 148, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 148, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 7.549, 11.620 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 148, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 148, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 148, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 148, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 148, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 148,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 7.549, 11.620 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 148, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
148, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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