

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 70.068, 109.980)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 70.068, 109.980)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 69.677, 109.919)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8FA200
RGB	143, 162, 0
RGB Percent	56%, 64%, 0%
CMY	0.4401, 0.3655, 1.0000
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 1.00, 0.37
HSL	67°, 100%, 32%
HSV	67°, 100%, 63%
XYZ	24.1711, 31.5869, 4.8095
YIQ	137.8510, 40.6780, -54.4100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

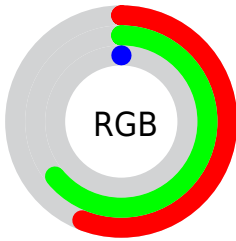
Format	Color
RYB	0, 162, 19
Decimal	9413120
CIELab	63.00, -23.74, 65.51
CIELCh	63, 69.677, 109.919
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3991, 0.5215
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287603200 (0xFF8FA200)
YUV	137.8510, -67.9605, 4.5157
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -21.5857, 34.2679

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 69.677, 109.919** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **19, 94.519, 306.747**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 69.848, 110.090**, and **43, 53.416, 114.201** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 69.615, 109.933**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 67.233, 109.670**.

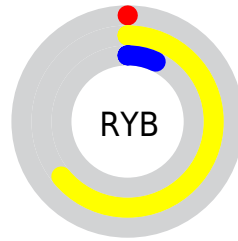
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (64%)

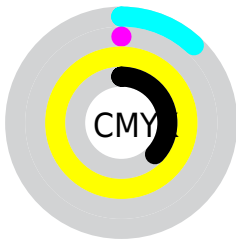
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (7%)

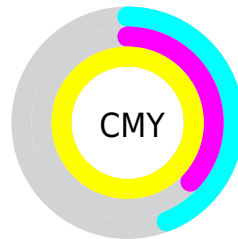


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (44%)


Magenta (37%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 69.677, 109.919 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 69.677, 109.919 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 69.677,
109.919


 63, 69.677,
109.919


 100, 69.677,
109.919


 53, 69.677,
109.919


 83, 69.677,
109.919

 43, 69.677,
109.919

 93, 69.677,
109.919

 33, 69.677,
109.919

 23, 69.677,
109.919

 13, 69.677,
109.919

 3, 69.677, 109.919

 0, 69.677, 109.919

■ 63, 69.677,
109.919

■ 63, 69.677,
109.919

■ 63, 69.615,
109.933

■ 63, 67.233,
109.670

■ 63, 63.384,
109.652

■ 64, 57.879,
109.913

■ 64, 51.107,
110.385

■ 64, 43.456,
111.001

■ 65, 35.234,
111.708

■ 65, 26.656,
112.465

■ 65, 17.865,

113.244

■ 66, 8.956, 114.024

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 69.677, 109.919



19, 94.519, 306.747

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 69.677, 109.919



63, 69.677, 159.919



63, 69.677, 289.919



63, 69.677, 339.919

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 69.615, 109.933



82, 32.833, 112.423



34, 72.393, 41.511



43, 22.287, 112.121



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 69.615, 109.933



80, 84.261, 110.059



59, 80.271, 131.232



34, 5.102, 114.080



57, 64.345, 109.871



5, 7.999, 116.086

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 94.519, 306.747



26, 114.515, 306.664



28, 86.549, 314.979



32, 5.210, 295.549



16, 87.317, 306.791



1, 7.976, 294.360

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 69.677, 109.919 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 69.677, 109.919 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

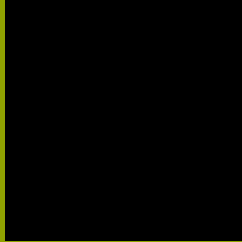
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 69.677, 109.919

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 69.677, 109.919.

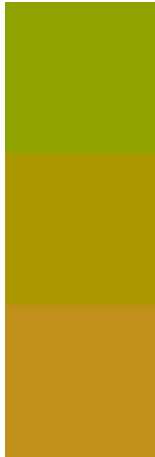


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 69.677, 109.919.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 69.677, 109.919

Protanopia
63, 66.815, 95.246

Deuteranopia
63, 62.835, 82.438



Tritanopia
63, 7.009, 306.449

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 69.677, 109.919

Protanomaly
63, 67.168, 100.883

Deuteranomaly
62, 63.681, 93.005

Tritanomaly
62, 28.104, 109.662

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 69.677, 109.919

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 32.699, 111.770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 69.677, 109.919 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 162, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 162, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 162, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 162, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 69.677, 109.919 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 162, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 162, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 162, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 162, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 162, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 162,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 69.677, 109.919 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 162, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
162, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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