

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 73.559, 47.378)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 73.559, 47.378) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 73.163, 47.481)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F86F39
RGB	248, 111, 57
RGB Percent	97%, 44%, 22%
CMY	0.0278, 0.5650, 0.7767
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.77, 0.03
HSL	17°, 93%, 60%
HSV	17°, 77%, 97%
XYZ	45.0920, 31.5869, 7.5820
YIQ	145.8070, 98.9860, 12.2500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

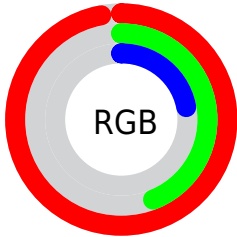
Format	Color
R _Y B	248, 132, 57
Decimal	16281401
CIE Lab	63.00, 49.45, 53.93
CIE LCh	63, 73.163, 47.481
Yxy	31.5869, 0.5351, 0.3749
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294471481 (0xFFFF86F39)
YUV	145.8070, -43.7819, 89.6233
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 44.8597, 31.3430

Details

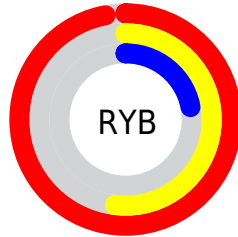
The CIELCh color **63, 73.163, 47.481** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **74, 41.332, 243.390**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 51.523, 58.166**, and **43, 72.939, 47.408** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 83.689, 47.323**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 61.959, 47.405**.

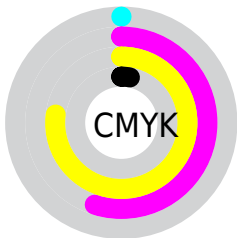
Distribution



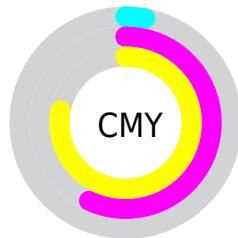
- Red (97%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 73.163, 47.481 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 73.163, 47.481 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

63, 73.163, 47.481

63, 73.163, 47.481

100, 73.163,
47.481

53, 73.163, 47.481

83, 73.163, 47.481

43, 73.163, 47.481

93, 73.163, 47.481

33, 73.163, 47.481

23, 73.163, 47.481

13, 73.163, 47.481

3, 73.163, 47.481

0, 73.163, 47.481

63, 73.163, 47.481

63, 73.163, 47.481

60, 83.689, 47.323

67, 61.959, 47.405

57, 91.941, 46.363

71, 50.924, 47.358

56, 94.028, 46.052

75, 40.419, 47.435

80, 30.581, 47.653

84, 21.444, 47.996

89, 12.986, 48.434

94, 5.157, 48.899

99, 2.039, 226.678

99, 2.458, 199.519

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 73.163, 47.481



74, 41.332, 243.390

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 73.163, 47.481



63, 73.163, 97.481



63, 73.163, 227.481



63, 73.163, 277.481

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 73.161, 47.484



88, 18.370, 48.162



59, 87.013, 339.457



45, 12.899, 48.012



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 73.161, 47.484



60, 90.210, 46.973



84, 73.515, 88.393



50, 4.235, 48.792



43, 76.126, 46.579



12, 27.553, 42.019

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 41.332, 243.390



72, 46.245, 249.930



48, 85.232, 294.818



50, 4.015, 230.164



53, 38.068, 252.913



16, 16.462, 245.729

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 73.163, 47.481 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 73.163, 47.481 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 73.163, 47.481

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 73.163, 47.481.

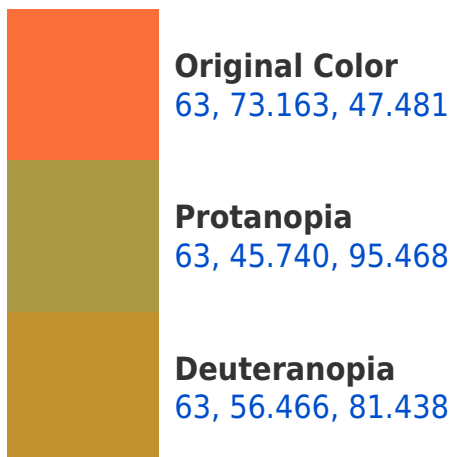


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 73.163, 47.481.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 61.122, 23.730

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 73.163, 47.481

Protanomaly
62, 49.713, 71.479

Deuteranomaly
63, 59.417, 66.403

Tritanomaly
63, 64.150, 33.738

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 73.163, 47.481

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 24.393, 46.886

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 73.163, 47.481 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 111, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 111, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 111, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 111, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 73.163, 47.481 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 111, 57) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 111, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 111, 57)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 111, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 111, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 111,  
57) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 73.163, 47.481 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 111, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
111, 57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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