

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 8.542, 112.924)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 8.542, 112.924) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 8.941, 114.299)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	989A8A
RGB	152, 154, 138
RGB Percent	60%, 60%, 54%
CMY	0.4042, 0.3964, 0.4591
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.10, 0.40
HSL	68°, 7%, 57%
HSV	68°, 10%, 60%
XYZ	29.0597, 31.5869, 28.5818
YIQ	151.5780, 3.9440, -5.4000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

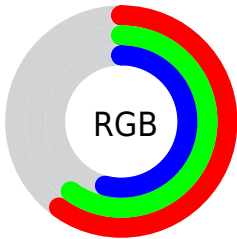
Format	Color
RYB	138, 154, 140
Decimal	10001034
CIELab	63.00, -3.68, 8.15
CIELCh	63, 8.941, 114.299
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3257, 0.3540
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288191114 (0xFF989A8A)
YUV	151.5780, -6.6940, 0.3701
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -6.0593, 9.1895

Details

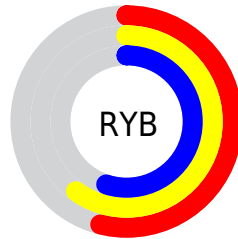
The CIELCh color $63, 8.941, 114.299$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 9.151, 295.930$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 8.982, 114.158$, and $43, 9.011, 114.365$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 17.499, 113.539$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 0.333, 115.021$.

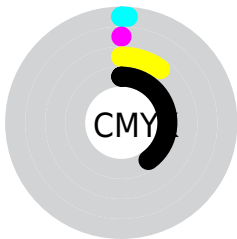
Distribution



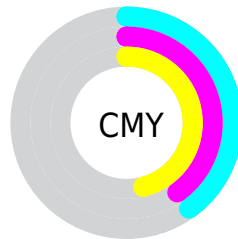
- Red (60%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 8.941, 114.299 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 8.941, 114.299 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 8.941, 114.299

■ 63, 8.941, 114.299

■ 100, 8.941,
114.299

■ 53, 8.941, 114.299

■ 83, 8.941, 114.299

■ 43, 8.941, 114.299

■ 93, 8.941, 114.299

■ 33, 8.941, 114.299

■ 23, 8.941, 114.299

■ 13, 8.941, 114.299

■ 3, 8.941, 114.299

■ 0, 8.941, 114.299

■ 63, 8.941, 114.299

■ 63, 8.941, 114.299

■ 62, 17.499,

■ 64, 0.333, 115.021

113.539

64, 8.290, 295.796

62, 25.940,
112.774

65, 16.896,
296.497

62, 34.175,
112.030

65, 25.465,
297.166

61, 42.067,
111.338

66, 33.979,
297.798

61, 49.408,
110.738

67, 42.429,
298.393

61, 55.906,
110.285

68, 50.803,
298.951

60, 61.189,
110.045

68, 55.846,
299.500

60, 64.888,
110.087

69, 55.878,
300.081

60, 67.185,
110.349

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 8.941, 114.299



58, 9.151, 295.930

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 8.941, 114.299



63, 8.941, 164.299



63, 8.941, 294.299



63, 8.941, 344.299

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 8.943, 114.306



80, 3.177, 114.858



59, 5.736, 30.428



42, 2.403, 114.801



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 8.943, 114.306



79, 12.718, 114.166



62, 9.767, 132.621



32, 4.839, 114.395



55, 62.761, 110.290



3, 5.258, 115.556

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 9.151, 295.930



72, 13.062, 296.092



59, 9.875, 313.448



30, 4.940, 295.829



16, 84.994, 306.852



0, 5.254, 295.009

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 8.941, 114.299 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

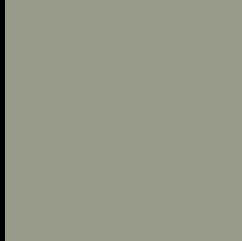
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 8.941, 114.299 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

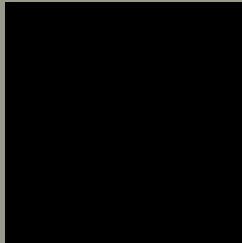
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

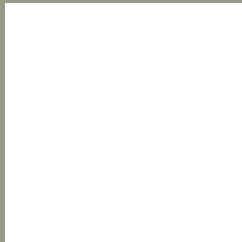
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 8.941, 114.299

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 8.941, 114.299.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 8.941, 114.299.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 8.941, 114.299

Protanopia

63, 8.805, 90.616

Deuteranopia

63, 11.098, 43.794



Tritanopia
63, 7.009, 306.449

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 8.941, 114.299

Protanomaly
63, 8.977, 101.502

Deuteranomaly
63, 8.610, 64.952

Tritanomaly
63, 1.622, 335.621

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 8.941, 114.299

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 3.367, 116.433

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 8.941, 114.299 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 154, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 154, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 154, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 154, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 8.941, 114.299 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 154, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 154, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 154, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 154, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 154, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 154,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 8.941, 114.299 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 154, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
154, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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