

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 8.576, 200.169)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 8.576, 200.169) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 8.480, 198.692)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	869D9D
RGB	134, 157, 157
RGB Percent	53%, 62%, 62%
CMY	0.4748, 0.3846, 0.3846
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	180°, 10%, 57%
HSV	180°, 15%, 62%
XYZ	27.9475, 31.5869, 36.4928
YIQ	150.1230, -13.7080, -4.8760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

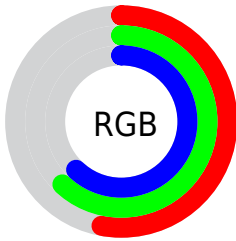
Format	Color
RYB	134, 146, 157
Decimal	8822173
CIELab	63.00, -8.03, -2.72
CIElCh	63, 8.480, 198.692
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2910, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287012253 (0xFF869D9D)
YUV	150.1230, 3.3904, -14.1399
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -9.5919, 0.8438

Details

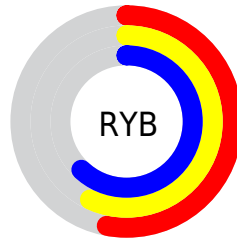
The CIELCh color **63, 8.480, 198.692** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **58, 9.298, 20.320**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 8.779, 198.834**, and **43, 8.572, 198.420** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 13.833, 198.186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 2.762, 199.312**.

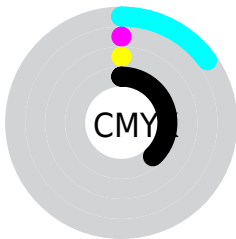
Distribution



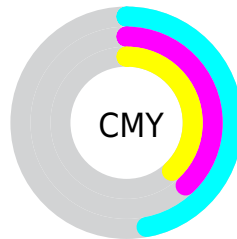
- Red (53%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 8.480, 198.692 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 8.480, 198.692 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 8.480, 198.692

■ 63, 8.480, 198.692

■ 100, 8.480,
198.692

■ 53, 8.480, 198.692

■ 83, 8.480, 198.692

■ 43, 8.480, 198.692

■ 93, 8.480, 198.692

■ 33, 8.480, 198.692

■ 23, 8.480, 198.692

■ 13, 8.480, 198.692

■ 3, 8.480, 198.692

■ 0, 8.480, 198.692

■ 63, 8.480, 198.692

■ 63, 8.480, 198.692

■ 62, 13.833,

■ 64, 2.762, 199.312

198.186

65, 3.237, 19.553

61, 18.725,
197.749

67, 9.438, 20.222

60, 23.067,
197.370

68, 15.775, 20.836

60, 26.776,
197.052

70, 22.192, 21.450

59, 29.790,
196.797

72, 28.644, 22.068

59, 32.074,
196.606

73, 35.098, 22.685

59, 33.635,
196.475

75, 39.692, 23.123

59, 34.527,
196.401

59, 34.873,
196.372

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 8.480, 198.692



58, 9.298, 20.320

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 8.480, 198.692



63, 8.480, 248.692



63, 8.480, 18.692



63, 8.480, 68.692

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 8.481, 198.683



81, 2.942, 199.367



62, 15.665, 143.153



43, 2.083, 199.301



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 8.481, 198.683



79, 12.760, 198.492



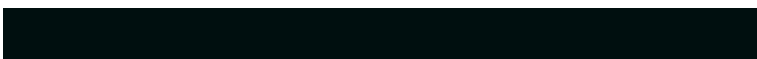
60, 7.563, 255.551



33, 3.339, 198.988



54, 32.546, 196.372



3, 4.473, 199.412

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 9.298, 20.320



72, 14.342, 20.634



61, 7.872, 71.833



31, 3.535, 19.892



29, 67.089, 39.157



1, 4.473, 19.397

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 8.480, 198.692 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

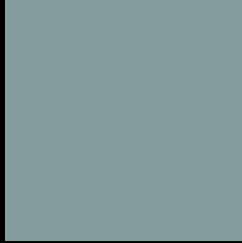
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 8.480, 198.692 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

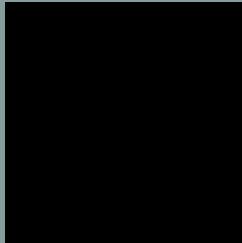
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

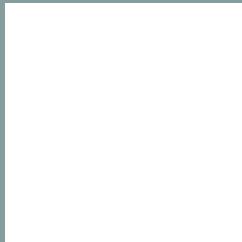
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 8.480, 198.692

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 8.480, 198.692.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 8.480, 198.692.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

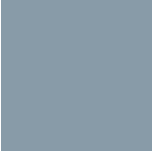
63, 8.480, 198.692

Protanopia

63, 2.053, 324.443

Deuteranopia

63, 8.720, 335.424



Tritanopia
63, 9.818, 247.010

Trichromacy



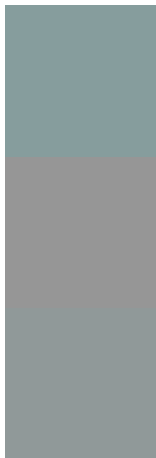
Original Color
63, 8.480, 198.692

Protanomaly
63, 2.516, 225.835

Deuteranomaly
63, 4.007, 301.509

Tritanomaly
63, 8.714, 229.876

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 8.480, 198.692

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 3.409, 199.222

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 8.480, 198.692 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 157, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 157, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 157, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 157, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 8.480, 198.692 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 157, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 157, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 157, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 157, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 157, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 157,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 8.480, 198.692 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 157, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
157, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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