

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 85.249, 136.886)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 85.249, 136.886)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 84.986, 136.887)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	20B01E
RGB	32, 176, 30
RGB Percent	13%, 69%, 12%
CMY	0.8757, 0.3084, 0.8806
CMYK	0.82, 0.00, 0.83, 0.31
HSL	119°, 71%, 41%
HSV	119°, 83%, 69%
XYZ	16.4209, 31.5869, 6.4897
YIQ	116.3000, -38.9580, -75.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

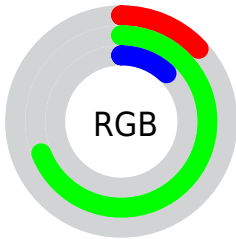
Format	Color
RYB	30, 176, 174
Decimal	2142238
CIELab	63.00, -62.04, 58.08
CIELCh	63, 84.986, 136.887
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3013, 0.5796
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280332318 (0xFF20B01E)
YUV	116.3000, -42.5459, -73.9311
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -46.2008, 32.4953

Details

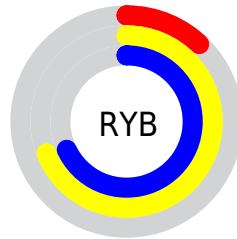
The CIELCh color **63, 84.986, 136.887** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **43, 82.810, 327.746**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 85.024, 136.710**, and **44, 69.413, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 88.994, 136.277**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 78.673, 137.795**.

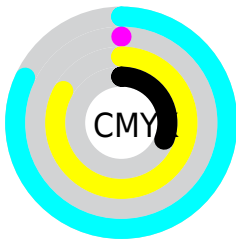
Distribution



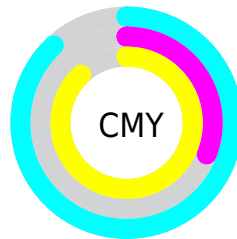
- Red (13%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 84.986, 136.887 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 84.986, 136.887 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 84.986,
136.887

 63, 84.986,
136.887

 100, 84.986,
136.887

 53, 84.986,
136.887


 83, 84.986,
136.887

 43, 84.986,
136.887

 93, 84.986,
136.887

 33, 84.986,
136.887

 23, 84.986,
136.887

 13, 84.986,
136.887

 3, 84.986, 136.887

 0, 84.986, 136.887

■ 63, 84.986,
136.887

■ 63, 84.986,
136.887

■ 63, 88.994,
136.277

■ 63, 78.673,
137.795

■ 63, 90.785,
135.978

■ 64, 70.427,
138.862

■ 65, 60.718,
139.959

■ 66, 49.984,
141.000

■ 67, 38.597,
141.940

■ 68, 26.855,
142.765

■ 70, 14.994,
143.479

■ 71, 3.190, 144.139

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 84.986, 136.887



43, 82.810, 327.746

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 84.986, 136.887



63, 84.986, 186.887



63, 84.986, 316.887



63, 84.986, 6.887

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 84.986, 136.888



86, 36.589, 142.553



69, 67.785, 102.400



45, 24.924, 142.273



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 84.986, 136.888



80, 110.350, 136.020



64, 60.809, 152.089



37, 6.721, 143.701



55, 81.753, 135.971



6, 16.225, 144.268

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 82.810, 327.746



54, 106.577, 327.886



40, 61.368, 354.468



35, 6.733, 324.692



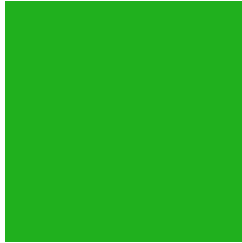
36, 78.954, 327.898



3, 16.193, 324.088

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 84.986, 136.887 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 84.986, 136.887 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

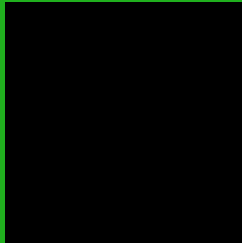
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 84.986, 136.887

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 84.986, 136.887.

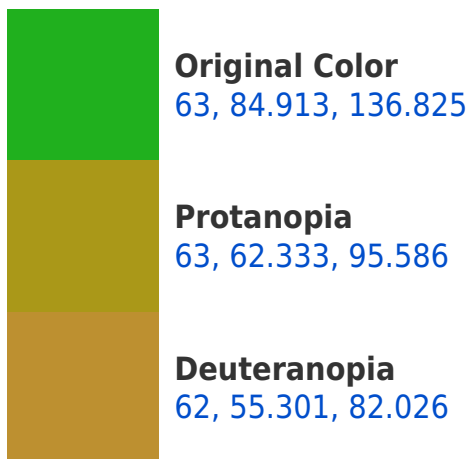



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 84.986, 136.887.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 26.468, 213.490

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 84.913, 136.825



Protanomaly
61, 67.181, 118.784



Deuteranomaly
61, 58.774, 114.333



Tritanomaly
62, 43.446, 161.361

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 84.913, 136.825



Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
53, 37.052, 141.684

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 84.986, 136.887 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 176, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 176, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 176, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 176, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 84.986, 136.887 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 176, 30) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 176, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 176, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 176, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 176, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 176,  
30) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 84.986, 136.887 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 176, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 176,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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