

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 88.876, 54.016)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 88.876, 54.016) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 88.761, 53.802)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE6B00
RGB	254, 107, 0
RGB Percent	100%, 42%, 0%
CMY	0.0039, 0.5803, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 1.00, 0.00
HSL	25°, 100%, 50%
HSV	25°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	46.1316, 31.5869, 3.6655
YIQ	138.7550, 121.9590, -2.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

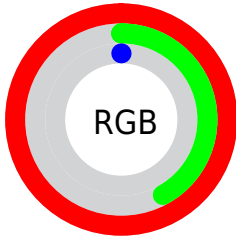
Format	Color
R _Y B	254, 185, 0
Decimal	16673536
CIE Lab	63.00, 52.42, 71.63
CIE LCh	63, 88.761, 53.802
Yxy	31.5869, 0.5668, 0.3881
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294863616 (0xFFFE6B00)
YUV	138.7550, -68.4062, 101.0699
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 48.1615, 35.4747

Details

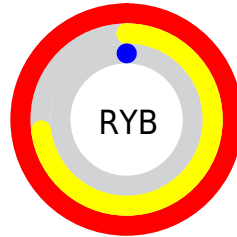
The CIELCh color **63, 88.761, 53.802** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6600**. The color can be described as dark saturated orange. A complement of this color would be **60, 62.384, 276.232**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 66.248, 65.909**, and **43, 76.521, 46.239** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 88.760, 53.804**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 82.403, 56.255**.

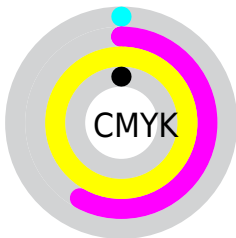
Distribution



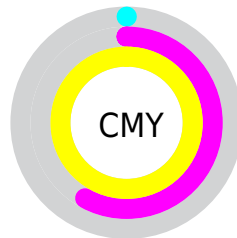
- Red (100%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 88.761, 53.802 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 88.761, 53.802 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 88.761, 53.802

 63, 88.761, 53.802

 100, 88.761,
53.802

 53, 88.761, 53.802

 83, 88.761, 53.802

 43, 88.761, 53.802

 93, 88.761, 53.802

 33, 88.761, 53.802

 23, 88.761, 53.802

 13, 88.761, 53.802

 3, 88.761, 53.802

 0, 88.761, 53.802

 63, 88.761, 53.802

 63, 88.761, 53.802

 63, 88.760, 53.804

 66, 82.403, 56.255

69, 73.662, 57.939

72, 63.608, 59.142

76, 53.263, 60.169

79, 43.145, 61.159

83, 33.477, 62.166

87, 24.337, 63.199

91, 15.730, 64.253

95, 7.629, 65.299

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 88.761, 53.802



60, 62.384, 276.232

Rectangle

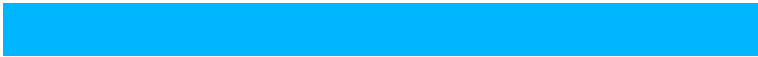
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 88.761, 53.802



63, 88.761, 103.802



63, 88.761, 233.802



63, 88.761, 283.802

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 88.758, 53.804



87, 24.418, 63.198



55, 86.246, 355.069



45, 16.879, 62.759



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 88.758, 53.804



63, 89.030, 53.795



91, 90.945, 97.109



51, 4.346, 65.349



48, 71.326, 54.489



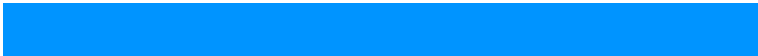
15, 27.304, 54.170

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 62.384, 276.232



60, 62.583, 276.245



33, 129.651, 305.496



51, 4.198, 247.643



46, 49.656, 275.316



14, 20.630, 268.222

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 88.761, 53.802 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 88.761, 53.802 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 88.761, 53.802

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 88.761, 53.802.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 88.761, 53.802.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 88.761, 53.802

Protanopia

63, 62.754, 95.212

Deuteranopia

63, 67.996, 83.464



Tritanopia
63, 65.155, 25.080

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 88.761, 53.802

Protanomaly
62, 67.038, 75.450

Deuteranomaly
62, 72.744, 69.892

Tritanomaly
63, 74.181, 40.985

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 88.761, 53.802

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 33.702, 60.932

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 88.761, 53.802 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 107, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 107, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 107, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 107, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 88.761, 53.802 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 107, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 107, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 107, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 107, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 107, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 107,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 88.761, 53.802 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 107, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
107, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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