

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 9.694, 343.121)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 9.694, 343.121) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 9.882, 341.965)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7939E
RGB	167, 147, 158
RGB Percent	65%, 58%, 62%
CMY	0.3448, 0.4232, 0.3801
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.05, 0.34
HSL	327°, 10%, 62%
HSV	327°, 12%, 66%
XYZ	32.5770, 31.5869, 36.7628
YIQ	154.2340, 8.3890, 7.6610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

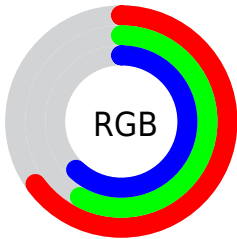
Format	Color
R_{YB}	167, 147, 158
Decimal	10982302
CIE Lab	63.00, 9.40, -3.06
CIE LCh	63, 9.882, 341.965
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3228, 0.3130
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289172382 (0xFFA7939E)
YUV	154.2340, 1.8566, 11.1958
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 5.1116, 0.5590

Details

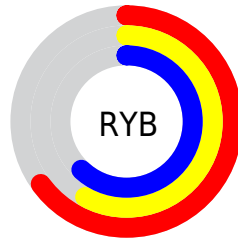
The CIELCh color $63, 9.882, 341.965$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $67, 9.761, 160.135$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 9.964, 340.691$, and $43, 10.284, 340.850$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 18.285, 342.857$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68, 1.611, 340.996$.

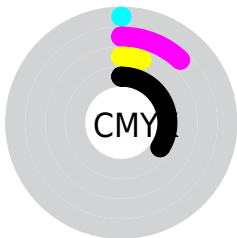
Distribution



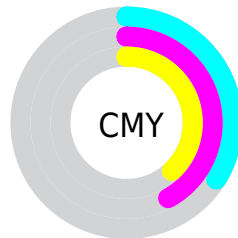
- Red (65%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 9.882, 341.965 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 9.882, 341.965 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

63, 9.882, 341.965

63, 9.882, 341.965

100, 9.882,
341.965

53, 9.882, 341.965

83, 9.882, 341.965

43, 9.882, 341.965

93, 9.882, 341.965

33, 9.882, 341.965

23, 9.882, 341.965

13, 9.882, 341.965

3, 9.882, 341.965

0, 9.882, 341.965

63, 9.882, 341.965

63, 9.882, 341.965

59, 18.285,

68, 1.611, 340.996

342.857

72, 6.448, 160.529

54, 26.702,
343.833

77, 14.262,
159.825

50, 34.936,
344.929

82, 21.817,
159.191

46, 42.707,
346.188

87, 29.113,
158.605

43, 49.650,
347.670

91, 36.160,
158.060

40, 55.348,
349.460

94, 37.881,
160.128

38, 59.419,
351.676

94, 35.372,
164.846

37, 61.657,
354.454

94, 33.093,
170.217

36, 62.547,
357.039

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 9.882, 341.965



67, 9.761, 160.135

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 9.882, 341.965



63, 9.882, 31.965



63, 9.882, 161.965



63, 9.882, 211.965

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 9.880, 341.968



84, 4.048, 341.266



62, 11.764, 307.859



45, 2.902, 341.339



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 9.880, 341.968



79, 14.314, 342.166



63, 7.912, 16.096



33, 4.686, 341.738



32, 57.272, 356.636



2, 8.038, 345.018

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 9.880, 341.968



79, 14.314, 342.166



67, 7.393, 194.529



33, 4.686, 341.738



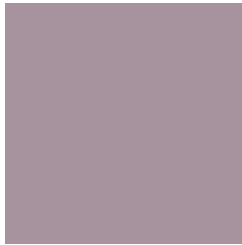
32, 57.272, 356.636



2, 8.038, 345.018

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 9.882, 341.965 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 9.882, 341.965 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

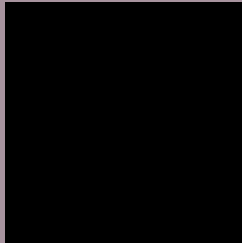
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 9.882, 341.965

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 9.882, 341.965.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 9.882, 341.965.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 9.882, 341.965

Protanopia

63, 5.057, 294.993

Deuteranopia

63, 8.630, 339.925



Tritanopia
63, 10.230, 339.499

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 9.882, 341.965

Protanomaly
63, 6.403, 319.053

Deuteranomaly
63, 8.928, 341.585

Tritanomaly
63, 10.230, 339.499

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 9.882, 341.965

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 3.826, 343.965

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 9.882, 341.965 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 147, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 147, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 147, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 147, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 9.882, 341.965 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

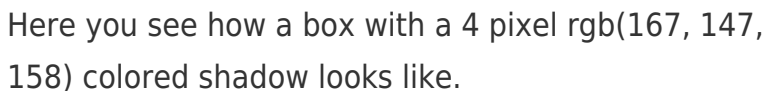
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 147, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 147, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 147, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 147, 158); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 147, 158); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 147, 158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 9.882, 341.965 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 147, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
147, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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