

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 91.044, 324.790)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 91.044, 324.790)
contains.

CIELCh(63, 90.838, 324.744)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(63, 90.838, 324.744)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E95BF7
RGB	233, 91, 247
RGB Percent	91%, 36%, 97%
CMY	0.0856, 0.6425, 0.0307
CMYK	0.06, 0.63, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	295°, 91%, 66%
HSV	295°, 63%, 97%
XYZ	54.2264, 31.5869, 91.3652
YIQ	151.2420, 34.5560, 78.6200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

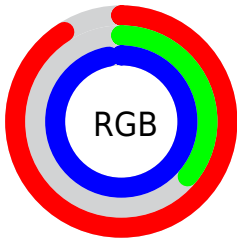
Format	Color
R_{YB}	233, 91, 247
Decimal	15293431
CIE _{Lab}	63.00, 74.18, -52.43
CIE _{LCh}	63, 90.838, 324.744
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3061, 0.1783
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293483511 (0xFFE95BF7)
YUV	151.2420, 47.2087, 71.7018
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 73.8709, -57.0433

Details

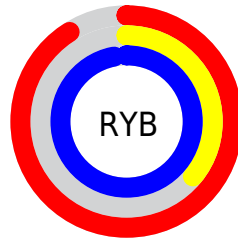
The CIELCh color **63, 90.838, 324.744** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66FF**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **87, 90.959, 137.285**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 65.623, 326.671**, and **43, 90.928, 324.791** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 100.762, 324.923**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 78.697, 324.448**.

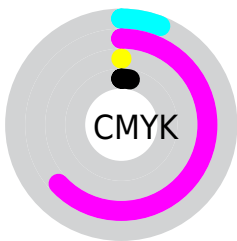
Distribution



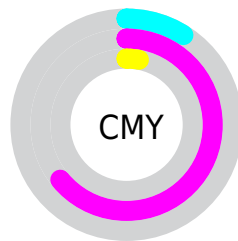
- Red (91%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (3%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 90.838, 324.744 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 90.838, 324.744 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 90.838,
324.744


 63, 90.838,
324.744

 100, 90.838,
324.744


 53, 90.838,
324.744


 83, 90.838,
324.744

 43, 90.838,
324.744

 93, 90.838,
324.744

 33, 90.838,
324.744

 23, 90.838,
324.744

 13, 90.838,
324.744

 3, 90.838, 324.744

 0, 90.838, 324.744

63, 90.838,
324.744

63, 90.838,
324.744

60, 100.762,
324.923

67, 78.697,
324.448

57, 107.929,
324.960

72, 64.991,
324.065

55, 112.089,
324.841

77, 50.315,
323.620

55, 113.534,
324.683

83, 35.153,
323.139

89, 19.862,
322.638

95, 4.685, 322.097

99, 4.570, 138.883

100, 4.236,
129.745

100, 4.027,
119.315

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 90.838, 324.744



87, 90.959, 137.285

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 90.838, 324.744



63, 90.838, 14.744



63, 90.838, 144.744



63, 90.838, 194.744

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 90.836, 324.744



88, 29.603, 322.937



51, 80.936, 296.859



45, 20.392, 323.079



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 90.836, 324.744



61, 105.701, 324.950



62, 70.735, 345.072



48, 8.521, 322.452



41, 91.755, 324.743



10, 40.753, 325.196

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 65.341, 22.204



57, 80.727, 26.905



88, 69.683, 151.571



48, 5.106, 12.699



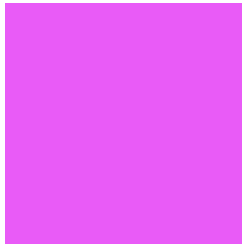
39, 78.778, 36.378



8, 30.491, 21.384

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 90.838, 324.744 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

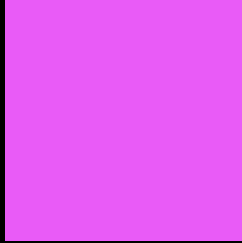
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 90.838, 324.744 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

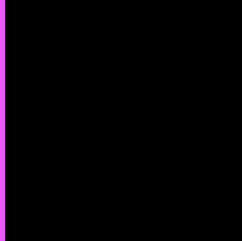
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 90.838, 324.744

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 90.838, 324.744.

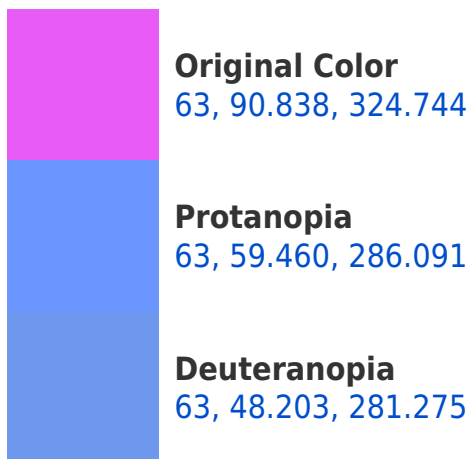


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 90.838, 324.744.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 38.951, 16.684

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 90.838, 324.744



Protanomaly
61, 69.968, 302.754



Deuteranomaly
61, 62.857, 302.781

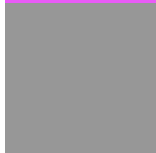


Tritanomaly
62, 52.076, 345.500

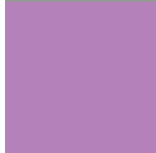
Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 90.838, 324.744



Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
61, 37.015, 323.538

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 90.838, 324.744 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 91, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 91, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 91, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 91, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 90.838, 324.744 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 91, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 91, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 91, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 91, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 91, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 91,  
247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 90.838, 324.744 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 91, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233, 91,  
247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor