

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 10.934, 20.415)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 10.934, 20.415) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 10.721, 20.396)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | B09595 |
| RGB | 176, 149, 149 |
| RGB Percent | 69%, 58%, 58% |
| CMY | 0.3106, 0.4164, 0.4165 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.15, 0.15, 0.31 |
| HSL | 0°, 15%, 64% |
| HSV | 0°, 15%, 69% |
| XYZ | 33.9829, 32.8017, 32.8909 |
| YIQ | 157.0730, 16.0920, 5.7240 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

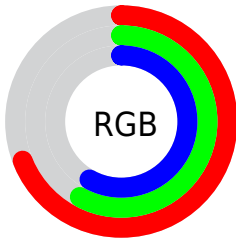
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 176, 149, 149 |
| Decimal | 11572629 |
| CIELab | 64.00, 10.05, 3.74 |
| CIElCh | 64, 10.721, 20.396 |
| Yxy | 32.8017, 0.3409, 0.3291 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289762709 (0xFFB09595) |
| YUV | 157.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990 |
| Hunter-Lab | 57.2727, 5.6859, 6.0415 |

Details

The CIELCh color $64, 10.721, 20.396$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $70, 9.723, 198.657$, and the grayscale version is $65, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84, 10.825, 20.181$, and $44, 10.778, 20.780$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 18.394, 21.348$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69, 3.595, 19.597$.

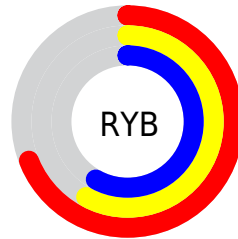
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (58%)

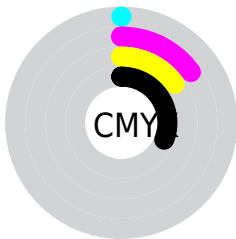
Blue (58%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (58%)

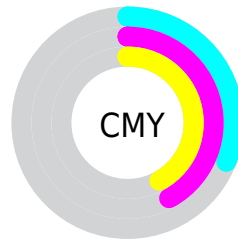


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 10.721, 20.396 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 10.721, 20.396 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 10.721, 20.396

 64, 10.721, 20.396

 100, 10.721,
20.396

 54, 10.721, 20.396

 84, 10.721, 20.396

 44, 10.721, 20.396

 94, 10.721, 20.396

 34, 10.721, 20.396

 24, 10.721, 20.396

 14, 10.721, 20.396

 4, 10.721, 20.396

 0, 10.721, 20.396

 64, 10.721, 20.396

 64, 10.721, 20.396

 59, 18.394, 21.348

 69, 3.595, 19.597

■ 54, 26.603, 22.558

■ 74, 2.999, 199.345

■ 50, 35.275, 24.131

■ 79, 9.103, 198.790

■ 46, 44.258, 26.173

■ 85, 14.767,
198.416

■ 43, 53.319, 28.783

■ 90, 20.039,
198.122

■ 40, 62.129, 31.973

■ 38, 70.184, 35.507

■ 95, 24.967,
197.885

■ 37, 76.437, 38.607

■ 95, 25.166,
197.866

■ 36, 79.058, 39.952

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 10.721, 20.396



70, 9.723, 198.657

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 10.721, 20.396



64, 10.721, 70.396



64, 10.721, 200.396



64, 10.721, 250.396

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 10.720, 20.405



88, 4.166, 19.573



65, 18.127, 325.259



46, 2.847, 19.634



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 10.720, 20.405



80, 15.789, 20.662



68, 9.153, 73.530



34, 3.817, 19.918



31, 69.981, 39.448



2, 7.801, 19.413

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 9.723, 198.657



88, 14.034, 198.504



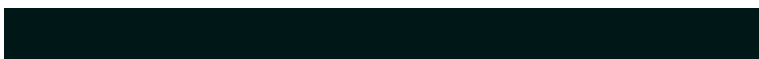
66, 8.807, 257.527



36, 3.603, 198.999



56, 33.802, 196.403



6, 7.800, 199.436

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 10.721, 20.396 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

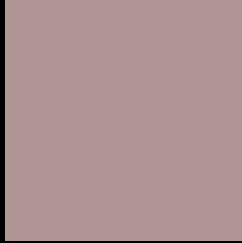
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 10.721, 20.396 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

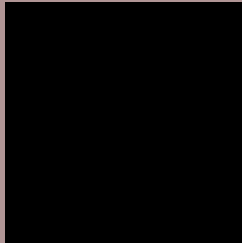
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 10.721, 20.396

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 10.721, 20.396.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 10.721, 20.396.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64, 10.721, 20.396

Protanopia

64, 2.262, 66.686

Deuteranopia

64, 9.128, 23.690



Tritanopia
64, 13.411, 350.974

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 10.721, 20.396

Protanomaly
64, 4.818, 33.036

Deuteranomaly
64, 9.533, 23.582

Tritanomaly
64, 11.998, 1.733

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 10.721, 20.396

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 3.880, 19.650

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 10.721, 20.396 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 149, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 149, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 149, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 149, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 10.721, 20.396 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 149, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 149, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 149, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 149, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 149, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 149,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 10.721, 20.396 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 149, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
149, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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