

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 11.494, 64.559)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 11.494, 64.559) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 11.392, 66.564)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB9889
RGB	171, 152, 137
RGB Percent	67%, 60%, 54%
CMY	0.3304, 0.4049, 0.4637
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.20, 0.33
HSL	26°, 17%, 60%
HSV	26°, 20%, 67%
XYZ	32.4222, 32.8017, 28.1958
YIQ	155.9710, 16.1390, -0.6370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

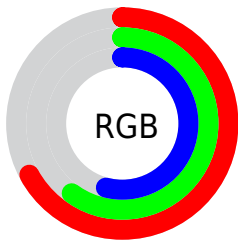
Format	Color
RYB	171, 164, 137
Decimal	11245705
CIELab	64.00, 4.53, 10.45
CIELCh	64, 11.392, 66.564
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3471, 0.3511
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289435785 (0xFFAB9889)
YUV	155.9710, -9.3527, 13.1804
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, 0.8218, 10.9020

Details

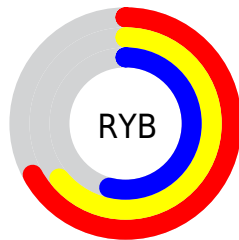
The CIELCh color $64, 11.392, 66.564$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 10.612, 251.456$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84, 11.613, 65.928$, and $44, 11.328, 67.111$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 17.609, 65.485$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 5.513, 67.648$.

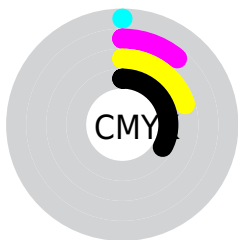
Distribution



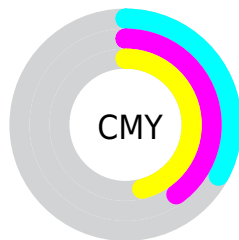
- Red (67%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 11.392, 66.564 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 11.392, 66.564 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64, 11.392, 66.564

■ 64, 11.392, 66.564

■ 100, 11.392,
66.564

■ 54, 11.392, 66.564

■ 84, 11.392, 66.564

■ 44, 11.392, 66.564

■ 94, 11.392, 66.564

■ 34, 11.392, 66.564

■ 24, 11.392, 66.564

■ 14, 11.392, 66.564

■ 4, 11.392, 66.564

■ 0, 11.392, 66.564

■ 64, 11.392, 66.564

■ 64, 11.392, 66.564

■ 61, 17.609, 65.485

■ 67, 5.513, 67.648

58, 24.181, 64.403

70, 0.057, 255.252

56, 31.103, 63.335

73, 5.347, 249.977

53, 38.325, 62.273

76, 10.388,
251.011

50, 45.707, 61.174

79, 15.210,
252.039

48, 52.931, 59.927

46, 59.372, 58.294

82, 19.838,
253.041

44, 64.686, 56.270

85, 23.803,
252.893

44, 64.740, 56.255

88, 22.360,
237.775

90, 22.538,
222.007

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 11.392, 66.564



63, 10.612, 251.456

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 11.392, 66.564



64, 11.392, 116.564



64, 11.392, 246.564



64, 11.392, 296.564

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 11.392, 66.575



86, 4.087, 68.026



61, 17.029, 341.811



46, 2.738, 67.967



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 11.392, 66.575



80, 17.215, 66.082



68, 17.329, 105.357



34, 3.107, 67.714



38, 58.069, 56.734



3, 5.421, 61.432

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 10.612, 251.456



79, 15.748, 252.187



59, 18.015, 289.672



34, 3.016, 249.982



35, 42.040, 276.747



3, 5.838, 257.236

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 11.392, 66.564 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 11.392, 66.564 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

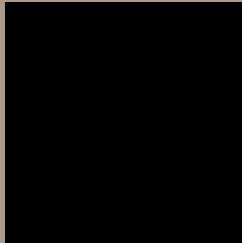
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 11.392, 66.564

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 11.392, 66.564.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 11.392, 66.564.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


64, 11.392, 66.564

Protanopia

64, 9.835, 92.520

Deuteranopia

64, 13.308, 50.154



Tritanopia
64, 12.068, 347.058

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 11.392, 66.564

Protanomaly
64, 9.927, 82.658

Deuteranomaly
64, 12.554, 55.040

Tritanomaly
64, 9.582, 10.318

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 11.392, 66.564

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 3.886, 65.030

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 11.392, 66.564 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 152, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 152, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 152, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 152, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 11.392, 66.564 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 152, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 152, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 152, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 152, 137); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 152, 137); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 152, 137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 11.392, 66.564 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 152, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
152, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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