

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 17.510, 325.240)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 17.510, 325.240)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 17.510, 325.240)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD93AD
RGB	173, 147, 173
RGB Percent	68%, 58%, 68%
CMY	0.3213, 0.4232, 0.3213
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	300°, 14%, 63%
HSV	300°, 15%, 68%
XYZ	35.2439, 32.8017, 44.0453
YIQ	157.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

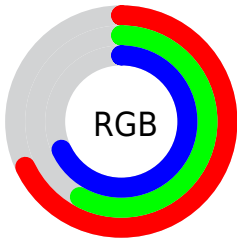
Format	Color
RYB	173, 147, 173
Decimal	11375533
CIELab	64.00, 14.39, -9.98
CIELCh	64, 17.510, 325.240
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3144, 0.2926
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289565613 (0xFFAD93AD)
YUV	157.7380, 7.5242, 13.3848
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, 9.6162, -5.5057

Details

The CIELCh color $64, 17.510, 325.240$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be $68, 17.490, 143.543$, and the grayscale version is $65, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84, 17.448, 326.075$, and $44, 17.786, 324.389$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 29.204, 325.781$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68, 5.823, 324.673$.

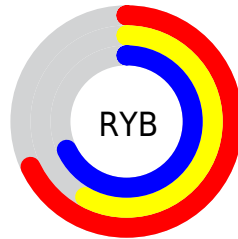
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (58%)

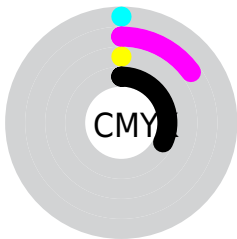
Blue (68%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (68%)

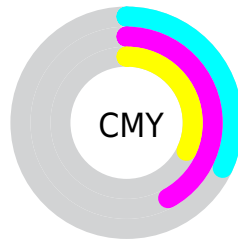


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)


Magenta (42%)


Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 17.510, 325.240 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 17.510, 325.240 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 17.510,
325.240


 64, 17.510,
325.240


 100, 17.510,
325.240


 54, 17.510,
325.240


 84, 17.510,
325.240

 44, 17.510,
325.240

 94, 17.510,
325.240

 34, 17.510,
325.240

 24, 17.510,
325.240

 14, 17.510,
325.240

 4, 17.510, 325.240

 0, 17.510, 325.240

64, 17.510,
325.240

64, 17.510,
325.240

60, 29.204,
325.781

68, 5.823, 324.673

56, 40.693,
326.300

73, 5.704, 144.219

52, 51.677,
326.785

78, 16.978,
143.671

49, 61.776,
327.221

82, 27.945,
143.163

46, 70.556,
327.590

87, 38.580,
142.682

44, 77.594,
327.879

92, 48.875,
142.228


42, 82.576,
328.080


93, 51.253,
142.125

41, 85.429,

93, 51.253,
142.125

328.194

 93, 51.253,
142.125

 41, 86.427,
328.233

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 17.510, 325.240



68, 17.490, 143.543

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 17.510, 325.240



64, 17.510, 15.240



64, 17.510, 145.240



64, 17.510, 195.240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 17.508, 325.240



87, 7.161, 324.677



62, 14.620, 291.778



45, 4.881, 324.719



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 17.508, 325.240



79, 25.939, 325.420



64, 12.381, 344.893



34, 6.590, 324.923



35, 77.960, 328.233



2, 13.856, 324.439

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 17.508, 325.240



79, 25.939, 325.420



69, 12.151, 162.409



34, 6.590, 324.923



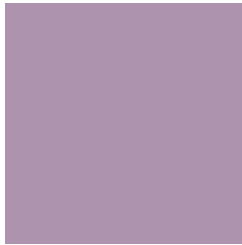
35, 77.960, 328.233



2, 13.856, 324.439

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 17.510, 325.240 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 17.510, 325.240 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

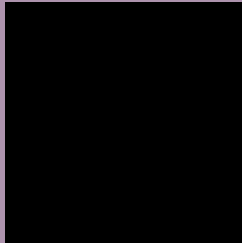
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 17.510, 325.240

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 17.510, 325.240.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 17.510, 325.240.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64, 17.510, 325.240

Protanopia

64, 13.410, 287.017

Deuteranopia

64, 12.469, 310.420



Tritanopia
64, 10.800, 342.277

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 17.510, 325.240

Protanomaly
64, 14.321, 303.377

Deuteranomaly
64, 13.708, 317.112

Tritanomaly
64, 13.198, 334.871

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 17.510, 325.240

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 6.098, 324.702

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 17.510, 325.240 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 147, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 147, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 147, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 147, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 17.510, 325.240 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 147, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 147, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 147, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 147, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 147, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 147,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 17.510, 325.240 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 147, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
147, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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