

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 18.091, 353.720)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 18.091, 353.720)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 17.973, 353.750)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9909F
RGB	185, 144, 159
RGB Percent	73%, 56%, 62%
CMY	0.2742, 0.4350, 0.3761
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.14, 0.27
HSL	338°, 23%, 65%
HSV	338°, 22%, 73%
XYZ	36.2784, 32.8017, 37.2571
YIQ	157.9690, 19.6210, 13.3570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

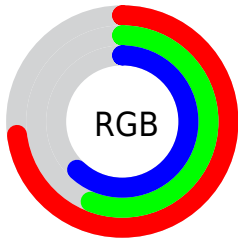
Format	Color
RYB	185, 144, 159
Decimal	12161183
CIELab	64.00, 17.87, -1.96
CIELCh	64, 17.973, 353.750
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3412, 0.3085
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290351263 (0xFFB9909F)
YUV	157.9690, 0.5083, 23.7062
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, 12.8405, 1.5216

Details

The CIELCh color $64, 17.973, 353.750$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $72, 17.101, 169.494$, and the grayscale version is $65, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84, 17.895, 352.888$, and $44, 18.133, 352.594$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 26.372, 355.006$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69, 9.710, 352.657$.

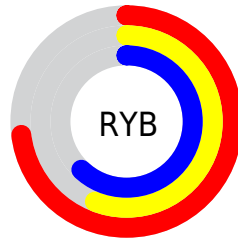
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (56%)

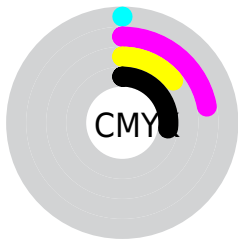
Blue (62%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (62%)

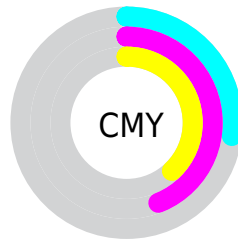


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)


Magenta (44%)


Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 17.973, 353.750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 17.973, 353.750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 17.973,
353.750


 64, 17.973,
353.750


 100, 17.973,
353.750


 54, 17.973,
353.750


 84, 17.973,
353.750

 44, 17.973,
353.750

 94, 17.973,
353.750

 34, 17.973,
353.750

 24, 17.973,
353.750

 14, 17.973,
353.750

 4, 17.973, 353.750

 0, 17.973, 353.750

64, 17.973,
353.750

64, 17.973,
353.750

59, 26.372,
355.006

69, 9.710, 352.657

74, 1.693, 351.504

55, 34.740,
356.480

79, 6.028, 170.989

51, 42.809,
358.258

84, 13.435,
170.194

47, 50.228, 0.450

90, 20.531,
169.498

44, 56.597, 3.205

95, 27.255,
168.950

41, 61.580, 6.695

40, 65.072, 11.075

95, 24.362,
180.963

39, 67.195, 14.978

96, 22.677,
195.386

■ 96, 22.534,
198.029

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 17.973, 353.750



72, 17.101, 169.494

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 17.973, 353.750



64, 17.973, 43.750



64, 17.973, 173.750



64, 17.973, 223.750

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 17.971, 353.753



90, 6.843, 352.135



63, 24.870, 314.522



47, 4.448, 352.197



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 17.971, 353.753



78, 27.200, 354.392



65, 14.727, 32.458



36, 4.476, 352.366



33, 58.960, 14.175



2, 11.466, 358.254

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 17.971, 353.753



78, 27.200, 354.392



71, 12.669, 212.188



36, 4.476, 352.366



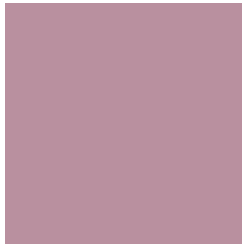
33, 58.960, 14.175



2, 11.466, 358.254

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 17.973, 353.750 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

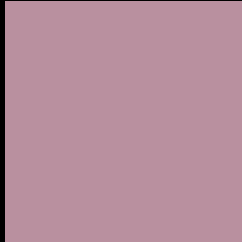
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 17.973, 353.750 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

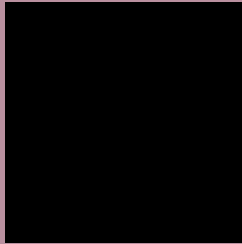
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 17.973, 353.750

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 17.973, 353.750.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 17.973, 353.750.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
64, 17.973, 353.750

Protanopia
64, 6.158, 294.315

Deuteranopia
64, 8.604, 349.092



Tritanopia
64, 16.811, 359.924

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 17.973, 353.750

Protanomaly
64, 9.510, 330.650

Deuteranomaly
64, 11.869, 352.699

Tritanomaly
64, 16.985, 358.155

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 17.973, 353.750

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 6.439, 354.453

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 17.973, 353.750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 144, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 144, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 144, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 144, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 17.973, 353.750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

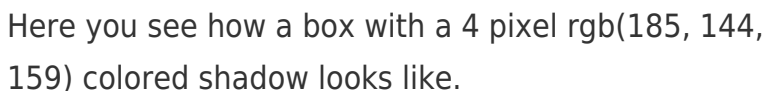
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 144, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 144, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 144, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 144, 159); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 144, 159); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 144, 159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 17.973, 353.750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 144, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
144, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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