

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 18.508, 296.496)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(64, 18.508, 296.496)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(64, 18.508, 296.496)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(64, 18.508, 296.496)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C98B9
RGB	156, 152, 185
RGB Percent	61%, 60%, 73%
CMY	0.3901, 0.4058, 0.2765
CMYK	0.16, 0.18, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	247°, 19%, 66%
HSV	247°, 18%, 72%
XYZ	33.4707, 32.8017, 50.1896
YIQ	156.9580, -8.2090, 11.1110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

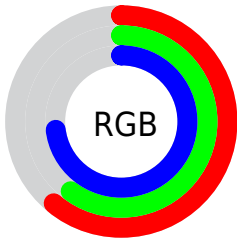
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	156, 152, 185
Decimal	10262713
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.00, 8.26, -16.56
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 18.508, 296.496
Yxy	32.8017, 0.2874, 0.2817
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288452793 (0xFF9C98B9)
YUV	156.9580, 13.8247, -0.8402
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, 4.0897, -11.8665

# Details

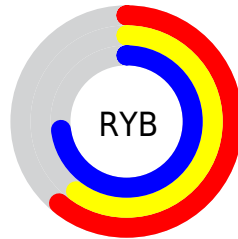
The CIELCh color  $64, 18.508, 296.496$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $9999CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $74, 17.787, 113.543$ , and the grayscale version is  $64, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $84, 18.593, 296.990$ , and  $44, 18.661, 296.159$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58, 29.442, 297.569$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $70, 7.998, 295.569$ .

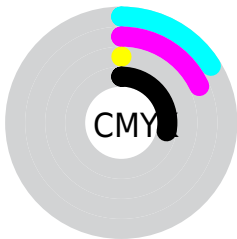
# Distribution



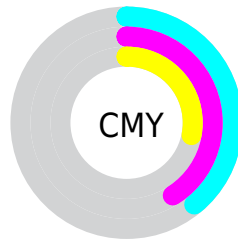
- Red (61%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 18.508, 296.496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 18.508, 296.496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 64, 18.508,  
296.496

■ 64, 18.508,  
296.496

■ 100, 18.508,  
296.496

■ 54, 18.508,  
296.496

■ 84, 18.508,  
296.496

■ 44, 18.508,  
296.496

■ 94, 18.508,  
296.496

■ 34, 18.508,  
296.496

■ 24, 18.508,  
296.496

■ 14, 18.508,  
296.496

■ 4, 18.508, 296.496

■ 0, 18.508, 296.496

64, 18.508,  
296.496

64, 18.508,  
296.496

58, 29.442,  
297.569

70, 7.998, 295.569

52, 40.812,  
298.805

76, 2.106, 114.764

46, 52.586,  
300.203

82, 11.832,  
114.089

40, 64.638,  
301.736

88, 21.205,  
113.506

34, 76.636,  
303.324

94, 30.250,  
113.004

29, 87.864,  
304.813

98, 35.444,  
108.835

25, 97.088,  
305.962

99, 35.430,  
107.478

23, 103.097,

306.583

■ 23, 104.207,  
306.720

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 18.508, 296.496



74, 17.787, 113.543

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 18.508, 296.496



64, 18.508, 346.496



64, 18.508, 116.496



64, 18.508, 166.496

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 18.506, 296.494



91, 6.252, 295.336



72, 10.472, 210.249



48, 4.268, 295.393



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 18.506, 296.494



79, 27.081, 296.850



65, 19.855, 313.786



36, 5.747, 295.695



18, 91.772, 306.782



1, 15.426, 293.799



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 20.221, 328.951



82, 29.410, 329.160



73, 19.504, 132.269



36, 6.358, 328.435



36, 72.748, 333.642



3, 16.632, 329.935



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 18.508, 296.496 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

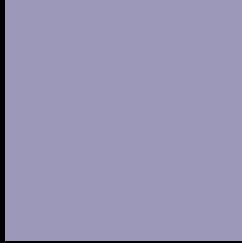
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 18.508, 296.496 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

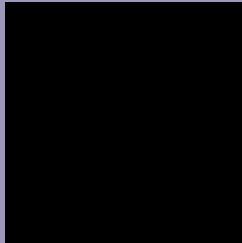
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 64, 18.508, 296.496**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 18.508, 296.496.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 18.508, 296.496.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64, 18.508, 296.496


### Protanopia

64, 17.919, 285.383

### Deuteranopia

64, 19.119, 297.479





**Tritanopia**  
64, 6.764, 281.473

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 18.508, 296.496

**Protanomaly**  
64, 17.860, 289.823

**Deuteranomaly**  
64, 19.119, 297.479

**Tritanomaly**  
64, 10.601, 289.346

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 18.508, 296.496

**Achromatopsia**  
64, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
64, 6.750, 297.235

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 18.508, 296.496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 152, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 152, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 152, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 152, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 18.508, 296.496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 152, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 152, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 152, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 152, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 152, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 152,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 18.508, 296.496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 152, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
152, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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