

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 19.543, 164.323)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 19.543, 164.323)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 19.334, 164.499)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79A491
RGB	121, 164, 145
RGB Percent	47%, 64%, 57%
CMY	0.5243, 0.3556, 0.4302
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.12, 0.36
HSL	153°, 19%, 56%
HSV	153°, 26%, 64%
XYZ	26.3917, 32.8017, 31.8501
YIQ	148.9770, -19.5290, -15.0250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

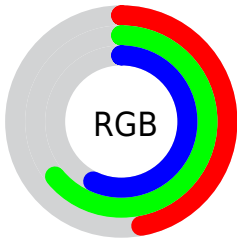
Format	Color
RYB	121, 149, 164
Decimal	7971985
CIELab	64.00, -18.63, 5.17
CIELCh	64, 19.334, 164.499
Yxy	32.8017, 0.2899, 0.3603
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286162065 (0xFF79A491)
YUV	148.9770, -1.9607, -24.5358
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, -17.9731, 7.1190

Details

The CIELCh color **64, 19.334, 164.499** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **56, 20.166, 349.376**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84, 19.279, 164.893**, and **44, 19.148, 165.070** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 26.439, 163.386**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 12.019, 165.506**.

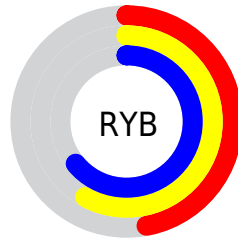
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (64%)

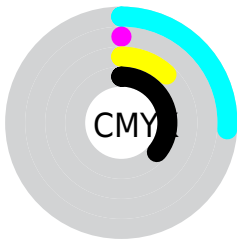
Blue (57%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (64%)

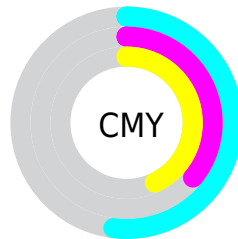


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 19.334, 164.499 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 19.334, 164.499 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 19.334,
164.499


 64, 19.334,
164.499

 100, 19.334,
164.499

 54, 19.334,
164.499

 84, 19.334,
164.499

 44, 19.334,
164.499

 94, 19.334,
164.499

 34, 19.334,
164.499

 24, 19.334,
164.499

 14, 19.334,
164.499

 4, 19.334, 164.499

 0, 19.334, 164.499

■ 64, 19.334,
164.499

■ 64, 19.334,
164.499

■ 63, 26.439,
163.386

■ 65, 12.019,
165.506

■ 62, 33.214,
162.145

■ 67, 4.595, 166.460

■ 61, 39.537,
160.752

■ 68, 2.847, 347.079

■ 70, 10.239,
347.937

■ 61, 45.297,
159.181

■ 71, 17.526,
348.662

■ 60, 50.409,
157.414

■ 73, 24.671,
349.332

■ 60, 54.830,
155.440


■ 75, 31.649,
349.959

■ 59, 58.597,
153.282

■ 77, 38.444,
350.550

■ 59, 59.966,

152.478

 78, 40.899,
346.490

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 19.334, 164.499



56, 20.166, 349.376

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 19.334, 164.499



64, 19.334, 214.499



64, 19.334, 344.499



64, 19.334, 34.499

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 19.335, 164.497



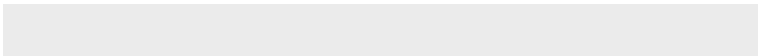
84, 7.385, 166.269



65, 25.524, 129.636



44, 5.239, 166.132



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 19.335, 164.497



81, 28.267, 163.911



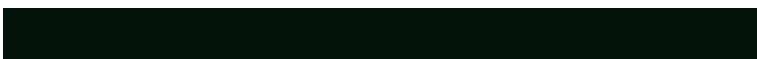
64, 14.411, 203.000



34, 4.185, 166.163



53, 54.536, 152.736



4, 6.772, 163.954

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 20.166, 349.376



68, 29.736, 350.003



56, 17.204, 25.300



32, 4.251, 347.648



30, 55.534, 6.573



1, 6.359, 349.389

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 19.334, 164.499 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 19.334, 164.499 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

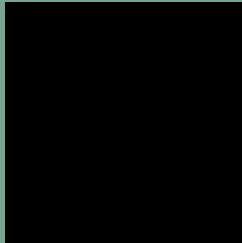
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 19.334, 164.499

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 19.334, 164.499.

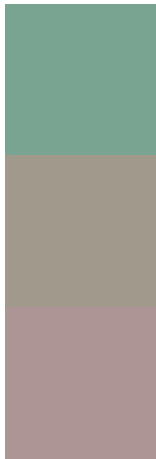


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 19.334, 164.499.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
64, 19.334, 164.499

Protanopia
64, 8.256, 89.506

Deuteranopia
64, 9.141, 23.695



Tritanopia
64, 13.351, 231.670

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 19.334, 164.499

Protanomaly
64, 9.910, 134.927

Deuteranomaly
64, 4.465, 114.694

Tritanomaly
64, 13.185, 200.728

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 19.334, 164.499

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 7.299, 166.326

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 19.334, 164.499 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 164, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 164, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 164, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 164, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 19.334, 164.499 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 164, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 164, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 164, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 164, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 164, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 164,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 19.334, 164.499 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 164, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
164, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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