

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 21.698, 325.675)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(64, 21.698, 325.675)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(64, 21.481, 325.408)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# **Color**

**CIELCh(64, 21.481, 325.408)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B191B1
RGB	177, 145, 177
RGB Percent	69%, 57%, 69%
CMY	0.3056, 0.4311, 0.3056
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	300°, 17%, 63%
HSV	300°, 18%, 69%
XYZ	36.2237, 32.8017, 46.0513
YIQ	158.2160, 8.8000, 16.7360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

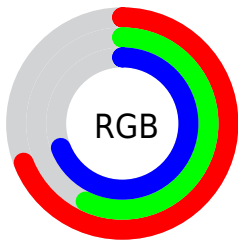
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	177, 145, 177
Decimal	11637169
CIELab	64.00, 17.68, -12.20
CIELCh	64, 21.481, 325.408
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3148, 0.2850
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289827249 (0xFFB191B1)
YUV	158.2160, 9.2605, 16.4736
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, 12.6697, -7.5823

# Details

The CIELCh color  $64, 21.481, 325.408$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $69, 21.461, 143.324$ , and the grayscale version is  $65, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $84, 21.658, 325.232$ , and  $44, 21.503, 325.699$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $60, 33.357, 325.944$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $68, 9.552, 324.854$ .

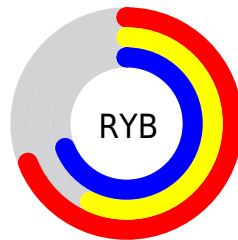
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (57%)

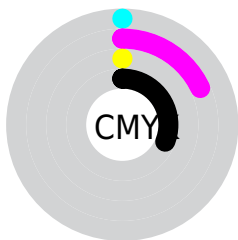
Blue (69%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (69%)

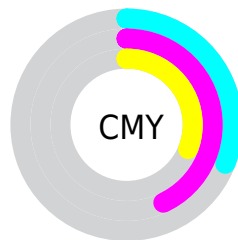


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 21.481, 325.408 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 21.481, 325.408 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 64, 21.481,  
325.408

 64, 21.481,  
325.408

 100, 21.481,  
325.408

 54, 21.481,  
325.408

 84, 21.481,  
325.408

 44, 21.481,  
325.408

 94, 21.481,  
325.408

 34, 21.481,  
325.408

 24, 21.481,  
325.408

 14, 21.481,  
325.408

 4, 21.481, 325.408

 0, 21.481, 325.408

64, 21.481,  
325.408

64, 21.481,  
325.408

60, 33.357,  
325.944

68, 9.552, 324.854

56, 44.938,  
326.455

73, 2.252, 144.445

52, 55.891,  
326.928

78, 13.824,  
143.830

49, 65.807,  
327.345

83, 25.095,  
143.313

46, 74.235,  
327.690

88, 36.033,  
142.823

44, 80.765,  
327.952

92, 46.625,  
142.360

43, 85.142,  
328.125


93, 48.790,  
142.267

42, 87.516,

93, 48.790,  
142.267

328.218

 93, 48.790,  
142.268

 42, 87.900,  
328.233

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 21.481, 325.408



69, 21.461, 143.324

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 21.481, 325.408



64, 21.481, 15.408



64, 21.481, 145.408



64, 21.481, 195.408

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 21.479, 325.408



88, 7.293, 324.678



61, 18.030, 292.156



46, 4.973, 324.719



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 21.479, 325.408



79, 32.304, 325.641



64, 15.222, 345.184



35, 6.751, 324.925



36, 78.926, 328.233



3, 16.262, 324.440



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 21.479, 325.408



79, 32.304, 325.641



70, 14.884, 162.118



35, 6.751, 324.925



36, 78.926, 328.233

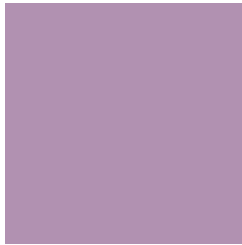


3, 16.262, 324.440



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 21.481, 325.408 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

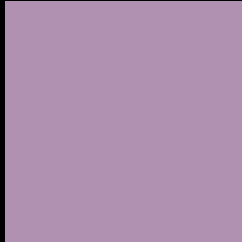
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 21.481, 325.408 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

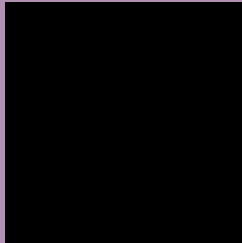
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 64, 21.481, 325.408

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 21.481, 325.408.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 21.481, 325.408.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64, 21.481, 325.408

### Protanopia

64, 16.205, 286.910

### Deuteranopia

64, 14.491, 306.224





**Tritanopia**  
64, 12.394, 348.107

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 21.481, 325.408

**Protanomaly**  
64, 17.123, 302.820

**Deuteranomaly**  
64, 16.543, 315.297

**Tritanomaly**  
64, 15.320, 337.324

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 21.481, 325.408

**Achromatopsia**  
65, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
65, 8.121, 324.805

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 21.481, 325.408 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 145, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 145, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 145, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 145, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 21.481, 325.408 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 145, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 145, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 145, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 145, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 145, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 145,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 21.481, 325.408 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 145, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
145, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor