

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 23.766, 8.560)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 23.766, 8.560) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 23.766, 8.560)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C68C96
RGB	198, 140, 150
RGB Percent	78%, 55%, 59%
CMY	0.2250, 0.4523, 0.4131
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.24, 0.22
HSL	350°, 34%, 66%
HSV	350°, 29%, 78%
XYZ	37.9958, 32.8017, 33.0374
YIQ	158.4820, 31.3580, 15.4060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

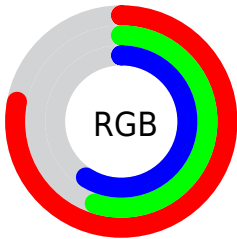
Format	Color
R_{YB}	198, 140, 150
Decimal	13012118
CIE _{Lab}	64.00, 23.50, 3.54
CIE _{LCh}	64, 23.766, 8.560
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3659, 0.3159
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291202198 (0xFFC68C96)
YUV	158.4820, -4.1816, 34.6573
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, 18.1929, 5.8899

Details

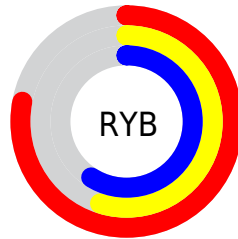
The CIELCh color $64, 23.766, 8.560$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $76, 20.829, 182.765$, and the grayscale version is $65, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84, 23.507, 8.528$, and $44, 23.916, 8.751$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 32.539, 10.145$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69, 15.275, 7.265$.

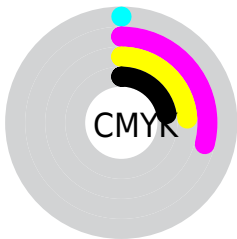
Distribution



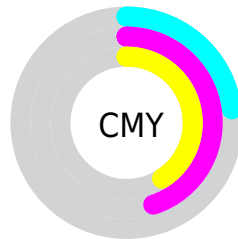
- Red (78%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 23.766, 8.560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 23.766, 8.560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 23.766, 8.560  64, 23.766, 8.560

 100, 23.766, 8.560  54, 23.766, 8.560

 84, 23.766, 8.560  44, 23.766, 8.560



 94, 23.766, 8.560  34, 23.766, 8.560

 24, 23.766, 8.560

 14, 23.766, 8.560

 4, 23.766, 8.560

 0, 23.766, 8.560

 64, 23.766, 8.560  64, 23.766, 8.560

 59, 32.539, 10.145  69, 15.275, 7.265

■ 54, 41.418, 12.112

■ 75, 7.175, 6.157

■ 50, 50.133, 14.592

■ 80, 0.495, 186.359

■ 47, 58.356, 17.732

■ 86, 7.730, 184.610

■ 44, 65.787, 21.656

■ 91, 14.550,
183.900

■ 42, 72.270, 26.359

■ 96, 19.528,
187.232

■ 41, 77.938, 31.403

■ 41, 78.316, 31.710

■ 96, 18.822,
198.262

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 23.766, 8.560



76, 20.829, 182.765

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 23.766, 8.560



64, 23.766, 58.560



64, 23.766, 188.560



64, 23.766, 238.560

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 23.764, 8.564



94, 8.505, 6.136



64, 36.365, 320.613



49, 5.934, 6.293



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 23.764, 8.564



77, 35.350, 9.505



68, 19.332, 51.651



39, 4.383, 6.162



34, 67.431, 30.909



3, 16.111, 10.541

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 23.764, 8.564



77, 35.350, 9.505



71, 16.322, 236.723



39, 4.383, 6.162



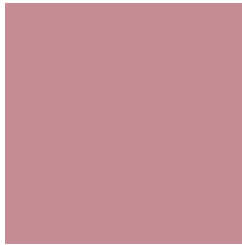
34, 67.431, 30.909



3, 16.111, 10.541

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 23.766, 8.560 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

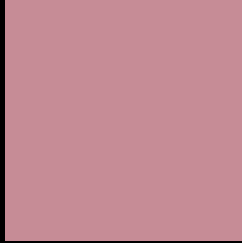
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 23.766, 8.560 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

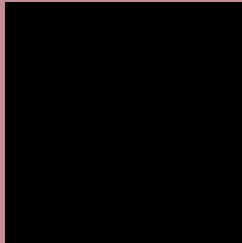
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 23.766, 8.560

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 23.766, 8.560.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 23.766, 8.560.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64, 23.766, 8.560

Protanopia

64, 1.852, 314.668

Deuteranopia

64, 9.202, 27.112



Tritanopia
64, 23.766, 8.560

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 23.766, 8.560

Protanomaly
64, 9.577, 359.975

Deuteranomaly
64, 14.433, 14.234

Tritanomaly
64, 23.766, 8.560

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 23.766, 8.560

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 8.494, 5.070

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 23.766, 8.560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 140, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 140, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 140, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 140, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 23.766, 8.560 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 140, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 140, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 140, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 140, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 140, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 140,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 23.766, 8.560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 140, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
140, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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