

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 29.176, 138.291)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 29.176, 138.291)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 29.107, 138.661)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7FA578
RGB	127, 165, 120
RGB Percent	50%, 65%, 47%
CMY	0.5018, 0.3527, 0.5292
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.27, 0.35
HSL	111°, 20%, 56%
HSV	111°, 27%, 65%
XYZ	25.6171, 32.8017, 22.7658
YIQ	148.5080, -8.2030, -22.0510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

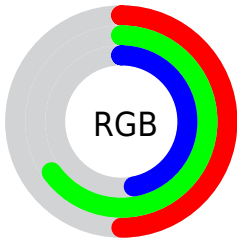
Format	Color
RYB	120, 165, 158
Decimal	8365432
CIELab	64.00, -21.85, 19.23
CIELCh	64, 29.107, 138.661
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3155, 0.4040
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286555512 (0xFF7FA578)
YUV	148.5080, -14.0544, -18.8625
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, -20.3874, 16.5233

Details

The CIELCh color **64, 29.107, 138.661** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **56, 29.377, 321.349**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84, 29.319, 138.664**, and **44, 29.144, 138.417** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 39.662, 137.989**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 18.409, 139.267**.

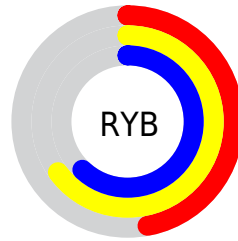
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (65%)

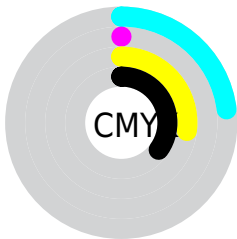
Blue (47%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (62%)

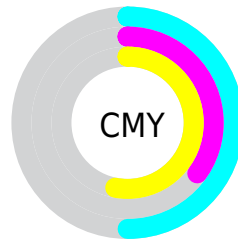


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (35%)


Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 29.107, 138.661 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 29.107, 138.661 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 29.107,
138.661

 64, 29.107,
138.661

 100, 29.107,
138.661

 54, 29.107,
138.661


 84, 29.107,
138.661

 44, 29.107,
138.661

 94, 29.107,
138.661

 34, 29.107,
138.661

 24, 29.107,
138.661

 14, 29.107,
138.661

 4, 29.107, 138.661

 0, 29.107, 138.661

■ 64, 29.107,
138.661

■ 64, 29.107,
138.661

■ 63, 39.662,
137.989

■ 65, 18.409,
139.267

■ 62, 49.876,
137.262

■ 67, 7.708, 139.809

■ 61, 59.490,
136.518

■ 68, 2.889, 320.176

■ 60, 68.167,
135.824

■ 70, 13.309,
320.621

■ 60, 75.492,
135.281

■ 72, 23.502,
320.964

■ 59, 81.026,
135.015

■ 73, 33.438,
321.254


■ 59, 84.568,
135.070

■ 75, 43.099,
321.499

■ 59, 85.372,

■ 77, 52.479,
321.708

135.055

 79, 55.721,
325.547

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 29.107, 138.661



56, 29.377, 321.349

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 29.107, 138.661



64, 29.107, 188.661



64, 29.107, 318.661



64, 29.107, 8.661

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 29.108, 138.662



84, 10.498, 139.763



65, 20.909, 99.309



44, 7.454, 139.687



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 29.108, 138.662



80, 43.494, 138.243



64, 24.039, 153.499



34, 5.953, 139.705



52, 77.680, 134.968



4, 9.282, 140.550

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 29.377, 321.349



68, 43.965, 321.627



56, 24.345, 337.659



32, 5.980, 320.521



30, 76.976, 322.401



1, 9.130, 318.915

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 29.107, 138.661 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

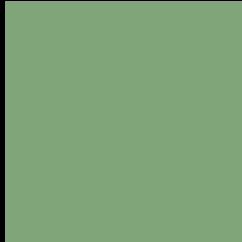
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 29.107, 138.661 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

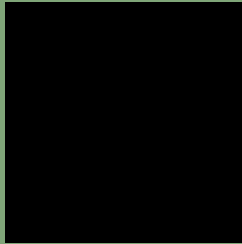
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 29.107, 138.661

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 29.107, 138.661.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 29.107, 138.661.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

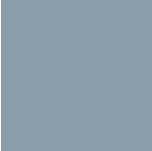
64, 29.107, 138.661

Protanopia

64, 22.176, 94.560

Deuteranopia

64, 19.138, 63.951



Tritanopia
64, 10.506, 242.768

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 29.107, 138.661

Protanomaly
64, 22.725, 114.005

Deuteranomaly
63, 17.427, 98.690

Tritanomaly
64, 11.682, 172.915

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 29.107, 138.661

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 11.006, 139.015

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 29.107, 138.661 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 165, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 165, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 165, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 165, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 29.107, 138.661 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 165, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 165, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 165, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 165, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 165, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 165,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 29.107, 138.661 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 165, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
165, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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