

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 29.320, 231.201)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 29.320, 231.201)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 29.376, 231.423)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4BA6C3
RGB	75, 166, 195
RGB Percent	29%, 65%, 76%
CMY	0.7049, 0.3482, 0.2345
CMYK	0.61, 0.15, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	195°, 50%, 53%
HSV	195°, 61%, 77%
XYZ	26.4677, 32.8017, 56.6903
YIQ	142.0970, -63.5450, -10.2730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

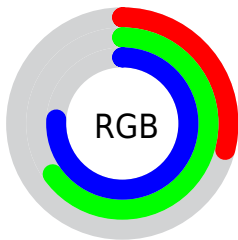
Format	Color
R _{YB}	75, 127, 195
Decimal	4957891
CIE Lab	64.00, -18.32, -22.97
CIE LCh	64, 29.376, 231.423
Yxy	32.8017, 0.2282, 0.2829
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283147971 (0xFF4BA6C3)
YUV	142.0970, 26.0812, -58.8441
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, -17.7362, -18.5961

Details

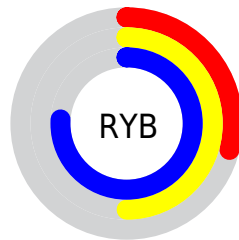
The CIELCh color **64, 29.376, 231.423** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **54, 46.670, 43.910**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84, 29.366, 232.148**, and **44, 28.124, 232.810** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 32.185, 233.978**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 25.917, 229.405**.

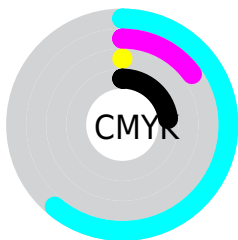
Distribution



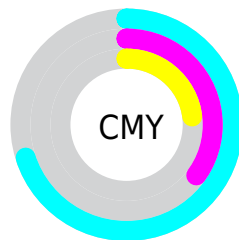
- Red (29%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (23%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 29.376, 231.423 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 29.376, 231.423 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 29.376,
231.423

 64, 29.376,
231.423

 100, 29.376,
231.423

 54, 29.376,
231.423


 84, 29.376,
231.423

 44, 29.376,
231.423

 94, 29.376,
231.423

 34, 29.376,
231.423

 24, 29.376,
231.423

 14, 29.376,
231.423

 4, 29.376, 231.423

 0, 29.376, 231.423

■ 64, 29.376,
231.423

■ 64, 29.376,
231.423

■ 62, 32.185,
233.978

■ 66, 25.917,
229.405

■ 60, 34.361,
237.159

■ 68, 21.845,
227.837

■ 59, 35.987,
241.017

■ 71, 17.224,
226.633

■ 57, 37.127,
244.723

■ 73, 12.133,
225.726

■ 76, 6.654, 225.071

■ 78, 0.866, 225.083

■ 81, 5.163, 44.009

■ 84, 11.374, 43.803

■ 87, 17.717, 43.642

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 29.376, 231.423



54, 46.670, 43.910

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 29.376, 231.423



64, 29.376, 281.423



64, 29.376, 51.423



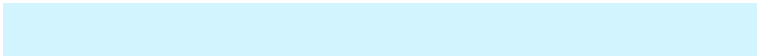
64, 29.376, 101.423

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 29.375, 231.422



94, 12.761, 225.492



71, 64.424, 145.632



49, 8.793, 225.710



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 29.375, 231.422



79, 40.432, 235.087



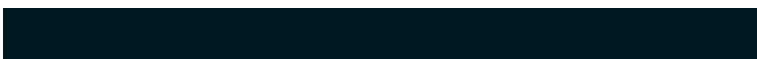
47, 52.097, 287.871



40, 3.291, 224.967



48, 32.023, 243.999



7, 10.344, 235.136

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 63.327, 336.530



61, 88.581, 337.827



68, 49.080, 88.212



38, 6.105, 332.602



36, 68.081, 340.643



4, 19.249, 336.832

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 29.376, 231.423 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 29.376, 231.423 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

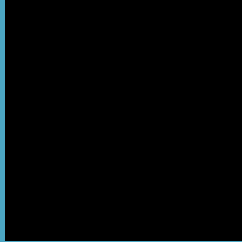
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 29.376, 231.423

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 29.376, 231.423.

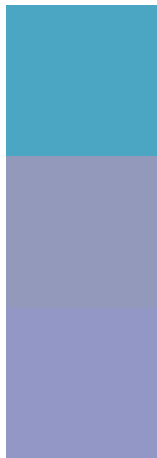


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 29.376, 231.423.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64, 29.376, 231.423

Protanopia

64, 18.492, 285.675

Deuteranopia

64, 26.274, 289.310



Tritanopia
64, 29.033, 212.981

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 29.376, 231.423

Protanomaly
64, 20.666, 256.207

Deuteranomaly
63, 24.746, 264.187

Tritanomaly
64, 28.864, 220.365

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 29.376, 231.423

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 12.749, 224.901

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 29.376, 231.423 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 166, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 166, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 166, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 166, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 29.376, 231.423 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 166, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 166, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 166, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 166, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 166, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 166,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 29.376, 231.423 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 166, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 166,  
195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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