

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 3.426, 173.351)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 3.426, 173.351) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 3.493, 170.642)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	959D9A
RGB	149, 157, 154
RGB Percent	58%, 62%, 60%
CMY	0.4160, 0.3846, 0.3964
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.02, 0.38
HSL	157°, 4%, 60%
HSV	157°, 5%, 62%
XYZ	30.2515, 32.8017, 35.2761
YIQ	154.2660, -3.8050, -2.6290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

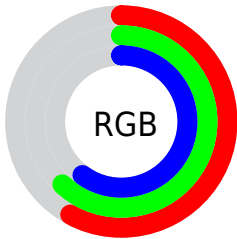
Format	Color
RYB	149, 154, 157
Decimal	9805210
CIELab	64.00, -3.45, 0.57
CIELCh	64, 3.493, 170.642
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3077, 0.3336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287995290 (0xFF959D9A)
YUV	154.2660, -0.1311, -4.6183
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, -5.9435, 3.5724

Details

The CIELCh color $64, 3.493, 170.642$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $62, 3.539, 351.309$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84, 3.890, 166.510$, and $44, 3.748, 170.416$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63, 10.314, 169.637$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 3.369, 351.262$.

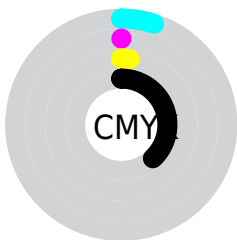
Distribution



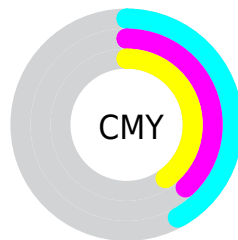
- Red (58%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 3.493, 170.642 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 3.493, 170.642 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64, 3.493, 170.642

■ 64, 3.493, 170.642

■ 100, 3.493,
170.642

■ 54, 3.493, 170.642

■ 84, 3.493, 170.642

■ 44, 3.493, 170.642

■ 94, 3.493, 170.642

■ 34, 3.493, 170.642

■ 24, 3.493, 170.642

■ 14, 3.493, 170.642

■ 4, 3.493, 170.642

■ 0, 3.493, 170.642

■ 64, 3.493, 170.642

■ 64, 3.493, 170.642

■ 63, 10.314,

■ 65, 3.369, 351.262

169.637

67, 10.211,
352.133

62, 17.007,
168.621

69, 16.979,
352.895

61, 23.476,
167.515

70, 23.637,
353.607

60, 29.613,
166.294

72, 30.158,
354.279

59, 35.309,
164.936

74, 36.527,
354.918

58, 40.463,
163.415

76, 41.516,
354.415

58, 44.995,
161.710

76, 42.735,
350.541

57, 48.871,
159.806

76, 44.158,
346.923

57, 52.117,
157.707

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 3.493, 170.642



62, 3.539, 351.309

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 3.493, 170.642



64, 3.493, 220.642



64, 3.493, 350.642



64, 3.493, 40.642

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 3.495, 170.629



82, 1.694, 171.059



64, 4.855, 132.858



43, 0.961, 171.087



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 3.495, 170.629



81, 5.091, 170.521



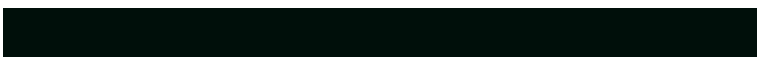
64, 2.712, 210.417



33, 2.729, 170.484



52, 49.854, 156.894



3, 5.229, 168.970

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 3.539, 351.309



79, 5.165, 351.419



63, 2.798, 30.227



32, 2.770, 351.457



30, 55.204, 12.844



1, 5.064, 352.204

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 3.493, 170.642 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 3.493, 170.642 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

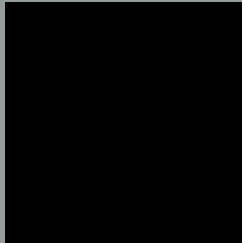
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

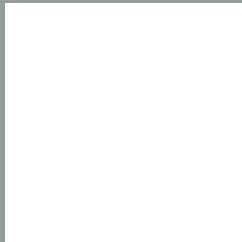
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 3.493, 170.642

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 3.493, 170.642.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 3.493, 170.642.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

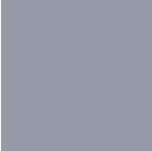
64, 3.493, 170.642

Protanopia

64, 1.895, 55.188

Deuteranopia

64, 8.278, 0.587



Tritanopia
64, 6.826, 278.423

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 3.493, 170.642

Protanomaly
64, 1.105, 110.010

Deuteranomaly
64, 3.661, 1.956

Tritanomaly
64, 3.992, 256.424

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 3.493, 170.642

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 1.278, 173.823

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 3.493, 170.642 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 157, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 157, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 157, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 157, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 3.493, 170.642 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 157, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 157, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 157, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 157, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 157, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 157,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 3.493, 170.642 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 157, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
157, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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