

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 32.379, 43.286)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(64, 32.379, 43.286) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(64, 32.477, 42.670)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CF8A75
RGB	207, 138, 117
RGB Percent	81%, 54%, 46%
CMY	0.1875, 0.4582, 0.5406
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.43, 0.19
HSL	14°, 48%, 64%
HSV	14°, 43%, 81%
XYZ	38.1129, 32.8017, 21.1999
YIQ	156.2370, 47.8650, 8.0970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

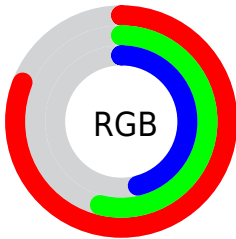
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	207, 144, 117
Decimal	13601397
CIE Lab	64.00, 23.88, 22.01
CIE LCh	64, 32.477, 42.670
Yxy	32.8017, 0.4138, 0.3561
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291791477 (0xFFCF8A75)
YUV	156.2370, -19.3438, 44.5192
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, 18.5580, 18.1443

# Details

The CIELCh color **64, 32.477, 42.670** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **72, 23.839, 226.917**, and the grayscale version is **65, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 28.280, 46.136**, and **44, 32.382, 41.908** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 41.569, 42.911**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 23.997, 42.619**.

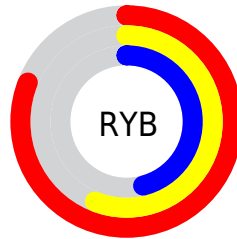
# Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (54%)

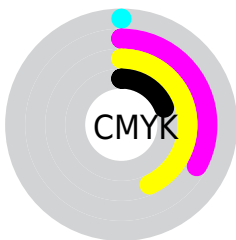
Blue (46%)



Red (81%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (46%)

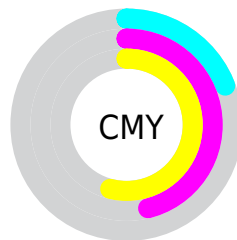


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 32.477, 42.670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 32.477, 42.670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



64, 32.477, 42.670

64, 32.477, 42.670

100, 32.477,  
42.670

54, 32.477, 42.670

84, 32.477, 42.670

44, 32.477, 42.670

94, 32.477, 42.670

34, 32.477, 42.670

24, 32.477, 42.670

14, 32.477, 42.670

4, 32.477, 42.670

0, 32.477, 42.670

64, 32.477, 42.670

64, 32.477, 42.670

60, 41.569, 42.911

68, 23.997, 42.619

56, 51.195, 43.338

73, 16.143, 42.712

53, 61.138, 43.918

77, 8.889, 42.910

50, 70.888, 44.479

82, 2.190, 43.041

48, 79.333, 44.569

86, 4.008, 223.815

46, 83.833, 44.411

91, 9.759, 224.170

95, 14.216,  
210.434

97, 15.885,  
198.449

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 32.477, 42.670



72, 23.839, 226.917

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 32.477, 42.670



64, 32.477, 92.670



64, 32.477, 222.670



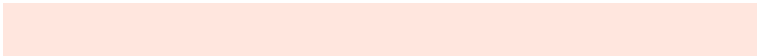
64, 32.477, 272.670

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 32.476, 42.675



93, 10.156, 42.917



61, 49.426, 334.714



48, 7.171, 42.866



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 32.476, 42.675



73, 47.711, 42.884



75, 36.647, 90.636



42, 3.717, 43.001



38, 71.450, 44.815



6, 17.457, 32.571





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 23.839, 226.917



84, 32.328, 228.362



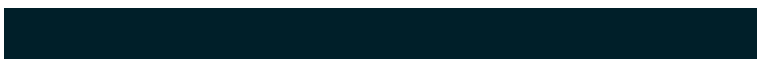
59, 37.716, 283.298



43, 3.513, 223.926



50, 32.908, 242.422



10, 12.242, 232.696



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 32.477, 42.670 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 32.477, 42.670 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

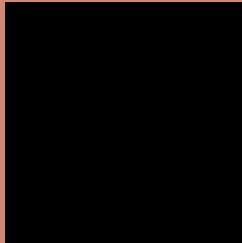
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 64, 32.477, 42.670**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 32.477, 42.670.

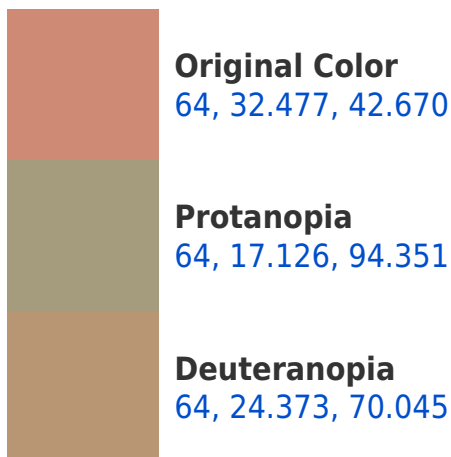


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 32.477, 42.670.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
64, 31.192, 12.751



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 32.477, 42.670

**Protanomaly**  
64, 20.093, 67.826

**Deuteranomaly**  
64, 26.256, 58.030

**Tritanomaly**  
64, 30.458, 24.579

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 32.477, 42.670

**Achromatopsia**  
64, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
64, 11.049, 43.801

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 32.477, 42.670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 138, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 138, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 138, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 138, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 32.477, 42.670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 138, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 138, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 138, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 138, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 138, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 138,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 32.477, 42.670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 138, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
138, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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