

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 33.954, 255.110)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 33.954, 255.110)
contains.

CIELCh(64, 34.122, 255.588)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(64, 34.122, 255.588)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56A2D5
RGB	86, 162, 213
RGB Percent	34%, 64%, 84%
CMY	0.6610, 0.3632, 0.1631
CMYK	0.59, 0.24, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	204°, 60%, 59%
HSV	204°, 59%, 84%
XYZ	28.9297, 32.8017, 68.0300
YIQ	145.0900, -61.6670, -0.2510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

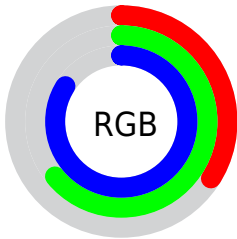
Format	Color
R _Y B	86, 134, 213
Decimal	5677781
CIE Lab	64.00, -8.49, -33.05
CIE LCh	64, 34.122, 255.588
Yxy	32.8017, 0.2229, 0.2528
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283867861 (0xFF56A2D5)
YUV	145.0900, 33.4796, -51.8219
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, -10.0631, -30.3352

Details

The CIELCh color **64, 34.122, 255.588** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **64, 45.803, 58.403**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 28.593, 243.329**, and **44, 33.921, 254.980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 38.816, 259.116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 29.105, 252.637**.

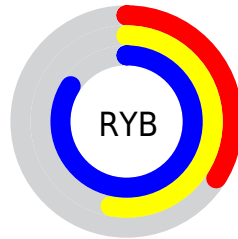
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (64%)

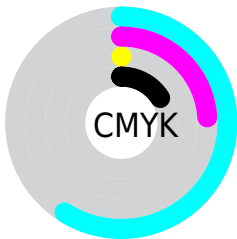
Blue (84%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (84%)

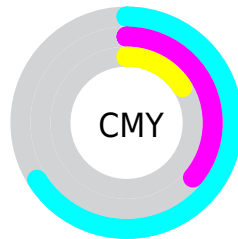


Cyan (59%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 34.122, 255.588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 34.122, 255.588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 34.122,
255.588

 64, 34.122,
255.588


 100, 34.122,
255.588


 54, 34.122,
255.588


 84, 34.122,
255.588

 44, 34.122,
255.588

 94, 34.122,
255.588

 34, 34.122,
255.588

 24, 34.122,
255.588

 14, 34.122,
255.588

 4, 34.122, 255.588

 0, 34.122, 255.588

64, 34.122,
255.588

64, 34.122,
255.588

61, 38.816,
259.116

67, 29.105,
252.637

58, 43.253,
263.243

71, 23.755,
250.200

55, 47.547,
267.915

74, 18.095,
248.201

52, 51.883,
272.886

78, 12.163,
246.570

52, 52.112,
273.129

82, 6.009, 245.259

86, 0.320, 62.615

89, 6.780, 63.073

93, 12.733, 64.832

95, 14.556, 85.889

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 34.122, 255.588



64, 45.803, 58.403

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 34.122, 255.588



64, 34.122, 305.588



64, 34.122, 75.588



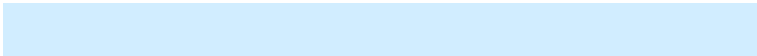
64, 34.122, 125.588

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 34.121, 255.588



92, 13.005, 246.381



77, 58.887, 152.235



48, 8.996, 246.814



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 34.121, 255.588



71, 45.552, 259.985



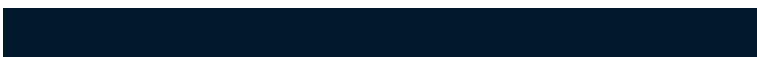
47, 67.212, 295.825



43, 3.605, 245.251



42, 43.608, 272.288



8, 14.872, 260.989

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 60.012, 344.574



61, 78.518, 346.509



80, 58.107, 99.490



42, 5.916, 339.394



37, 64.747, 352.860



5, 24.758, 347.474

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 34.122, 255.588 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

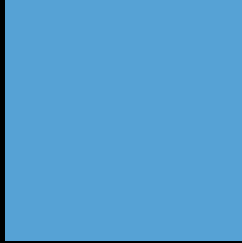
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 34.122, 255.588 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

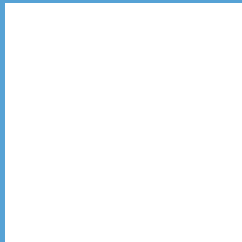
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 34.122, 255.588

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 34.122, 255.588.

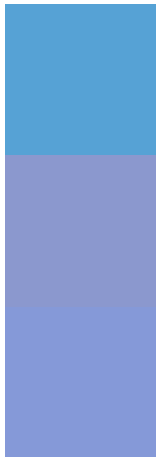


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 34.122, 255.588.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64, 34.122, 255.588

Protanopia

64, 30.298, 285.426

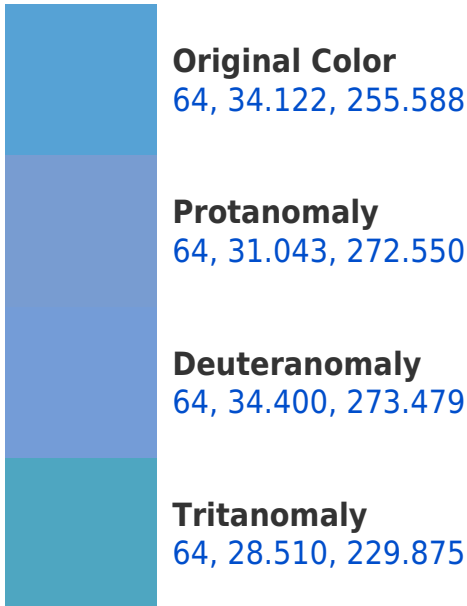
Deuteranopia

64, 35.421, 283.847

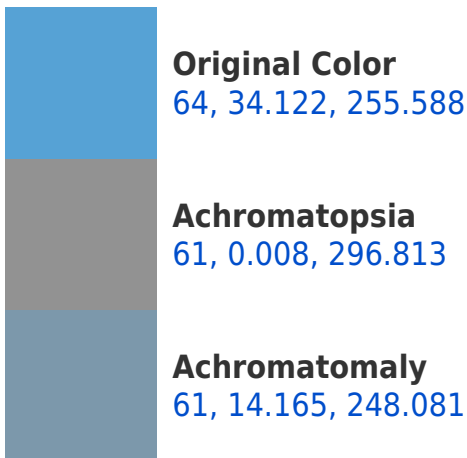


Tritanopia
64, 28.322, 213.439

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 34.122, 255.588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 162, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 162, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 162, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 162, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 34.122, 255.588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 162, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 162, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 162, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 162, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 162, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 162,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 34.122, 255.588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 162, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 162,  
213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor