

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 39.343, 140.916)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 39.343, 140.916)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 39.402, 141.172)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70A96E
RGB	112, 169, 110
RGB Percent	44%, 66%, 43%
CMY	0.5620, 0.3385, 0.5698
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.35, 0.34
HSL	118°, 25%, 55%
HSV	118°, 35%, 66%
XYZ	23.5703, 32.8017, 19.7567
YIQ	145.2310, -15.0330, -30.4330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

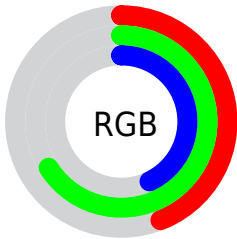
Format	Color
RYB	110, 169, 167
Decimal	7383406
CIELab	64.00, -30.70, 24.70
CIELCh	64, 39.402, 141.172
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3096, 0.4309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285573486 (0xFF70A96E)
YUV	145.2310, -17.3689, -29.1436
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, -26.7665, 19.6383

Details

The CIELCh color **64, 39.402, 141.172** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **54, 39.457, 325.317**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84, 39.603, 140.971**, and **44, 38.859, 141.345** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 50.220, 140.259**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 28.212, 141.983**.

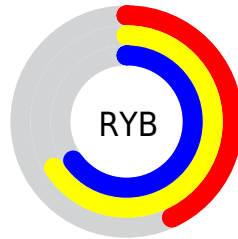
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (66%)

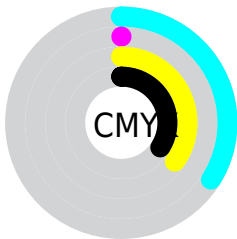
Blue (43%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (65%)

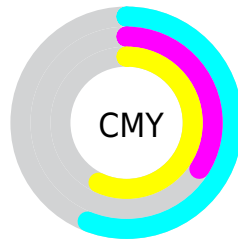


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (57%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 39.402, 141.172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 39.402, 141.172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 39.402,
141.172

 64, 39.402,
141.172


 100, 39.402,
141.172


 54, 39.402,
141.172


 84, 39.402,
141.172

 44, 39.402,
141.172

 94, 39.402,
141.172

 34, 39.402,
141.172

 24, 39.402,
141.172

 14, 39.402,
141.172

 4, 39.402, 141.172

 0, 39.402, 141.172

■ 64, 39.402,
141.172

■ 64, 39.402,
141.172

■ 63, 50.220,
140.259

■ 65, 28.212,
141.983

■ 62, 60.370,
139.263

■ 67, 16.874,
142.690

■ 61, 69.493,
138.239

■ 68, 5.560, 143.317

■ 61, 77.159,
137.281

■ 70, 5.606, 323.749

■ 60, 82.918,
136.520

■ 72, 16.538,
324.209

■ 60, 86.451,
136.075

■ 74, 27.181,
324.582

■ 60, 87.704,
135.860

■ 76, 37.504,
324.897

■ 78, 47.493,
325.163

■ 80, 53.903,
326.282

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 39.402, 141.172



54, 39.457, 325.317

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 39.402, 141.172



64, 39.402, 191.172



64, 39.402, 321.172



64, 39.402, 11.172

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 39.403, 141.172



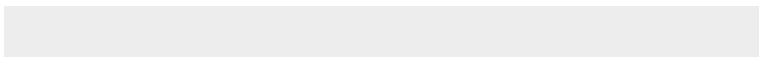
85, 13.924, 142.995



67, 30.429, 104.620



45, 9.493, 142.911



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 39.403, 141.172



80, 58.224, 140.468



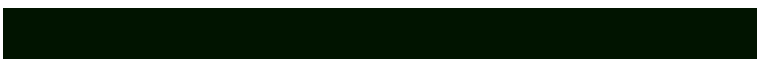
64, 28.509, 157.867



35, 6.349, 143.051



53, 79.598, 135.833



5, 11.563, 143.670

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 39.457, 325.317



66, 58.232, 325.680



53, 29.428, 344.145



33, 6.362, 324.000



34, 77.114, 326.929



2, 11.497, 323.171

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 39.402, 141.172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 39.402, 141.172 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

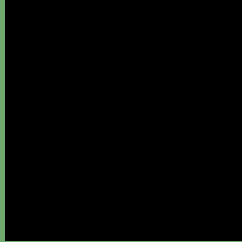
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 39.402, 141.172

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 39.402, 141.172.

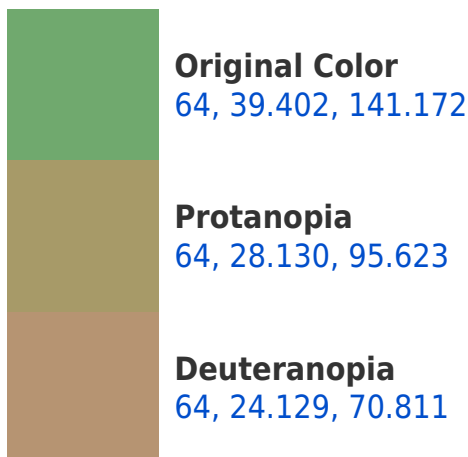


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 39.402, 141.172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
64, 14.427, 228.821

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 39.402, 141.172

Protanomaly
63, 29.474, 116.872

Deuteranomaly
63, 24.243, 107.512

Tritanomaly
64, 17.771, 173.723

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 39.402, 141.172

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 14.893, 142.435

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 39.402, 141.172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 169, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 169, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 169, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 169, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 39.402, 141.172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 169, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 169, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 169, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 169, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 169, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 169,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 39.402, 141.172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 169, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
169, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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