

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 5.602, 105.883)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 5.602, 105.883) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 6.103, 109.509)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C9C91
RGB	156, 156, 145
RGB Percent	61%, 61%, 57%
CMY	0.3890, 0.3890, 0.4321
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.07, 0.39
HSL	60°, 5%, 59%
HSV	60°, 7%, 61%
XYZ	30.6274, 32.8017, 31.4305
YIQ	154.7460, 3.5310, -3.4210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

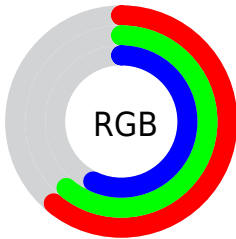
Format	Color
RYB	145, 156, 145
Decimal	10263697
CIELab	64.00, -2.04, 5.75
CIElCh	64, 6.103, 109.509
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3229, 0.3458
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288453777 (0xFF9C9C91)
YUV	154.7460, -4.8048, 1.0998
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, -4.7718, 7.5533

Details

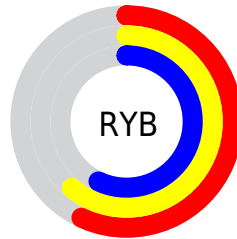
The CIELCh color **64, 6.103, 109.509** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **60, 6.210, 290.893**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84, 5.775, 109.666**, and **44, 5.958, 109.312** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 14.725, 108.579**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 2.557, 290.483**.

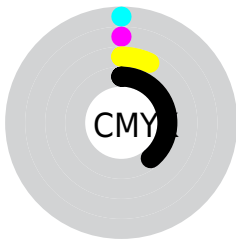
Distribution



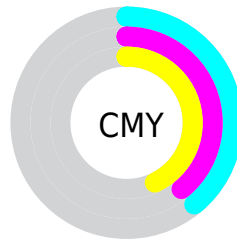
- Red (61%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 6.103, 109.509 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 6.103, 109.509 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64, 6.103, 109.509

■ 64, 6.103, 109.509

■ 100, 6.103,
109.509

■ 54, 6.103, 109.509

■ 84, 6.103, 109.509

■ 44, 6.103, 109.509

■ 94, 6.103, 109.509

■ 34, 6.103, 109.509

■ 24, 6.103, 109.509

■ 14, 6.103, 109.509

■ 4, 6.103, 109.509

■ 0, 6.103, 109.509

■ 64, 6.103, 109.509

■ 64, 6.103, 109.509

■ 64, 14.725,

■ 64, 2.557, 290.483

108.579

65, 11.225,
291.377

63, 23.252,
107.633

65, 19.876,
292.254

63, 31.605,
106.701

66, 28.493,
293.097

63, 39.661,
105.805

67, 37.062,
293.901

63, 47.231,
104.972

67, 45.574,
294.665

63, 54.041,
104.235

68, 54.021,
295.386

62, 59.731,
103.630

68, 54.621,
295.437

62, 63.908,
103.194

68, 54.621,
295.438

62, 66.430,
102.936

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 6.103, 109.509



60, 6.210, 290.893

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 6.103, 109.509



64, 6.103, 159.509



64, 6.103, 289.509



64, 6.103, 339.509

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 6.104, 109.520



81, 2.127, 109.970



61, 4.324, 19.727



43, 1.218, 109.979



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 6.104, 109.520



81, 8.528, 109.418



64, 6.501, 128.782



33, 4.947, 109.315



57, 62.932, 102.870



4, 6.504, 110.191

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 6.210, 290.893



76, 8.693, 291.007



61, 6.573, 309.359



30, 5.054, 291.124



15, 86.895, 306.288



0, 6.505, 290.189

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 6.103, 109.509 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 6.103, 109.509 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

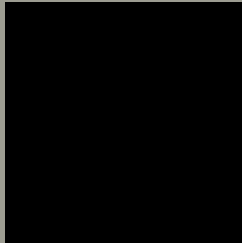
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

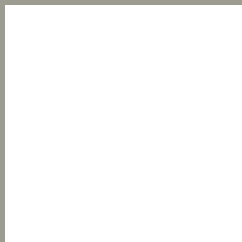
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 6.103, 109.509

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 6.103, 109.509.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 6.103, 109.509.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


64, 6.103, 109.509

Protanopia

64, 6.030, 86.377

Deuteranopia

64, 9.449, 33.729



Tritanopia
64, 7.098, 309.370

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 6.103, 109.509

Protanomaly
64, 6.213, 98.518

Deuteranomaly
64, 6.819, 49.010

Tritanomaly
64, 2.723, 324.498

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 6.103, 109.509

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 2.218, 109.914

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 6.103, 109.509 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 156, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 156, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 156, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 156, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 6.103, 109.509 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 156, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 156, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 156, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 156, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 156, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 156,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 6.103, 109.509 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 156, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
156, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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