

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 5.730, 278.987)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 5.730, 278.987) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 5.669, 279.452)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	989BA5
RGB	152, 155, 165
RGB Percent	60%, 61%, 65%
CMY	0.4042, 0.3924, 0.3532
CMYK	0.08, 0.06, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	226°, 7%, 62%
HSV	226°, 8%, 65%
XYZ	31.4302, 32.8017, 40.2379
YIQ	155.2430, -4.9980, 2.4740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

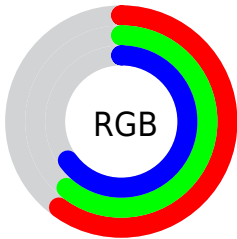
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 154, 165
Decimal	10001317
CIE Lab	64.00, 0.93, -5.59
CIE LCh	64, 5.669, 279.452
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3009, 0.3140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288191397 (0xFF989BA5)
YUV	155.2430, 4.8102, -2.8441
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, -2.2699, -1.5642

Details

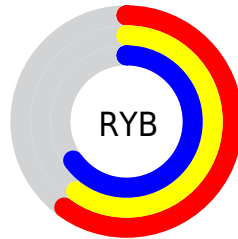
The CIELCh color $64, 5.669, 279.452$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $67, 5.620, 97.558$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84, 5.885, 280.313$, and $44, 5.500, 278.508$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 13.018, 280.782$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69, 1.494, 98.144$.

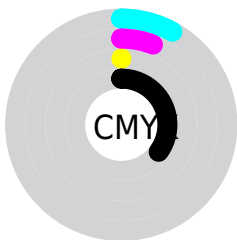
Distribution



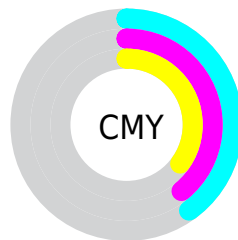
- Red (60%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 5.669, 279.452 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 5.669, 279.452 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64, 5.669, 279.452

■ 64, 5.669, 279.452

■ 100, 5.669,
279.452

■ 54, 5.669, 279.452

■ 84, 5.669, 279.452

■ 44, 5.669, 279.452

■ 94, 5.669, 279.452

■ 34, 5.669, 279.452

■ 24, 5.669, 279.452

■ 14, 5.669, 279.452

■ 4, 5.669, 279.452

■ 0, 5.669, 279.452

■ 64, 5.669, 279.452

■ 64, 5.669, 279.452

■ 59, 13.018,

■ 69, 1.494, 98.144

280.782

73, 8.478, 97.217

55, 20.569,
282.359

78, 15.291, 96.345

50, 28.340,
284.200

83, 21.941, 95.578

45, 36.354,
286.338

87, 28.433, 94.902

41, 44.634,
288.794

92, 34.773, 94.302

36, 53.188,
291.557

95, 40.061,
100.647

32, 61.963,
294.559

28, 70.770,
297.653

25, 79.187,
300.570

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 5.669, 279.452



67, 5.620, 97.558

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 5.669, 279.452



64, 5.669, 329.452



64, 5.669, 99.452



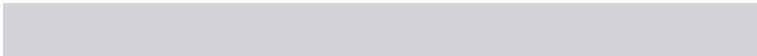
64, 5.669, 149.452

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 5.668, 279.440



85, 1.773, 278.814



67, 5.177, 180.126



45, 1.007, 278.807



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 5.668, 279.440



80, 8.018, 279.600



63, 7.404, 301.021



32, 4.039, 279.611



21, 72.985, 300.792



1, 6.372, 279.845

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 5.319, 1.565



80, 7.537, 1.702



67, 7.282, 120.083



32, 3.797, 1.712



30, 59.412, 25.856



1, 5.732, 2.547

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 5.669, 279.452 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

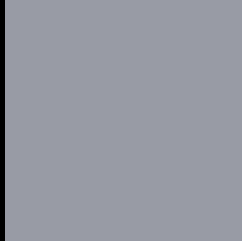
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 5.669, 279.452 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

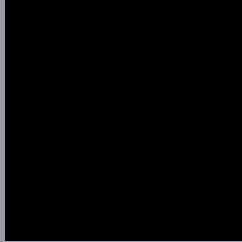
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

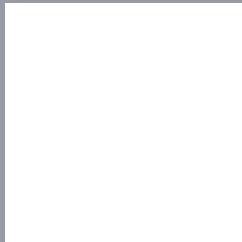
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 5.669, 279.452

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 5.669, 279.452.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 5.669, 279.452.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


64, 5.669, 279.452

Protanopia

64, 5.601, 294.612

Deuteranopia

64, 9.943, 323.069



Tritanopia
64, 6.764, 281.473

Trichromacy



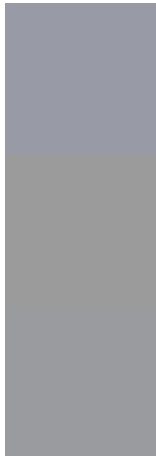
Original Color
64, 5.669, 279.452

Protanomaly
64, 5.584, 290.786

Deuteranomaly
64, 8.413, 311.859

Tritanomaly
64, 6.215, 280.546

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 5.669, 279.452

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 2.262, 280.811

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 5.669, 279.452 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 155, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 155, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 155, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 155, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 5.669, 279.452 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 155, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 155, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 155, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 155, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 155, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 155,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 5.669, 279.452 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 155, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
155, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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