

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 53.171, 36.256)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(64, 53.171, 36.256) contains.

<b>CIELCh(64, 53.256, 36.283)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(64, 53.256, 36.283)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ED7965
RGB	237, 121, 101
RGB Percent	93%, 47%, 40%
CMY	0.0688, 0.5239, 0.6025
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.57, 0.07
HSL	9°, 80%, 66%
HSV	9°, 57%, 93%
XYZ	44.3311, 32.8017, 16.4016
YIQ	153.4040, 75.5560, 18.3720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

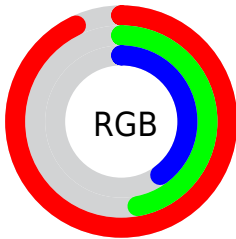
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 124, 101
Decimal	15563109
CIE Lab	64.00, 42.93, 31.52
CIE LCh	64, 53.256, 36.283
Yxy	32.8017, 0.4740, 0.3507
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293753189 (0xFFED7965)
YUV	153.4040, -25.8352, 73.3137
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, 37.9380, 23.1117

# Details

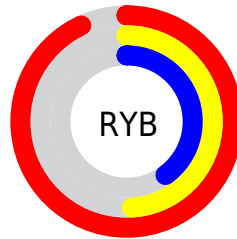
The CIELCh color **64, 53.256, 36.283** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **81, 33.587, 216.029**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 35.547, 41.670**, and **44, 53.003, 36.275** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 64.603, 37.646**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 42.348, 35.244**.

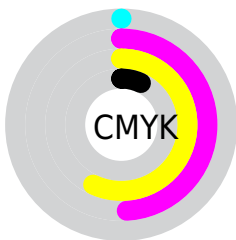
# Distribution



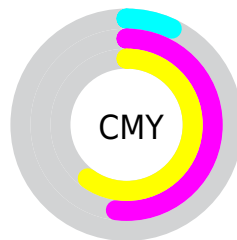
- Red (93%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 53.256, 36.283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 53.256, 36.283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



64, 53.256, 36.283

64, 53.256, 36.283

100, 53.256,  
36.283

54, 53.256, 36.283

84, 53.256, 36.283

44, 53.256, 36.283

94, 53.256, 36.283

34, 53.256, 36.283

24, 53.256, 36.283

14, 53.256, 36.283

4, 53.256, 36.283

0, 53.256, 36.283

64, 53.256, 36.283

64, 53.256, 36.283

60, 64.603, 37.646

69, 42.348, 35.244

56, 76.000, 39.256

74, 32.077, 34.497

53, 86.577, 40.809

79, 22.518, 33.996

51, 94.565, 41.585

84, 13.683, 33.681

51, 96.334, 41.799

90, 5.542, 33.468

95, 1.959, 213.872

99, 6.023, 199.134

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 53.256, 36.283



81, 33.587, 216.029

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 53.256, 36.283



64, 53.256, 86.283



64, 53.256, 216.283



64, 53.256, 266.283

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 53.254, 36.286



90, 14.222, 33.675



64, 75.334, 331.806



47, 9.594, 33.726



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 53.254, 36.286



63, 70.550, 37.946



79, 50.541, 80.531



47, 4.380, 33.516



39, 79.086, 42.102



9, 26.991, 32.008





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 33.587, 216.029



84, 39.466, 217.606



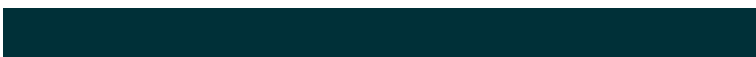
63, 49.168, 279.875



49, 4.119, 213.672



59, 34.075, 224.046



17, 14.977, 219.693



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 53.256, 36.283 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

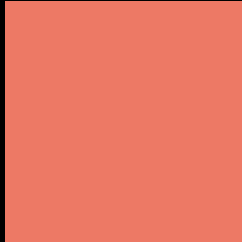
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 53.256, 36.283 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 64, 53.256, 36.283

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 53.256, 36.283.

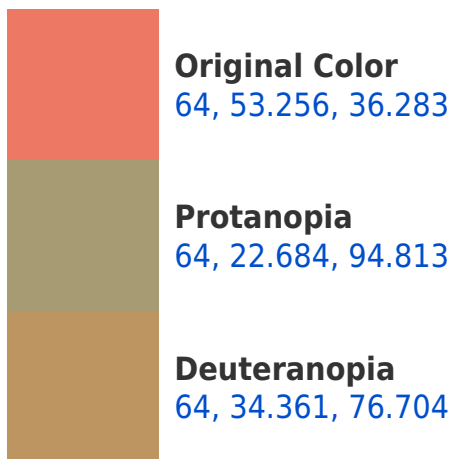


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 53.256, 36.283.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

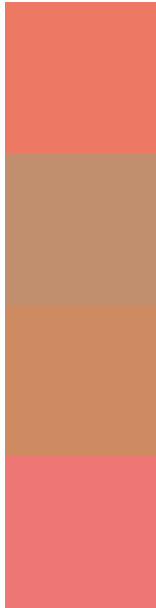




**Tritanopia**  
64, 50.452, 20.556



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 53.256, 36.283

**Protanomaly**  
63, 28.972, 59.436

**Deuteranomaly**  
64, 38.472, 56.800

**Tritanomaly**  
64, 50.883, 26.393

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 53.256, 36.283

**Achromatopsia**  
64, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
63, 17.821, 33.538

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 53.256, 36.283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 121, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 121, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 121, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 121, 101) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 53.256, 36.283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 121, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 121, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 121, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 121, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 121, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 121,  
101) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 53.256, 36.283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 121, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
121, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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