

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 57.464, 136.220)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(64, 57.464, 136.220)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(64, 57.351, 136.086)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	61AC50
RGB	97, 172, 80
RGB Percent	38%, 67%, 31%
CMY	0.6181, 0.3239, 0.6848
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.53, 0.32
HSL	109°, 36%, 50%
HSV	109°, 53%, 68%
XYZ	21.2599, 32.8017, 12.8703
YIQ	139.0870, -15.1680, -44.5120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

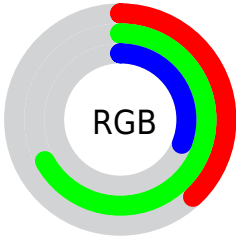
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	80, 172, 155
Decimal	6401104
CIELab	64.00, -41.31, 39.78
CIElCh	64, 57.351, 136.086
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3176, 0.4901
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284591184 (0xFF61AC50)
YUV	139.0870, -29.1299, -36.9103
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, -33.9675, 26.7673

# Details

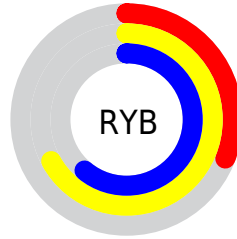
The CIELCh color  $64, 57.351, 136.086$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669933$ . A complement of this color would be  $47, 58.344, 321.474$ , and the grayscale version is  $58, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $84, 57.534, 135.950$ , and  $44, 57.396, 136.090$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $63, 66.708, 135.424$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $65, 47.191, 136.783$ .

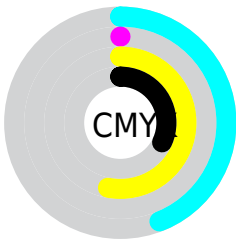
# Distribution



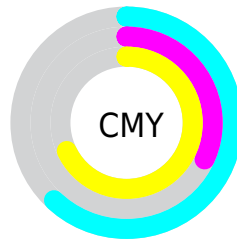
- Red (38%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 57.351, 136.086 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 57.351, 136.086 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 64, 57.351,  
136.086


 64, 57.351,  
136.086

 100, 57.351,  
136.086

 54, 57.351,  
136.086

 84, 57.351,  
136.086

 44, 57.351,  
136.086

 94, 57.351,  
136.086

 34, 57.351,  
136.086

 24, 57.351,  
136.086

 14, 57.351,  
136.086

 4, 57.351, 136.086

 0, 57.351, 136.086

■ 64, 57.351,  
136.086

■ 64, 57.351,  
136.086

■ 63, 66.708,  
135.424

■ 65, 47.191,  
136.783

■ 63, 74.862,  
134.886

■ 66, 36.537,  
137.456

■ 62, 81.353,  
134.594

■ 67, 25.625,  
138.077

■ 62, 85.787,  
134.661

■ 69, 14.628,  
138.636

■ 62, 87.838,  
134.778

■ 70, 3.673, 139.160

■ 72, 7.149, 319.503

■ 73, 17.773,  
319.882

■ 75, 28.159,  
320.196

■ 77, 38.282,  
320.463

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 57.351, 136.086



47, 58.344, 321.474

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 57.351, 136.086



64, 57.351, 186.086



64, 57.351, 316.086



64, 57.351, 6.086

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 57.352, 136.087



86, 21.693, 138.480



64, 40.817, 94.110



45, 14.636, 138.371



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 57.352, 136.087



80, 83.081, 135.318



64, 48.856, 149.202



36, 6.203, 138.847



54, 79.358, 134.677



6, 13.214, 140.260



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 58.344, 321.474



55, 84.399, 321.756



48, 49.145, 338.441



34, 6.235, 319.648



30, 79.245, 321.339



2, 12.823, 317.175



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 57.351, 136.086 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 57.351, 136.086 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

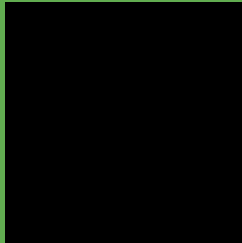
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 64, 57.351, 136.086**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 57.351, 136.086.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 57.351, 136.086.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 57.351, 136.086

**Protanopia**  
64, 43.802, 95.333

**Deuteranopia**  
64, 38.283, 77.679





**Tritanopia**  
64, 17.130, 223.439

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 57.351, 136.086

**Protanomaly**  
63, 45.906, 114.571

**Deuteranomaly**  
63, 38.480, 106.579

**Tritanomaly**  
64, 25.295, 163.788

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 57.351, 136.086

**Achromatopsia**  
58, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
60, 21.511, 138.270

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 57.351, 136.086 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 172, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 172, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 172, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 172, 80) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 57.351, 136.086 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 172, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 172, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 172, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 172, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 172, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 172,  
80) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 57.351, 136.086 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 172, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 172,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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