

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 69.908, 326.811)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(64, 69.908, 326.811)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(64, 69.859, 326.778)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DF70E0
RGB	223, 112, 224
RGB Percent	87%, 44%, 88%
CMY	0.1241, 0.5595, 0.1203
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	299°, 65%, 66%
HSV	299°, 50%, 88%
XYZ	49.8667, 32.8017, 74.4612
YIQ	157.9570, 30.2040, 58.3640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

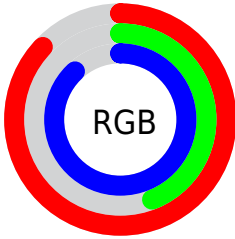
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	223, 112, 224
Decimal	14643424
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.00, 58.44, -38.27
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 69.859, 326.778
Y <sub>xy</sub>	32.8017, 0.3174, 0.2088
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292833504 (0xFFDF70E0)
YUV	157.9570, 32.5592, 57.0427
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, 55.1907, -36.9929

# Details

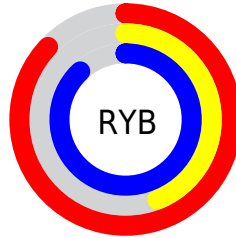
The CIELCh color  $64, 69.859, 326.778$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC66CC`. A complement of this color would be  $81, 70.182, 140.170$ , and the grayscale version is  $65, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $80, 54.926, 326.317$ , and  $44, 69.528, 326.762$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $60, 81.458, 327.174$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $68, 56.850, 326.318$ .

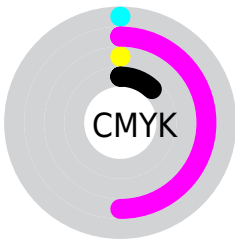
# Distribution



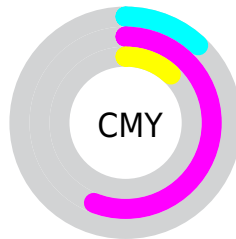
- Red (87%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 69.859, 326.778 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 69.859, 326.778 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 64, 69.859,  
326.778


 64, 69.859,  
326.778

 100, 69.859,  
326.778


 54, 69.859,  
326.778


 84, 69.859,  
326.778

 44, 69.859,  
326.778

 94, 69.859,  
326.778

 34, 69.859,  
326.778

 24, 69.859,  
326.778

 14, 69.859,  
326.778

 4, 69.859, 326.778

 0, 69.859, 326.778

64, 69.859,  
326.778

64, 69.859,  
326.778

60, 81.458,  
327.174

68, 56.850,  
326.318

57, 91.091,  
327.490

73, 42.969,  
325.813

55, 98.275,  
327.713

78, 28.649,  
325.280

54, 102.766,  
327.837

84, 14.219,  
324.727

53, 104.927,  
327.879

89, 0.091, 147.265

53, 104.940,  
327.879

95, 14.134,  
143.693

97, 19.078,  
143.395

97, 19.038,  
143.229

■ 97, 18.997,  
143.062

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 69.859, 326.778



81, 70.182, 140.170

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 69.859, 326.778



64, 69.859, 16.778



64, 69.859, 146.778



64, 69.859, 196.778

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 69.856, 326.778



91, 23.893, 325.016



53, 63.479, 296.911



47, 16.313, 325.132



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 69.856, 326.778



68, 90.324, 327.192



62, 51.298, 348.018



44, 8.131, 324.700



41, 87.521, 327.885



8, 35.925, 327.934



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 47.956, 24.530



63, 65.511, 27.072



82, 48.868, 157.517



44, 4.727, 19.219



36, 78.724, 39.593

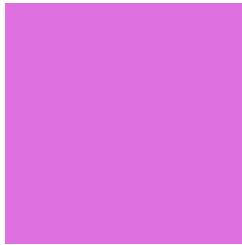


6, 25.519, 20.569



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 69.859, 326.778 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

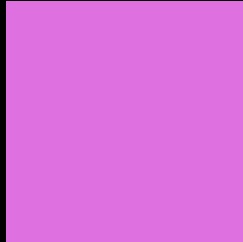
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 69.859, 326.778 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

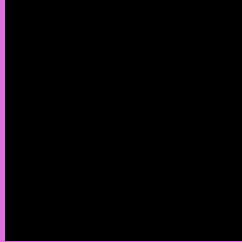
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 64, 69.859, 326.778**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 69.859, 326.778.

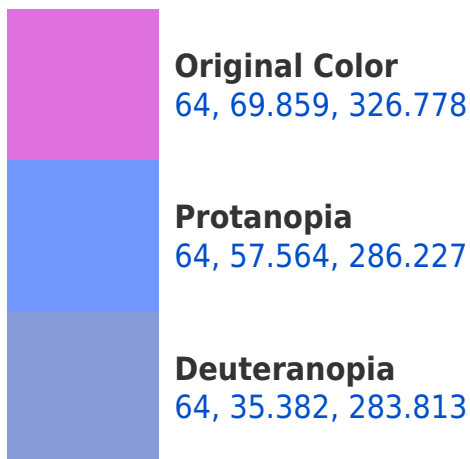


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 69.859, 326.778.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
64, 33.299, 13.684

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 69.859, 326.778



**Protanomaly**  
63, 59.510, 300.544



**Deuteranomaly**  
63, 46.291, 305.497

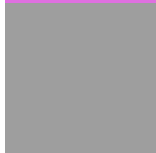


**Tritanomaly**  
64, 42.646, 347.311

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
64, 69.859, 326.778



**Achromatopsia**  
65, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
64, 27.396, 325.651

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 69.859, 326.778 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 112, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 112, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 112, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 112, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 69.859, 326.778 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

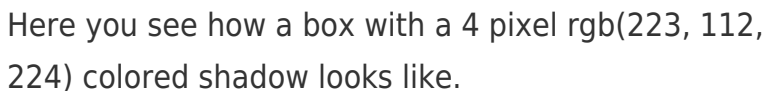
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 112, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 112, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 112, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 112, 224); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 112, 224); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 112, 224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 69.859, 326.778 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 112, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
112, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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