

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 78.564, 53.570)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(64, 78.564, 53.570) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(64, 78.676, 53.445)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F97425
RGB	249, 116, 37
RGB Percent	98%, 45%, 15%
CMY	0.0231, 0.5447, 0.8546
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.85, 0.02
HSL	22°, 95%, 56%
HSV	22°, 85%, 98%
XYZ	45.6924, 32.8017, 5.6805
YIQ	146.7610, 104.6270, 3.6270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

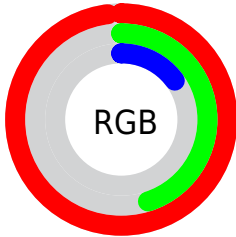
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	249, 163, 37
Decimal	16348197
CIELab	64.00, 46.86, 63.20
CIELCh	64, 78.676, 53.445
Yxy	32.8017, 0.5428, 0.3897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294538277 (0xFFFF97425)
YUV	146.7610, -54.1122, 89.6636
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, 42.1808, 34.2104

# Details

The CIELCh color **64, 78.676, 53.445** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **67, 49.263, 261.885**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 58.191, 65.685**, and **44, 72.672, 49.519** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 86.704, 51.737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 68.710, 54.449**.

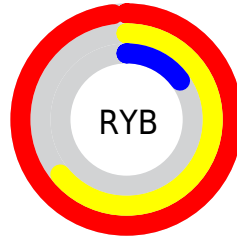
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (45%)

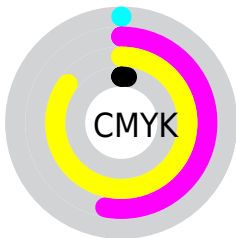
Blue (15%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (15%)

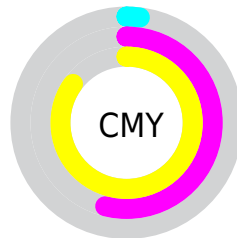


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (85%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (85%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 78.676, 53.445 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 78.676, 53.445 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



64, 78.676, 53.445

64, 78.676, 53.445

100, 78.676,  
53.445

54, 78.676, 53.445

84, 78.676, 53.445

44, 78.676, 53.445

94, 78.676, 53.445

34, 78.676, 53.445

24, 78.676, 53.445

14, 78.676, 53.445

4, 78.676, 53.445

0, 78.676, 53.445

64, 78.676, 53.445

64, 78.676, 53.445

61, 86.704, 51.737

67, 68.710, 54.449

60, 89.833, 50.693

71, 58.158, 55.184

75, 47.742, 55.871

78, 37.781, 56.596

83, 28.396, 57.382

87, 19.611, 58.224

91, 11.403, 59.101

96, 3.727, 59.931

100, 2.047,  
199.599

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 78.676, 53.445



67, 49.263, 261.885

# Rectangle

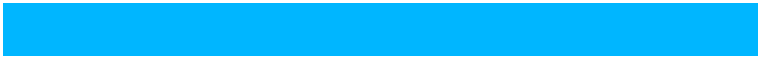
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 78.676, 53.445



64, 78.676, 103.445



64, 78.676, 233.445



64, 78.676, 283.445

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 78.674, 53.448



88, 20.761, 58.145



57, 85.410, 346.934



45, 14.244, 57.849



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 78.674, 53.448



61, 91.481, 50.646



88, 83.054, 94.757



50, 4.220, 59.590



46, 72.486, 51.337



13, 26.497, 49.369



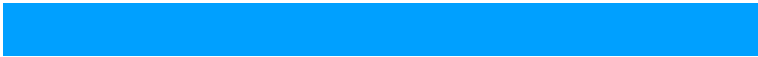


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 49.263, 261.885



64, 56.612, 269.492



40, 108.081, 301.414



50, 4.046, 241.625



48, 44.541, 268.472



14, 18.457, 260.836



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 78.676, 53.445 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 78.676, 53.445 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 64, 78.676, 53.445

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 78.676, 53.445.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 78.676, 53.445.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64, 78.676, 53.445

### Protanopia

64, 56.539, 95.647

### Deuteranopia

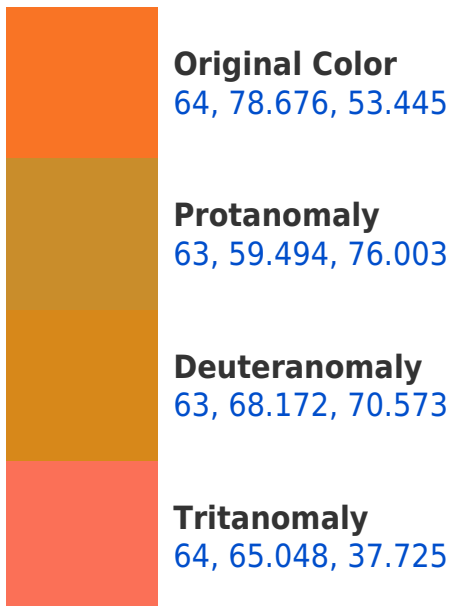
64, 65.850, 82.808



**Tritanopia**  
64, 60.048, 23.352



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 78.676, 53.445 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 116, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 116, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 116, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 116, 37) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 78.676, 53.445 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 116, 37) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 116, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 116, 37)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 116, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 116, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 116,  
37) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 78.676, 53.445 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 116, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
116, 37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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