

Converting Colors

CIELCh(64, 9.986, 24.315)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(64, 9.986, 24.315) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(64, 9.951, 23.491)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AE9594
RGB	174, 149, 148
RGB Percent	68%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.3162, 0.4142, 0.4182
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.15, 0.32
HSL	2°, 14%, 63%
HSV	2°, 15%, 68%
XYZ	33.7185, 32.8017, 32.7220
YIQ	156.3610, 15.2210, 4.9890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

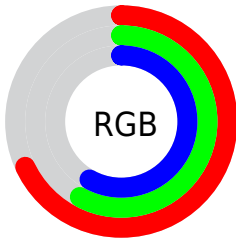
Format	Color
RYB	174, 149, 148
Decimal	11441556
CIELab	64.00, 9.13, 3.97
CIELCh	64, 9.951, 23.491
Yxy	32.8017, 0.3398, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289631636 (0xFFAE9594)
YUV	156.3610, -4.1220, 15.4694
Hunter-Lab	57.2727, 4.8620, 6.2164

Details

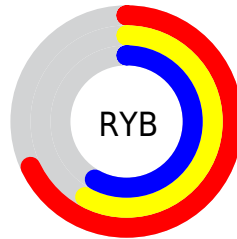
The CIELCh color $64, 9.951, 23.491$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $69, 9.036, 202.219$, and the grayscale version is $65, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84, 10.096, 23.085$, and $44, 9.953, 24.066$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 17.291, 24.279$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69, 3.152, 22.823$.

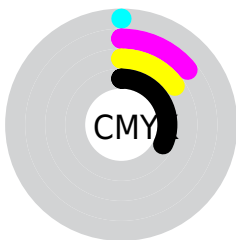
Distribution



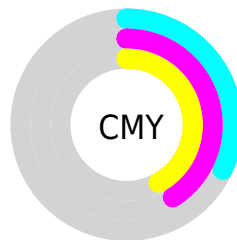
- Red (68%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 64, 9.951, 23.491 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 64, 9.951, 23.491 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 9.951, 23.491  64, 9.951, 23.491

 100, 9.951, 23.491  54, 9.951, 23.491

 84, 9.951, 23.491  44, 9.951, 23.491

 94, 9.951, 23.491  34, 9.951, 23.491

 24, 9.951, 23.491

 14, 9.951, 23.491

 4, 9.951, 23.491

 0, 9.951, 23.491

 64, 9.951, 23.491  64, 9.951, 23.491

 59, 17.291, 24.279  69, 3.152, 22.823

■ 55, 25.176, 25.293

■ 74, 3.131, 202.713

■ 50, 33.563, 26.625

■ 79, 8.943, 202.286

■ 47, 42.341, 28.366

■ 84, 14.333,
202.022

■ 43, 51.321, 30.593

■ 89, 19.350,
201.831

■ 40, 60.209, 33.317

■ 38, 68.509, 36.336

■ 94, 24.037,
201.690

■ 37, 75.173, 38.977

■ 95, 25.558,
197.841

■ 36, 78.040, 40.393

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 9.951, 23.491



69, 9.036, 202.219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 9.951, 23.491



64, 9.951, 73.491



64, 9.951, 203.491



64, 9.951, 253.491

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 9.950, 23.501



88, 3.166, 22.748



64, 17.102, 326.147



47, 2.275, 22.814



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 9.950, 23.501



79, 15.077, 23.745



67, 9.021, 77.061



34, 3.676, 23.129



31, 69.455, 40.037



2, 7.560, 22.113

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 9.036, 202.219



87, 13.373, 202.093



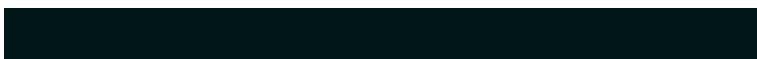
66, 8.759, 261.016



36, 3.466, 202.458



54, 32.101, 202.576



6, 7.380, 204.409

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 64, 9.951, 23.491 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 64, 9.951, 23.491 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

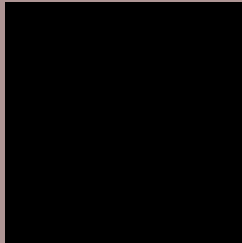
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 64, 9.951, 23.491

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 9.951, 23.491.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 64, 9.951, 23.491.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


64, 9.951, 23.491

Protanopia

64, 2.696, 74.709

Deuteranopia

64, 9.202, 27.112



Tritanopia
64, 12.460, 351.313

Trichromacy



Original Color
64, 9.951, 23.491

Protanomaly
64, 4.985, 39.214

Deuteranomaly
64, 9.606, 26.858

Tritanomaly
64, 11.249, 0.322

Monochromacy



Original Color
64, 9.951, 23.491

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 3.488, 19.600

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 64, 9.951, 23.491 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 149, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 149, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 149, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 149, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 64, 9.951, 23.491 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 149, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 149, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 149, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 149, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 149, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 149,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 64, 9.951, 23.491 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 149, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
149, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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