

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 1.585, 114.224)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 1.585, 114.224) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(65, 1.656, 109.968)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 9E9E9B |
| RGB | 158, 158, 155 |
| RGB Percent | 62%, 62%, 61% |
| CMY | 0.3807, 0.3807, 0.3925 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.38 |
| HSL | 60°, 2%, 61% |
| HSV | 60°, 2%, 62% |
| XYZ | 32.2038, 34.0472, 35.8459 |
| YIQ | 157.6580, 0.9630, -0.9330 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

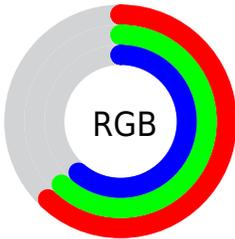
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| RYB | 155, 158, 155 |
| Decimal | 10395291 |
| CIELab | 65.00, -0.57, 1.56 |
| CIELCh | 65, 1.656, 109.968 |
| Yxy | 34.0472, 0.3154, 0.3335 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288585371 (0xFF9E9E9B) |
| YUV | 157.6580, -1.3104, 0.2999 |
| Hunter-Lab | 58.3500, -3.5968, 4.4216 |

Details

The CIELCh color $65, 1.656, 109.968$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64, 1.680, 290.427$, and the grayscale version is $65, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 2.089, 109.967$, and $45, 1.779, 109.903$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65, 10.399, 109.093$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 7.106, 290.968$.

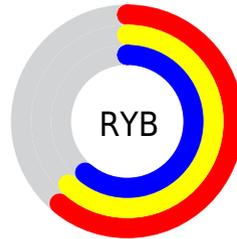
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (62%)

Blue (61%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (61%)

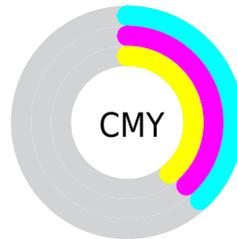


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 1.656, 109.968 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 1.656, 109.968 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65, 1.656, 109.968

■ 65, 1.656, 109.968

■ 100, 1.656,
109.968

■ 55, 1.656, 109.968

■ 85, 1.656, 109.968

■ 45, 1.656, 109.968

■ 95, 1.656, 109.968

■ 35, 1.656, 109.968

■ 25, 1.656, 109.968

■ 15, 1.656, 109.968

■ 5, 1.656, 109.968

■ 0, 1.656, 109.968

■ 65, 1.656, 109.968

■ 65, 1.656, 109.968

■ 65, 10.399,

■ 65, 7.106, 290.968

109.093

66, 15.863,
291.859

64, 19.077,
108.146

66, 24.593,
292.719

64, 27.624,
107.204

67, 33.281,
293.542

64, 35.941,
106.287

68, 41.915,
294.325

64, 43.874,
105.419

68, 50.487,
295.066

63, 51.191,
104.628

69, 53.370,
295.310

63, 57.569,
103.952

69, 53.370,
295.315

63, 62.615,
103.428

69, 53.370,
295.319

63, 65.969,
103.087

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 1.656, 109.968



64, 1.680, 290.427

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 1.656, 109.968



65, 1.656, 159.968



65, 1.656, 289.968



65, 1.656, 339.968

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 1.658, 110.006



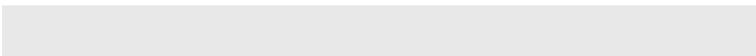
83, 1.080, 110.060



64, 1.155, 19.117



44, 0.619, 110.062



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 1.658, 110.006



83, 2.170, 109.996



65, 1.762, 129.045



34, 0.987, 110.010



57, 62.932, 102.910



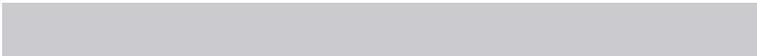
4, 6.504, 110.223

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 1.680, 290.427



82, 2.199, 290.438



64, 1.782, 309.093



33, 1.000, 290.423



15, 86.892, 306.291



0, 6.505, 290.213

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 1.656, 109.968 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 1.656, 109.968 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

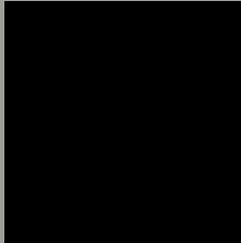
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

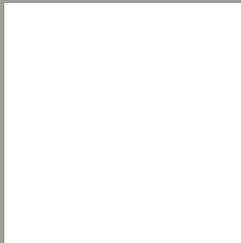
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 1.656, 109.968

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 1.656, 109.968.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 1.656, 109.968.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65, 1.656, 109.968

Protanopia

65, 2.256, 66.690

Deuteranopia

65, 7.974, 8.120



Tritanopia
65, 6.865, 303.429

Trichromacy



Original Color

65, 1.656, 109.968

Protanomaly

65, 2.013, 74.822

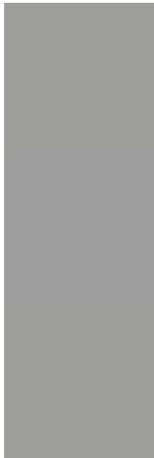
Deuteranomaly

65, 5.076, 13.539

Tritanomaly

65, 3.435, 303.228

Monochromacy



Original Color

65, 1.656, 109.968

Achromatopsia

65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

65, 0.547, 110.020

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 1.656, 109.968 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 158, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 158, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 158, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 158, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 1.656, 109.968 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 158, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 158, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 158, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 158, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 158, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 158,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 1.656, 109.968 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 158, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
158, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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