

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(65, 1.982, 183.196)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 1.982, 183.196) contains.

<b>CIELCh(65, 1.982, 183.196)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(65, 1.982, 183.196)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A9F9E
RGB	154, 159, 158
RGB Percent	60%, 62%, 62%
CMY	0.3968, 0.3772, 0.3811
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.01, 0.38
HSL	168°, 3%, 61%
HSV	168°, 3%, 62%
XYZ	31.8137, 34.0472, 37.1597
YIQ	157.3910, -2.6590, -1.3710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

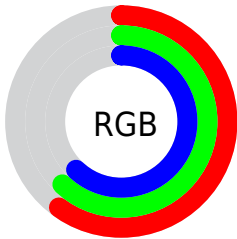
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	154, 157, 159
Decimal	10133406
CIELab	65.00, -1.98, -0.11
CIELCh	65, 1.982, 183.196
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3088, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288323486 (0xFF9A9F9E)
YUV	157.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -4.7903, 3.0867

# Details

The CIELCh color  $65, 1.982, 183.196$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $64, 2.013, 3.282$ , and the grayscale version is  $65, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $85, 2.222, 185.832$ , and  $45, 2.124, 183.018$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $64, 8.191, 182.116$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $66, 4.360, 3.694$ .

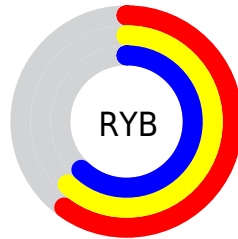
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (62%)

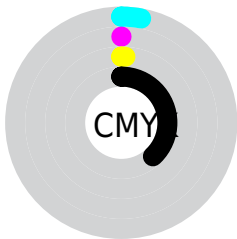
Blue (62%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (62%)

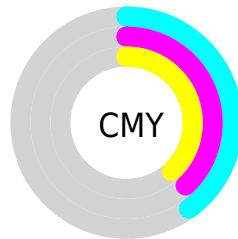


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 1.982, 183.196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 1.982, 183.196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



65, 1.982, 183.196

65, 1.982, 183.196

100, 1.982,  
183.196

55, 1.982, 183.196

85, 1.982, 183.196

45, 1.982, 183.196

95, 1.982, 183.196

35, 1.982, 183.196

25, 1.982, 183.196

15, 1.982, 183.196

5, 1.982, 183.196

0, 1.982, 183.196

65, 1.982, 183.196

65, 1.982, 183.196

64, 8.191, 182.116

66, 4.360, 3.694

63, 14.179,  
181.167

68, 10.771, 4.566

62, 19.853,  
180.177

69, 17.191, 5.366

61, 25.111,  
179.123

71, 23.579, 6.132

60, 29.854,  
177.988

75, 36.137, 7.587

59, 33.991,  
176.751

76, 38.554, 6.281

59, 37.457,  
175.389

76, 38.823, 3.822

59, 40.227,  
173.882

76, 39.171, 1.406

58, 42.324,  
172.212

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 1.982, 183.196



64, 2.013, 3.282

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 1.982, 183.196



65, 1.982, 233.196



65, 1.982, 3.196



65, 1.982, 53.196

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 1.983, 183.163



83, 0.779, 183.800



65, 3.165, 138.231



44, 0.446, 183.847



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 1.983, 183.163



82, 3.119, 183.034



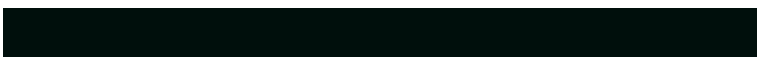
65, 1.561, 229.963



33, 1.772, 182.967



53, 40.186, 171.217



3, 4.741, 180.790





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 2.013, 3.282



81, 3.173, 3.415



64, 1.581, 49.042



32, 1.806, 3.484



29, 59.702, 28.175



1, 4.657, 4.006



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 1.982, 183.196 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

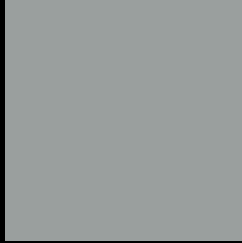
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 1.982, 183.196 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

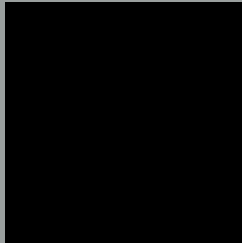
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

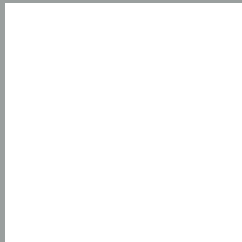
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 65, 1.982, 183.196

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 1.982, 183.196.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 1.982, 183.196.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


65, 1.982, 183.196

### Protanopia

65, 1.151, 19.110

### Deuteranopia

65, 8.078, 355.865



**Tritanopia**  
65, 6.680, 287.719



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65, 1.982, 183.196

## Protanomaly

65, 0.547, 110.020

## Deuteranomaly

65, 4.455, 349.860

## Tritanomaly

65, 4.033, 274.487

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65, 1.982, 183.196

## Achromatopsia

65, 0.008, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

65, 0.944, 163.911

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 1.982, 183.196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 159, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 159, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 159, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 159, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 1.982, 183.196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 159, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 159, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 159, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 159, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 159, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 159,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 1.982, 183.196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 159, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
159, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor