

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 12.124, 324.990)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 12.124, 324.990)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(65, 12.137, 324.994)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA98AA
RGB	170, 152, 170
RGB Percent	67%, 60%, 67%
CMY	0.3321, 0.4027, 0.3321
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	300°, 10%, 63%
HSV	300°, 11%, 67%
XYZ	35.2046, 34.0472, 42.8972
YIQ	159.4340, 4.9500, 9.4140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

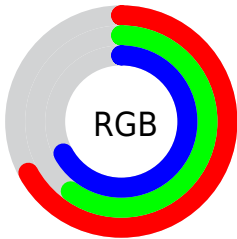
Format	Color
RYB	170, 152, 170
Decimal	11180202
CIELab	65.00, 9.94, -6.96
CIElCh	65, 12.137, 324.994
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3139, 0.3036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289370282 (0xFFAA98AA)
YUV	159.4340, 5.2090, 9.2664
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 5.5829, -2.7434

Details

The CIELCh color $65, 12.137, 324.994$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $68, 12.118, 143.844$, and the grayscale version is $66, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 12.145, 324.882$, and $45, 12.270, 325.179$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 23.695, 325.542$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69, 0.658, 324.127$.

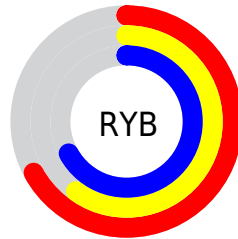
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (60%)

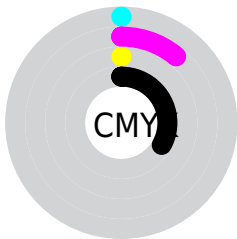
Blue (67%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (67%)

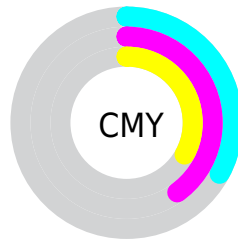


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 12.137, 324.994 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 12.137, 324.994 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 65, 12.137,
324.994


 65, 12.137,
324.994


 100, 12.137,
324.994


 55, 12.137,
324.994


 85, 12.137,
324.994

 45, 12.137,
324.994

 95, 12.137,
324.994

 35, 12.137,
324.994

 25, 12.137,
324.994

 15, 12.137,
324.994

 5, 12.137, 324.994

 0, 12.137, 324.994

65, 12.137,
324.994

65, 12.137,
324.994

61, 23.695,
325.542

69, 0.658, 324.127

57, 35.157,
326.071

74, 10.616,
143.967

53, 46.264,
326.573

79, 21.613,
143.443

49, 56.675,
327.032

83, 32.294,
142.948

46, 65.983,
327.433

88, 42.642,
142.480

44, 73.755,
327.759

93, 52.655,
142.038


42, 79.620,
328.001


93, 52.952,
142.026

41, 83.380,

93, 52.952,
142.026

328.153

 93, 52.951,
142.026

 40, 85.401,
328.234

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 12.137, 324.994



68, 12.118, 143.844

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 12.137, 324.994



65, 12.137, 14.994



65, 12.137, 144.994



65, 12.137, 194.994

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 12.135, 324.994



87, 4.254, 324.542



63, 10.066, 291.264



46, 3.251, 324.598



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 12.135, 324.994



81, 18.528, 325.142



65, 8.557, 344.483



33, 6.429, 324.922



35, 76.990, 328.234



2, 11.672, 324.440

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 12.135, 324.994



81, 18.528, 325.142



68, 8.440, 162.819



33, 6.429, 324.922



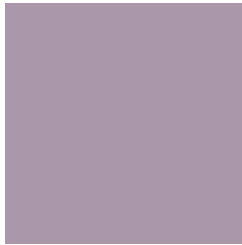
35, 76.990, 328.234



2, 11.672, 324.440

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 12.137, 324.994 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 12.137, 324.994 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

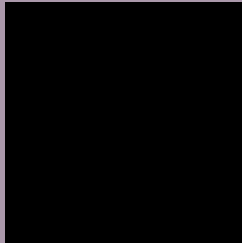
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 12.137, 324.994

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 12.137, 324.994.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 12.137, 324.994.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


65, 12.137, 324.994

Protanopia

65, 8.899, 288.766

Deuteranopia

65, 11.057, 321.665



Tritanopia
65, 9.327, 334.686

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 12.137, 324.994

Protanomaly
65, 9.755, 304.300

Deuteranomaly
65, 11.254, 323.340

Tritanomaly
65, 10.142, 330.294

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 12.137, 324.994

Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
66, 4.735, 324.624

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 12.137, 324.994 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 152, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 152, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 152, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 152, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 12.137, 324.994 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 152, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 152, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 152, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 152, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 152, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 152,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 12.137, 324.994 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 152, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
152, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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