

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 13.641, 236.309)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 13.641, 236.309)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(65, 13.867, 235.800)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82A3B2
RGB	130, 163, 178
RGB Percent	51%, 64%, 70%
CMY	0.4911, 0.3617, 0.3029
CMYK	0.27, 0.08, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	199°, 24%, 60%
HSV	199°, 27%, 70%
XYZ	30.2415, 34.0472, 46.9757
YIQ	154.8430, -24.4830, -2.3310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

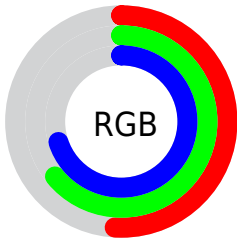
Format	Color
RYB	130, 150, 178
Decimal	8561586
CIELab	65.00, -7.79, -11.47
CIELCh	65, 13.867, 235.800
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2718, 0.3060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286751666 (0xFF82A3B2)
YUV	154.8430, 11.4164, -21.7873
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -9.5998, -6.8875

Details

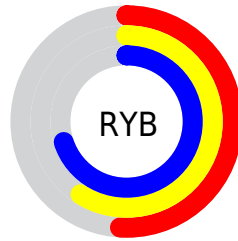
The CIELCh color $65, 13.867, 235.800$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 16.180, 51.322$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 13.921, 236.158$, and $45, 13.803, 235.922$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 18.461, 237.276$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68, 8.946, 234.629$.

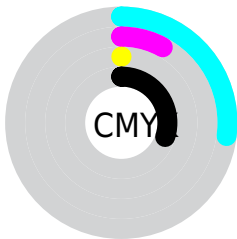
Distribution



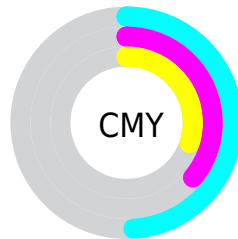
- Red (51%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (30%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 13.867, 235.800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 13.867, 235.800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 65, 13.867,
235.800


 65, 13.867,
235.800


 100, 13.867,
235.800


 55, 13.867,
235.800


 85, 13.867,
235.800

 45, 13.867,
235.800

 95, 13.867,
235.800

 35, 13.867,
235.800

 25, 13.867,
235.800

 15, 13.867,
235.800

 5, 13.867, 235.800

 0, 13.867, 235.800

65, 13.867,
235.800

65, 13.867,
235.800

62, 18.461,
237.276

68, 8.946, 234.629

60, 22.671,
239.141

71, 3.760, 233.759

73, 1.637, 52.611

57, 26.447,
241.473

76, 7.194, 52.232

55, 29.763,
244.358

79, 12.871, 51.786

82, 18.632, 51.418

53, 32.631,
247.873

85, 24.448, 51.120

51, 35.119,
252.055

87, 24.554, 58.732

88, 24.874, 66.640

49, 37.369,
256.822

48, 38.063,

258.245

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 13.867, 235.800



63, 16.180, 51.322

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 13.867, 235.800



65, 13.867, 285.800



65, 13.867, 55.800



65, 13.867, 105.800

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 13.867, 235.795



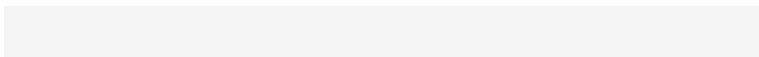
89, 5.328, 233.840



68, 25.937, 152.182



47, 3.806, 233.954



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 13.867, 235.795



81, 20.099, 236.576



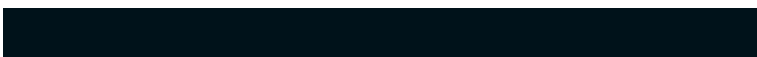
59, 21.947, 284.074



36, 3.040, 233.930



42, 33.872, 257.581



4, 7.638, 245.948

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 25.975, 336.727



74, 38.208, 337.176



69, 21.291, 97.299



35, 5.422, 335.394



34, 62.729, 345.473



2, 12.080, 339.452

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 13.867, 235.800 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

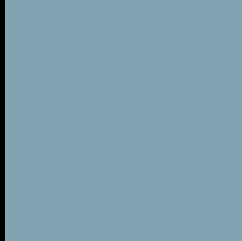
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 13.867, 235.800 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

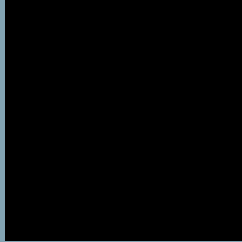
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

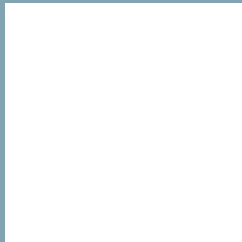
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 13.867, 235.800

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 13.867, 235.800.

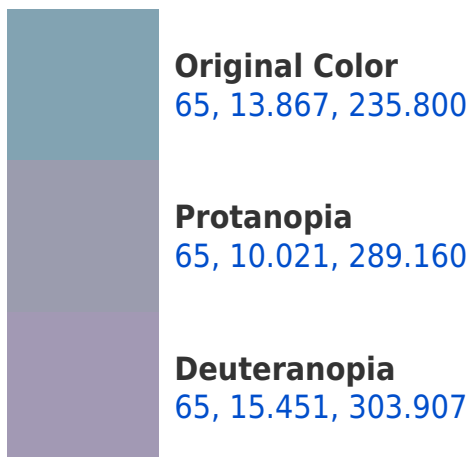



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 13.867, 235.800.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
65, 13.596, 230.868

Trichromacy



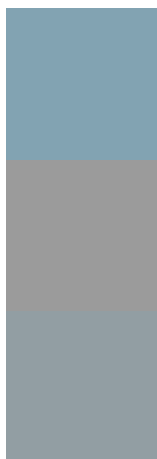
Original Color
65, 13.867, 235.800

Protanomaly
65, 10.286, 266.481

Deuteranomaly
65, 12.433, 279.894

Tritanomaly
65, 13.851, 232.973

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 13.867, 235.800

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 5.191, 231.662

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 13.867, 235.800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 163, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 163, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 163, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 163, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 13.867, 235.800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 163, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 163, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 163, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 163, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 163, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 163,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 13.867, 235.800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 163, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
163, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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