

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 13.921, 38.478)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 13.921, 38.478) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(65, 13.744, 39.164)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B7978F
RGB	183, 151, 143
RGB Percent	72%, 59%, 56%
CMY	0.2835, 0.4089, 0.4403
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.22, 0.28
HSL	12°, 22%, 64%
HSV	12°, 22%, 72%
XYZ	35.4153, 34.0472, 30.5800
YIQ	159.6560, 21.6400, 4.2960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

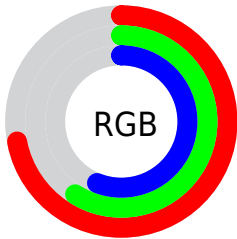
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	183, 153, 143
Decimal	12031887
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.00, 10.66, 8.68
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 13.744, 39.164
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3540, 0.3403
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290221967 (0xFFB7978F)
YUV	159.6560, -8.2114, 20.4727
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 6.2275, 9.7723

# Details

The CIELCh color  $65, 13.744, 39.164$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be  $69, 11.900, 220.350$ , and the grayscale version is  $66, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $85, 13.579, 38.152$ , and  $45, 13.522, 38.621$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $61, 20.869, 39.251$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $69, 7.163, 39.208$ .

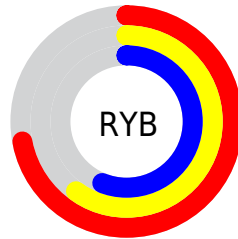
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (59%)

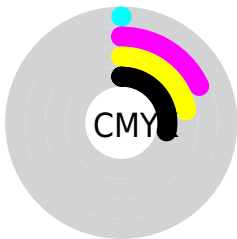
Blue (56%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (56%)

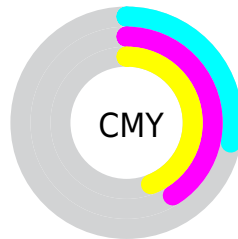


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 13.744, 39.164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 13.744, 39.164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 65, 13.744, 39.164

■ 65, 13.744, 39.164

■ 100, 13.744,  
39.164

■ 55, 13.744, 39.164

■ 85, 13.744, 39.164

■ 45, 13.744, 39.164

■ 95, 13.744, 39.164

■ 35, 13.744, 39.164

■ 25, 13.744, 39.164

■ 15, 13.744, 39.164

■ 5, 13.744, 39.164

■ 0, 13.744, 39.164

■ 65, 13.744, 39.164

■ 65, 13.744, 39.164

■ 61, 20.869, 39.251

■ 69, 7.163, 39.208

57, 28.565, 39.492

73, 1.090, 38.984

53, 36.821, 39.937

78, 4.525, 219.808

50, 45.573, 40.611

82, 9.731, 220.049

47, 54.649, 41.498

87, 14.576,  
220.372

44, 63.664, 42.474

91, 19.103,  
220.729

42, 71.761, 43.155

40, 77.232, 43.524

95, 22.568,  
200.628

95, 23.218,  
197.986

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 13.744, 39.164



69, 11.900, 220.350

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 13.744, 39.164



65, 13.744, 89.164



65, 13.744, 219.164



65, 13.744, 269.164

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 13.743, 39.173



90, 5.115, 39.229



64, 23.270, 331.892



48, 3.359, 39.228



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 13.743, 39.173



80, 20.566, 39.191



70, 15.993, 90.991



37, 3.393, 39.223



34, 68.192, 43.749



3, 9.330, 33.440





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 11.900, 220.350



87, 17.216, 220.617



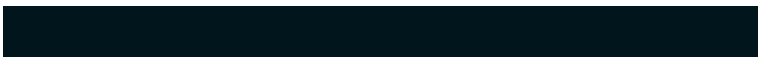
64, 16.049, 276.771



38, 3.204, 219.845



48, 30.336, 235.014



6, 8.539, 229.349



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 13.744, 39.164 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 13.744, 39.164 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

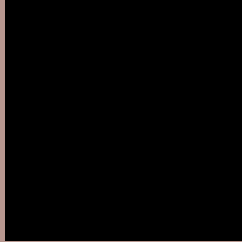
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 65, 13.744, 39.164

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 13.744, 39.164.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 13.744, 39.164.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65, 13.744, 39.164

### Protanopia

65, 6.524, 88.212

### Deuteranopia

65, 12.296, 46.869



**Tritanopia**  
65, 15.841, 356.280



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 13.744, 39.164

**Protanomaly**  
65, 8.155, 62.382

**Deuteranomaly**  
65, 12.669, 46.053

**Tritanomaly**  
65, 14.077, 9.496

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 13.744, 39.164

**Achromatopsia**  
65, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
65, 4.965, 39.215

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 13.744, 39.164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 151, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 151, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 151, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 151, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 13.744, 39.164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 151, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 151, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 151, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 151, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 151, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 151,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 13.744, 39.164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 151, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
151, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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