

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 14.935, 128.524)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 14.935, 128.524)
contains.

CIELCh(65, 14.766, 129.099)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(65, 14.766, 129.099)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95A289
RGB	149, 162, 137
RGB Percent	58%, 64%, 54%
CMY	0.4156, 0.3646, 0.4627
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.15, 0.36
HSL	91°, 12%, 59%
HSV	91°, 15%, 64%
XYZ	29.8398, 34.0472, 28.6743
YIQ	155.2630, 0.2770, -10.5310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

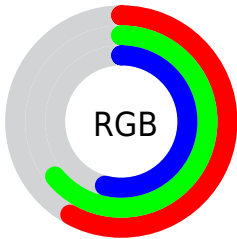
Format	Color
RYB	137, 162, 150
Decimal	9806473
CIELab	65.00, -9.31, 11.46
CIElCh	65, 14.766, 129.099
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3224, 0.3678
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287996553 (0xFF95A289)
YUV	155.2630, -9.0037, -5.4927
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -10.8285, 11.7087

Details

The CIELCh color $65, 14.766, 129.099$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 15.063, 310.441$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 15.092, 129.173$, and $45, 14.579, 128.940$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64, 24.328, 128.631$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 5.184, 129.559$.

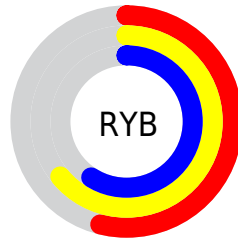
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (64%)

Blue (54%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (59%)

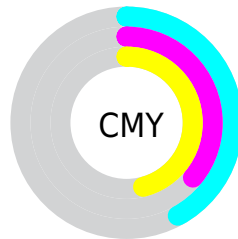


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 14.766, 129.099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 14.766, 129.099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65, 14.766,
129.099

■ 65, 14.766,
129.099

■ 100, 14.766,
129.099

■ 55, 14.766,
129.099

■ 85, 14.766,
129.099

■ 45, 14.766,
129.099

■ 95, 14.766,
129.099

■ 35, 14.766,
129.099

■ 25, 14.766,
129.099

■ 15, 14.766,
129.099

■ 5, 14.766, 129.099

■ 0, 14.766, 129.099

65, 14.766,
129.099

65, 14.766,
129.099

64, 24.328,
128.631

66, 5.184, 129.559

63, 33.776,
128.154

67, 4.360, 309.926

62, 42.984,
127.696

68, 13.819,
310.319

62, 51.771,
127.304

70, 23.162,
310.663

61, 59.878,
127.046

71, 32.365,
310.970

60, 66.959,
127.024

72, 41.414,
311.244

60, 72.615,
127.359

74, 50.298,
311.487

60, 76.558,

75, 53.272,
313.651

128.144

■ 75, 54.080,
316.545

■ 59, 78.082,
128.530

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 14.766, 129.099



59, 15.063, 310.441

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 14.766, 129.099



65, 14.766, 179.099



65, 14.766, 309.099



65, 14.766, 359.099

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 14.768, 129.101



84, 5.930, 129.575



63, 8.698, 75.290



45, 4.080, 129.543



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 14.768, 129.101



82, 22.605, 128.918



64, 16.838, 143.961



34, 5.439, 129.383



54, 71.999, 128.381



4, 8.563, 131.315

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 15.063, 310.441



73, 23.171, 310.630



60, 16.855, 325.709



32, 5.509, 310.154



22, 81.572, 312.579



1, 8.386, 308.050

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 14.766, 129.099 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 14.766, 129.099 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

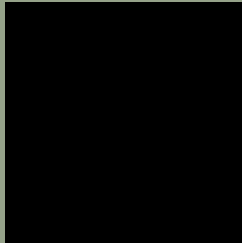
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

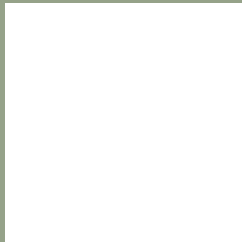
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 14.766, 129.099

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 14.766, 129.099.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 14.766, 129.099.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
65, 14.766, 129.099

Protanopia
65, 12.704, 92.142

Deuteranopia
65, 13.211, 53.025



Tritanopia
65, 7.296, 282.256

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 14.766, 129.099

Protanomaly
65, 12.706, 106.996

Deuteranomaly
65, 11.088, 83.147

Tritanomaly
65, 2.713, 187.509

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 14.766, 129.099

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 5.893, 128.815

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 14.766, 129.099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 162, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 162, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 162, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 162, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 14.766, 129.099 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 162, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 162, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 162, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 162, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 162, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 162,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 14.766, 129.099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 162, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
162, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor