

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 16.565, 308.628)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 16.565, 308.628)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(65, 16.356, 308.538)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A699B5
RGB	166, 153, 181
RGB Percent	65%, 60%, 71%
CMY	0.3505, 0.4014, 0.2917
CMYK	0.08, 0.15, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	268°, 16%, 65%
HSV	268°, 15%, 71%
XYZ	35.2779, 34.0472, 48.2216
YIQ	160.0790, -1.2400, 11.4640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

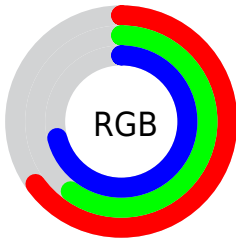
Format	Color
RYB	166, 153, 181
Decimal	10918325
CIELab	65.00, 10.19, -12.79
CIELCh	65, 16.356, 308.538
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3001, 0.2896
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289108405 (0xFFA699B5)
YUV	160.0790, 10.3141, 5.1927
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 5.8071, -8.1535

Details

The CIELCh color $65, 16.356, 308.538$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be $72, 15.989, 127.105$, and the grayscale version is $66, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 16.607, 308.488$, and $45, 16.274, 308.666$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 27.288, 309.071$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71, 5.717, 308.039$.

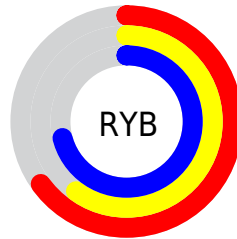
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (60%)

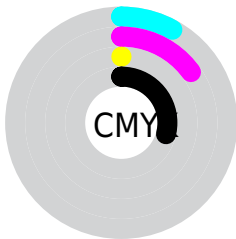
Blue (71%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (71%)

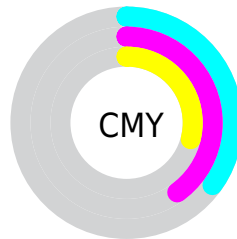


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (35%)


Magenta (40%)


Yellow (29%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 16.356, 308.538 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 16.356, 308.538 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 65, 16.356,
308.538


 65, 16.356,
308.538


 100, 16.356,
308.538


 55, 16.356,
308.538


 85, 16.356,
308.538

 45, 16.356,
308.538

 95, 16.356,
308.538

 35, 16.356,
308.538

 25, 16.356,
308.538

 15, 16.356,
308.538

 5, 16.356, 308.538

 0, 16.356, 308.538

65, 16.356,
308.538

65, 16.356,
308.538

60, 27.288,
309.071

71, 5.717, 308.039

54, 38.463,
309.638

76, 4.600, 127.639

49, 49.764,
310.221

82, 14.593,
127.235

44, 60.979,
310.786

87, 24.270,
126.888

39, 71.750,
311.274

92, 33.642,
126.586

35, 81.514,
311.602

96, 39.338,
124.804


31, 89.518,
311.656


97, 38.332,
119.724

28, 95.007,

98, 37.659,
114.317

311.321

 98, 37.357,
108.681

 27, 97.043,
311.133

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 16.356, 308.538



72, 15.989, 127.105

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 16.356, 308.538



65, 16.356, 358.538



65, 16.356, 128.538



65, 16.356, 178.538

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 16.354, 308.537



89, 6.432, 308.019



68, 8.740, 251.846



47, 4.389, 308.053



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 16.354, 308.537



80, 24.941, 308.736



66, 18.423, 323.876



35, 5.868, 308.226



22, 85.736, 311.278



1, 13.765, 304.084

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 13.545, 343.017



81, 20.612, 343.367



71, 18.379, 142.227



35, 4.873, 342.471



33, 58.434, 358.025



2, 10.833, 347.863

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 16.356, 308.538 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

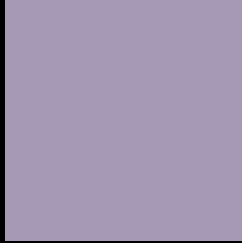
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 16.356, 308.538 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

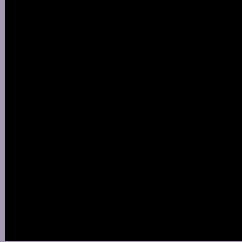
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 16.356, 308.538

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 16.356, 308.538.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 16.356, 308.538.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


65, 16.356, 308.538

Protanopia

65, 15.040, 287.710

Deuteranopia

65, 14.814, 302.952



Tritanopia
65, 7.360, 314.940

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 16.356, 308.538

Protanomaly
65, 15.091, 295.832

Deuteranomaly
65, 14.892, 304.330

Tritanomaly
65, 10.736, 311.417

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 16.356, 308.538

Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 5.892, 309.310

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 16.356, 308.538 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 153, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 153, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 153, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 153, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 16.356, 308.538 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 153, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 153, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 153, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 153, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 153, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 153,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 16.356, 308.538 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 153, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
153, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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