

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 19.143, 256.768)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 19.143, 256.768)
contains.

CIELCh(65, 19.258, 256.117)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(65, 19.258, 256.117)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80A2BF
RGB	128, 162, 191
RGB Percent	50%, 64%, 75%
CMY	0.4992, 0.3659, 0.2522
CMYK	0.33, 0.15, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	208°, 33%, 62%
HSV	208°, 33%, 75%
XYZ	31.0929, 34.0472, 54.0417
YIQ	155.1400, -29.5730, 1.8110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

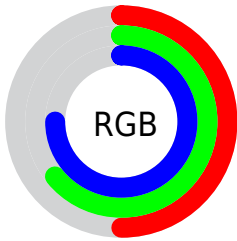
Format	Color
RYB	128, 150, 191
Decimal	8430271
CIELab	65.00, -4.62, -18.70
CIElCh	65, 19.258, 256.117
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2609, 0.2857
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286620351 (0xFF80A2BF)
YUV	155.1400, 17.6790, -23.8018
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -6.9953, -14.0674

Details

The CIELCh color $65, 19.258, 256.117$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699CC$. A complement of this color would be $67, 21.605, 67.151$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 19.088, 255.055$, and $45, 19.665, 257.494$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 24.767, 258.359$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69, 13.577, 254.248$.

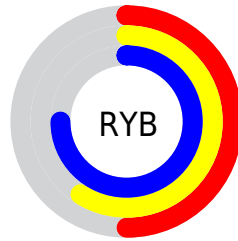
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (64%)

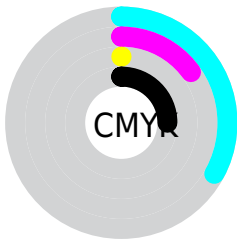
Blue (75%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (75%)

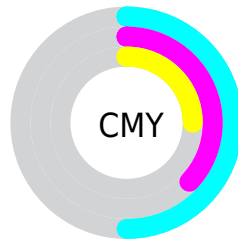


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (50%)


Magenta (37%)


Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 19.258, 256.117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 19.258, 256.117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 65, 19.258,
256.117


 65, 19.258,
256.117


 100, 19.258,
256.117


 55, 19.258,
256.117


 85, 19.258,
256.117

 45, 19.258,
256.117

 95, 19.258,
256.117

 35, 19.258,
256.117

 25, 19.258,
256.117

 15, 19.258,
256.117

 5, 19.258, 256.117

 0, 19.258, 256.117

65, 19.258,
256.117

65, 19.258,
256.117

61, 24.767,
258.359

69, 13.577,
254.248

58, 30.090,
261.044

72, 7.755, 252.704

76, 1.822, 251.554

55, 35.229,
264.228

80, 4.191, 70.145

51, 40.221,
267.942

84, 10.256, 69.261

48, 45.141,
272.159

87, 16.349, 68.473

91, 20.892, 72.721

45, 50.096,
276.772

93, 23.004, 85.716

43, 53.658,
279.992

95, 26.080, 95.989

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 19.258, 256.117



67, 21.605, 67.151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 19.258, 256.117



65, 19.258, 306.117



65, 19.258, 76.117



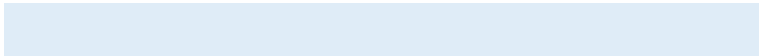
65, 19.258, 126.117

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 19.257, 256.114



93, 7.370, 252.317



72, 29.802, 158.048



49, 5.063, 252.505



99, 0.012, 296.813



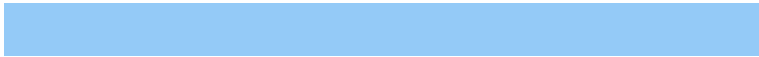
52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 19.257, 256.114



79, 28.531, 257.784



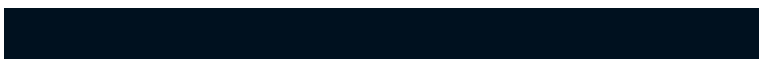
57, 34.201, 292.377



38, 3.355, 252.213



36, 46.099, 279.263



4, 11.102, 264.946

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 30.532, 344.527



73, 45.562, 345.386



75, 31.800, 104.783



37, 5.116, 342.270



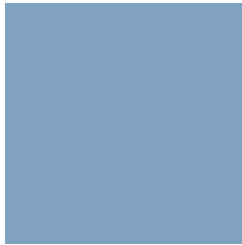
34, 59.905, 357.776



3, 14.280, 349.257

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 19.258, 256.117 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

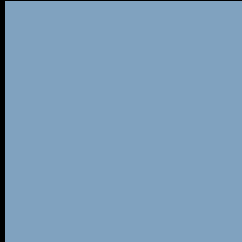
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 19.258, 256.117 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

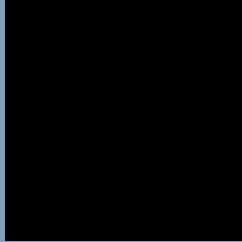
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

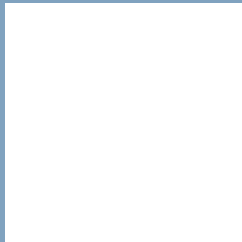
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 19.258, 256.117

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 19.258, 256.117.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 19.258, 256.117.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65, 19.258, 256.117

Protanopia

65, 17.296, 286.201

Deuteranopia

65, 21.178, 293.323



Tritanopia
65, 14.947, 227.525

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 19.258, 256.117

Protanomaly
65, 17.305, 274.614

Deuteranomaly
65, 19.770, 280.292

Tritanomaly
65, 16.053, 240.017

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 19.258, 256.117

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 7.444, 254.850

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 19.258, 256.117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 162, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 162, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 162, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 162, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 19.258, 256.117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 162, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 162, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 162, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 162, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 162, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 162,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 19.258, 256.117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 162, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
162, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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