

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 22.755, 256.183)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 22.755, 256.183)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(65, 22.940, 257.365)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79A2C5
RGB	121, 162, 197
RGB Percent	47%, 64%, 77%
CMY	0.5246, 0.3638, 0.2265
CMYK	0.39, 0.18, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	208°, 40%, 62%
HSV	208°, 39%, 77%
XYZ	30.9855, 34.0472, 57.9074
YIQ	153.7310, -35.6710, 2.1930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

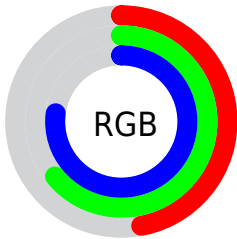
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	121, 148, 197
Decimal	7971525
CIE Lab	65.00, -5.02, -22.38
CIE LCh	65, 22.940, 257.365
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2520, 0.2769
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286161605 (0xFF79A2C5)
YUV	153.7310, 21.3316, -28.7051
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -7.3238, -17.9953

# Details

The CIELCh color `65, 22.940, 257.365` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be `67, 26.306, 66.547`, and the grayscale version is `64, 0.008, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `85, 22.939, 257.421`, and `45, 22.735, 256.314` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `61, 28.499, 259.853`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `69, 17.192, 255.289`.

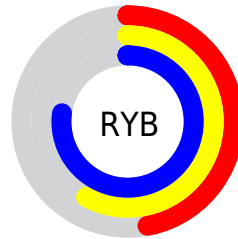
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (64%)

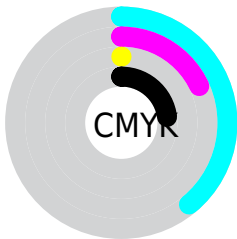
Blue (77%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (77%)

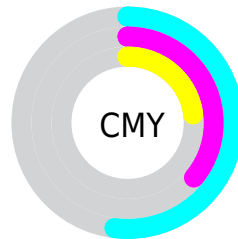


Cyan (39%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (23%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 22.940, 257.365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 22.940, 257.365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 65, 22.940,  
257.365


 65, 22.940,  
257.365


 100, 22.940,  
257.365


 55, 22.940,  
257.365


 85, 22.940,  
257.365

 45, 22.940,  
257.365

 95, 22.940,  
257.365

 35, 22.940,  
257.365

 25, 22.940,  
257.365

 15, 22.940,  
257.365

 5, 22.940, 257.365

 0, 22.940, 257.365

65, 22.940,  
257.365

65, 22.940,  
257.365

61, 28.499,  
259.853

69, 17.192,  
255.289

58, 33.866,  
262.820

72, 11.283,  
253.566

54, 39.062,  
266.310

76, 5.241, 252.157

51, 44.145,  
270.326

80, 0.899, 70.425

84, 7.108, 69.780

48, 49.214,  
274.797

88, 13.359, 68.931

45, 54.403,  
279.498

92, 18.553, 72.047

94, 20.799, 87.020

45, 55.189,  
280.152

96, 24.154, 98.341

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 22.940, 257.365



67, 26.306, 66.547

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 22.940, 257.365



65, 22.940, 307.365



65, 22.940, 77.365



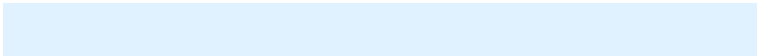
65, 22.940, 127.365

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 22.939, 257.363



94, 9.051, 252.634



74, 35.546, 157.408



50, 5.997, 252.818



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

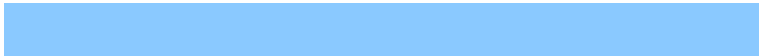


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 22.939, 257.363



79, 33.361, 259.363



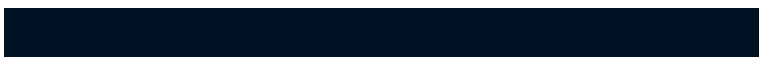
55, 41.484, 293.346



40, 3.504, 252.264



37, 47.336, 279.438



5, 13.390, 266.633





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 36.554, 345.171



72, 53.378, 346.175



77, 37.971, 104.223



39, 5.343, 342.295



35, 61.293, 357.917

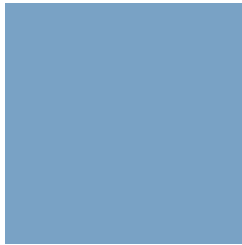


4, 18.270, 350.562



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 22.940, 257.365 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

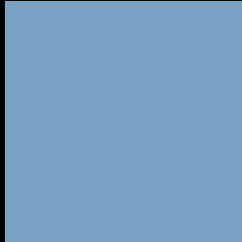
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 22.940, 257.365 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

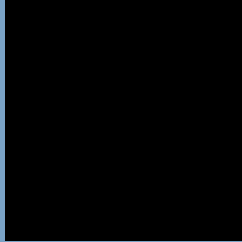
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

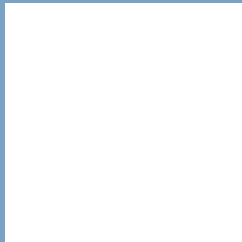
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 65, 22.940, 257.365

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 22.940, 257.365.

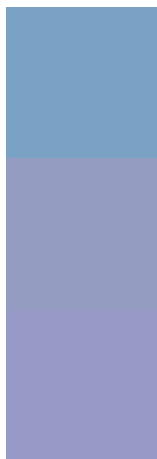


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 22.940, 257.365.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65, 22.940, 257.365

### Protanopia

65, 20.659, 285.681

### Deuteranopia

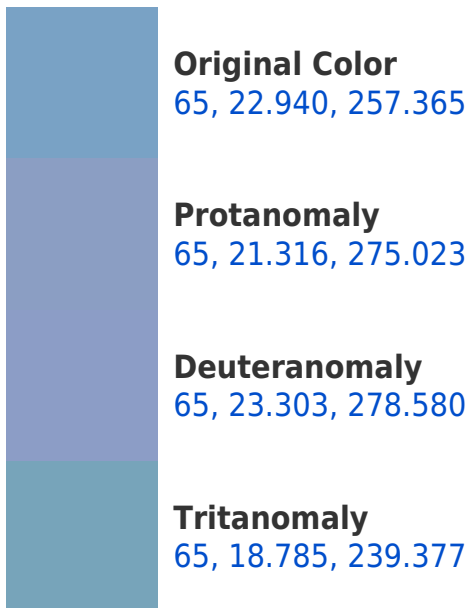
65, 25.055, 290.477



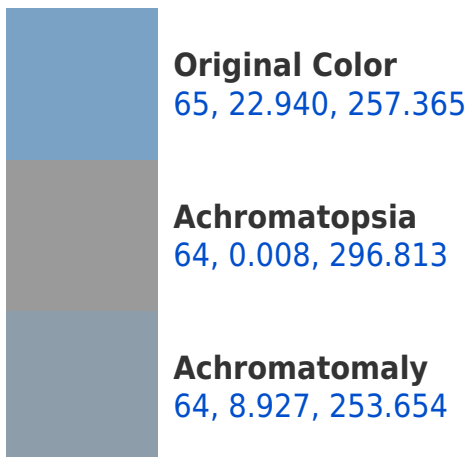
**Tritanopia**  
65, 17.551, 224.738



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 22.940, 257.365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 162, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 162, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 162, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 162, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 22.940, 257.365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 162, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 162, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 162, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 162, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 162, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 162,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 22.940, 257.365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 162, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
162, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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