

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 26.565, 228.233)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 26.565, 228.233)
contains.

CIELCh(65, 26.575, 228.185)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(65, 26.575, 228.185)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	58A8C0
RGB	88, 168, 192
RGB Percent	35%, 66%, 75%
CMY	0.6534, 0.3398, 0.2457
CMYK	0.54, 0.12, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	194°, 45%, 55%
HSV	194°, 54%, 75%
XYZ	27.6798, 34.0472, 55.1872
YIQ	146.8160, -55.3840, -9.4960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

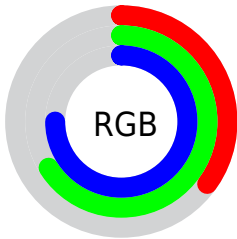
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 133, 192
Decimal	5810368
CIE _{Lab}	65.00, -17.72, -19.81
CIE _{LCh}	65, 26.575, 228.185
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2368, 0.2912
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284000448 (0xFF58A8C0)
YUV	146.8160, 22.2757, -51.5816
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -17.4363, -15.2313

Details

The CIELCh color **65, 26.575, 228.185** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **56, 39.680, 42.703**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 26.503, 228.068**, and **45, 26.496, 227.294** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 29.788, 230.217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 22.725, 226.605**.

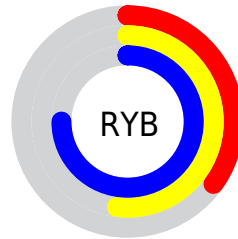
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (66%)

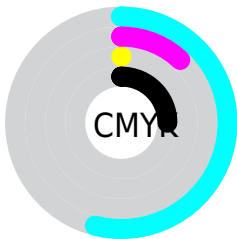
Blue (75%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (75%)

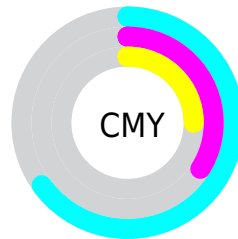


Cyan (54%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (65%)


Magenta (34%)


Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 26.575, 228.185 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 26.575, 228.185 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 65, 26.575,
228.185


 65, 26.575,
228.185


 100, 26.575,
228.185


 55, 26.575,
228.185


 85, 26.575,
228.185

 45, 26.575,
228.185

 95, 26.575,
228.185

 35, 26.575,
228.185

 25, 26.575,
228.185

 15, 26.575,
228.185

 5, 26.575, 228.185

 0, 26.575, 228.185

65, 26.575,
228.185

65, 26.575,
228.185

63, 29.788,
230.217

67, 22.725,
226.605

61, 32.339,
232.794

69, 18.300,
225.398

59, 34.253,
235.996

72, 13.379,
224.492

58, 35.628,
239.871

74, 8.045, 223.835

57, 36.329,
242.367

77, 2.378, 223.489

79, 3.549, 42.770

82, 9.674, 42.619

85, 15.945, 42.483

87, 19.942, 45.011

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 26.575, 228.185



56, 39.680, 42.703

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 26.575, 228.185



65, 26.575, 278.185



65, 26.575, 48.185



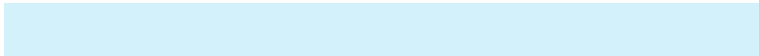
65, 26.575, 98.185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 26.574, 228.184



93, 11.261, 223.959



70, 57.547, 146.116



49, 7.558, 224.087



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 26.574, 228.184



80, 36.944, 230.680



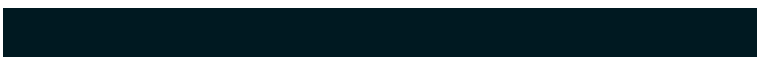
50, 43.786, 284.762



40, 3.304, 223.612



48, 31.706, 241.715



7, 10.338, 233.139

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 56.769, 335.423



63, 80.931, 336.429



68, 42.351, 87.972



38, 6.152, 332.195



36, 68.608, 339.940



4, 19.448, 336.214

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 26.575, 228.185 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

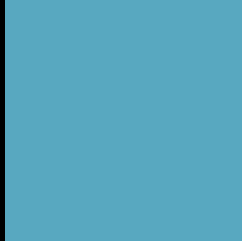
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 26.575, 228.185 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

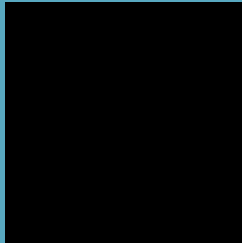
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 26.575, 228.185

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 26.575, 228.185.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 26.575, 228.185.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
65, 26.575, 228.185

Protanopia
65, 15.642, 285.361

Deuteranopia
65, 23.388, 290.952



Tritanopia
65, 26.412, 214.753

Trichromacy



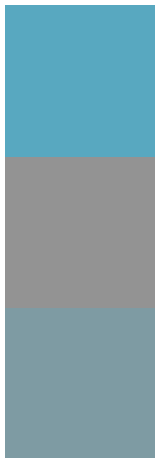
Original Color
65, 26.575, 228.185

Protanomaly
64, 18.095, 255.497

Deuteranomaly
64, 21.939, 265.721

Tritanomaly
65, 26.311, 220.141

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 26.575, 228.185

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 11.146, 222.458

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 26.575, 228.185 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 168, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 168, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 168, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 168, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 26.575, 228.185 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 168, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 168, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 168, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 168, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 168, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 168,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 26.575, 228.185 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 168, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 168,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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