

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 28.123, 179.316)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 28.123, 179.316)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(65, 28.281, 178.611)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5DAC9C
RGB	93, 172, 156
RGB Percent	36%, 67%, 61%
CMY	0.6368, 0.3270, 0.3898
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.09, 0.33
HSL	168°, 32%, 52%
HSV	168°, 46%, 67%
XYZ	25.1187, 34.0472, 36.5283
YIQ	146.5550, -41.9480, -21.7240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

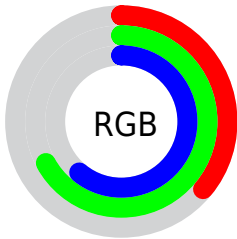
Format	Color
RYB	93, 137, 172
Decimal	6139036
CIELab	65.00, -28.27, 0.69
CIELCh	65, 28.281, 178.611
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2625, 0.3558
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284329116 (0xFF5DAC9C)
YUV	146.5550, 4.6564, -46.9677
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -25.2712, 3.7282

Details

The CIELCh color **65, 28.281, 178.611** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **49, 34.344, 9.044**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 28.445, 177.946**, and **45, 28.169, 178.986** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 33.149, 177.432**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 22.830, 179.697**.

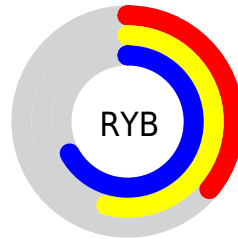
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (67%)

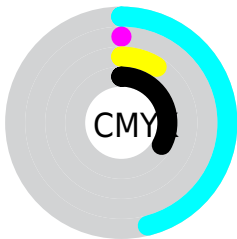
Blue (61%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (67%)

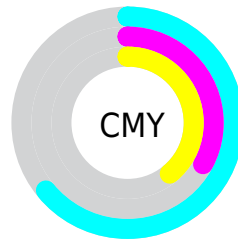


Cyan (46%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (64%)


Magenta (33%)


Yellow (39%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 28.281, 178.611 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 28.281, 178.611 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 65, 28.281,
178.611


 65, 28.281,
178.611


 100, 28.281,
178.611


 55, 28.281,
178.611


 85, 28.281,
178.611

 45, 28.281,
178.611

 95, 28.281,
178.611

 35, 28.281,
178.611

 25, 28.281,
178.611

 15, 28.281,
178.611

 5, 28.281, 178.611

 0, 28.281, 178.611

65, 28.281,
178.611

65, 28.281,
178.611

64, 33.149,
177.432

66, 22.830,
179.697

64, 37.342,
176.143

67, 16.901,
180.713

63, 40.803,
174.720

68, 10.604,
181.680

63, 43.520,
173.142

69, 4.044, 182.652

63, 45.553,
171.401

71, 2.685, 3.232

72, 9.504, 4.182

63, 46.282,
170.711

74, 16.349, 5.000

76, 23.168, 5.779

78, 29.925, 6.530

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 28.281, 178.611



49, 34.344, 9.044

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 28.281, 178.611



65, 28.281, 228.611



65, 28.281, 358.611



65, 28.281, 48.611

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 28.282, 178.609



86, 11.439, 181.850



65, 49.283, 135.771



46, 7.935, 181.650



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 28.282, 178.609



81, 40.107, 177.442



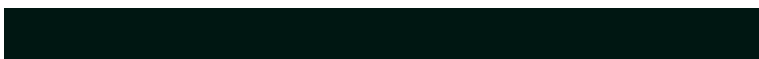
59, 21.494, 234.614



36, 3.811, 182.322



55, 41.899, 170.925



6, 8.442, 177.693

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 34.344, 9.044



58, 50.901, 11.249



54, 29.091, 47.525



34, 3.951, 3.855



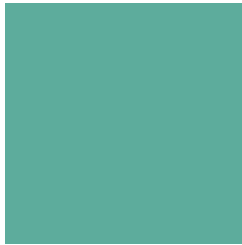
31, 62.084, 28.301



2, 8.048, 5.945

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 28.281, 178.611 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 28.281, 178.611 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

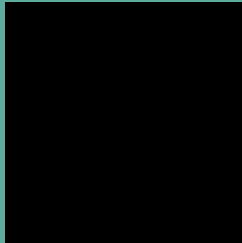
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 28.281, 178.611

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 28.281, 178.611.

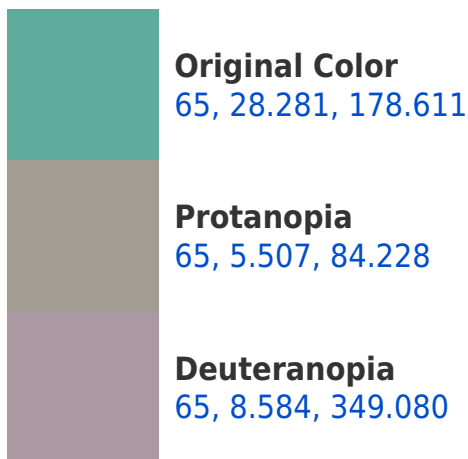



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 28.281, 178.611.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
65, 22.503, 216.646

Trichromacy



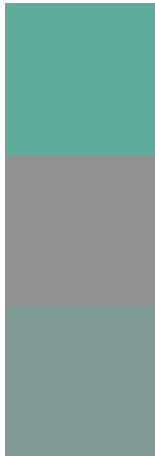
Original Color
65, 28.281, 178.611

Protanomaly
64, 11.654, 163.451

Deuteranomaly
64, 6.373, 193.872

Tritanomaly
65, 23.358, 201.625

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 28.281, 178.611

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 11.028, 180.586

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 28.281, 178.611 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 172, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 172, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 172, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 172, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 28.281, 178.611 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 172, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 172, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 172, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 172, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 172, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 172,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 28.281, 178.611 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 172, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 172,  
156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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