

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 28.255, 258.496)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 28.255, 258.496)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(65, 28.464, 258.591)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6EA3CF
RGB	110, 163, 207
RGB Percent	43%, 64%, 81%
CMY	0.5683, 0.3605, 0.1879
CMYK	0.47, 0.21, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	207°, 50%, 62%
HSV	207°, 47%, 81%
XYZ	30.8203, 34.0472, 64.0259
YIQ	152.1690, -45.7120, 2.4480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

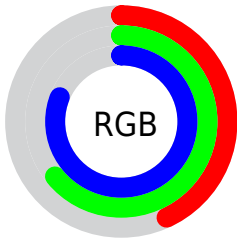
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	110, 144, 207
Decimal	7250895
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.00, -5.63, -27.90
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 28.464, 258.591
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2391, 0.2641
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285440975 (0xFF6EA3CF)
YUV	152.1690, 27.0317, -36.9822
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -7.8292, -24.2124

# Details

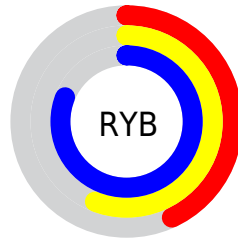
The CIELCh color `65, 28.464, 258.591` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be `68, 33.989, 64.862`, and the grayscale version is `63, 0.008, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `85, 24.723, 251.103`, and `45, 28.452, 258.631` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `61, 33.997, 261.484`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `69, 22.713, 256.171`.

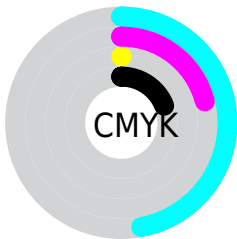
# Distribution



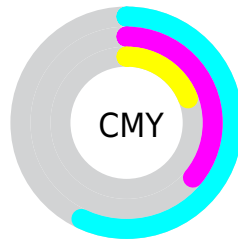
- Red (43%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (19%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 28.464, 258.591 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 28.464, 258.591 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 65, 28.464,  
258.591


 65, 28.464,  
258.591


 100, 28.464,  
258.591


 55, 28.464,  
258.591


 85, 28.464,  
258.591

 45, 28.464,  
258.591

 95, 28.464,  
258.591

 35, 28.464,  
258.591

 25, 28.464,  
258.591

 15, 28.464,  
258.591

 5, 28.464, 258.591

 0, 28.464, 258.591

65, 28.464,  
258.591

65, 28.464,  
258.591

61, 33.997,  
261.484

69, 22.713,  
256.171

58, 39.330,  
264.904

73, 16.759,  
254.161

54, 44.518,  
268.865

76, 10.630,  
252.497

51, 49.659,  
273.311

80, 4.360, 251.153

48, 54.883,  
278.075

84, 2.016, 69.678

47, 56.589,  
279.527

88, 8.464, 68.843

92, 14.949, 68.052

95, 17.144, 87.335

97, 20.771,  
100.925



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 28.464, 258.591



68, 33.989, 64.862

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 28.464, 258.591



65, 28.464, 308.591



65, 28.464, 78.591



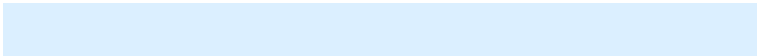
65, 28.464, 128.591

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 28.463, 258.590



93, 10.489, 252.105



76, 44.446, 156.345



49, 7.226, 252.424



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



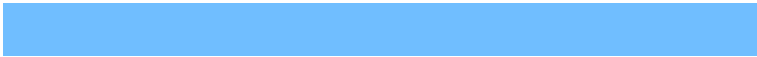


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 28.463, 258.590



75, 39.669, 261.432



52, 53.389, 294.973



42, 3.635, 251.464



39, 47.851, 278.768



7, 15.212, 267.280



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 46.071, 345.812



67, 63.971, 347.195



80, 47.585, 103.392



41, 5.594, 341.943



36, 62.810, 357.385

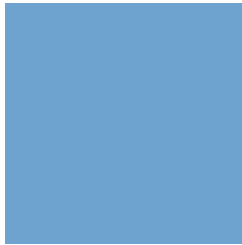


5, 22.325, 350.903



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 28.464, 258.591 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

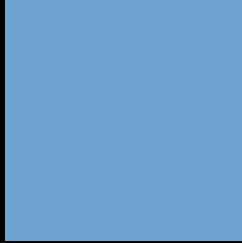
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 28.464, 258.591 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 65, 28.464, 258.591**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 28.464, 258.591.

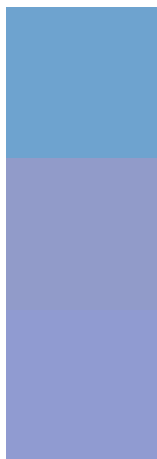


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 28.464, 258.591.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65, 28.464, 258.591

### Protanopia

65, 25.721, 285.455

### Deuteranopia

65, 30.132, 286.526



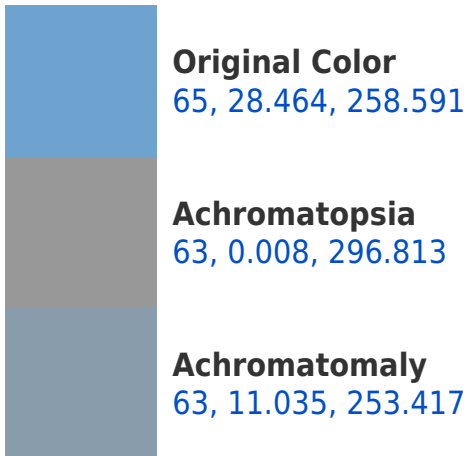


**Tritanopia**  
65, 22.016, 217.115

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 28.464, 258.591 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 163, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 163, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 163, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 163, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 28.464, 258.591 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 163, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 163, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 163, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 163, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 163, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 163,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 28.464, 258.591 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 163, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
163, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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