

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 3.144, 233.953)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 3.144, 233.953) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(65, 3.083, 232.132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	989FA2
RGB	152, 159, 162
RGB Percent	60%, 62%, 64%
CMY	0.4042, 0.3767, 0.3650
CMYK	0.06, 0.02, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	198°, 5%, 62%
HSV	198°, 6%, 64%
XYZ	31.8374, 34.0472, 39.0437
YIQ	157.2490, -5.1350, -0.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

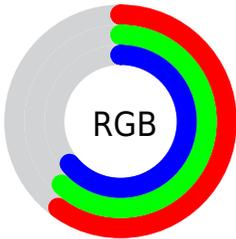
Format	Color
RYB	152, 156, 162
Decimal	10002338
CIELab	65.00, -1.89, -2.43
CIElCh	65, 3.083, 232.132
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3034, 0.3245
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288192418 (0xFF989FA2)
YUV	157.2490, 2.3422, -4.6034
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -4.7176, 1.1722

Details

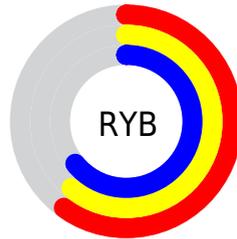
The CIELCh color $65, 3.083, 232.132$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64, 3.179, 50.995$, and the grayscale version is $65, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 3.231, 228.660$, and $45, 3.023, 222.491$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 7.905, 232.872$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68, 1.937, 51.059$.

Distribution



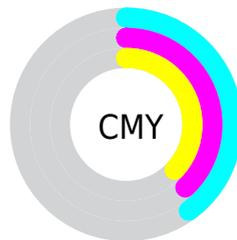
- Red (60%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 3.083, 232.132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 3.083, 232.132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65, 3.083, 232.132

■ 65, 3.083, 232.132

■ 100, 3.083,
232.132

■ 55, 3.083, 232.132

■ 85, 3.083, 232.132

■ 45, 3.083, 232.132

■ 95, 3.083, 232.132

■ 35, 3.083, 232.132

■ 25, 3.083, 232.132

■ 15, 3.083, 232.132

■ 5, 3.083, 232.132

■ 0, 3.083, 232.132

■ 65, 3.083, 232.132

■ 65, 3.083, 232.132

■ 62, 7.905, 232.872

■ 68, 1.937, 51.059

60, 12.477,
233.939

70, 7.107, 50.688

58, 16.743,
235.305

73, 12.390, 50.293

55, 20.645,
237.034

76, 17.753, 49.972

53, 24.134,
239.205

81, 28.614, 49.513

51, 27.179,
241.904

83, 30.364, 52.977

49, 29.783,
245.213

84, 30.230, 58.607

47, 31.995,
249.182

85, 30.397, 64.228

46, 33.935,
253.766

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 3.083, 232.132



64, 3.179, 50.995

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 3.083, 232.132



65, 3.083, 282.132



65, 3.083, 52.132



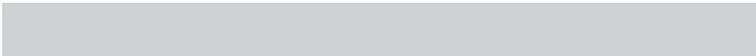
65, 3.083, 102.132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 3.083, 232.100



84, 1.254, 232.081



66, 5.538, 153.262



45, 0.719, 232.098



93, 0.011, 296.813



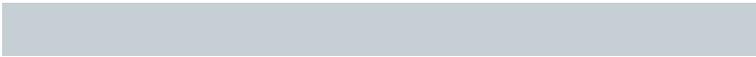
45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

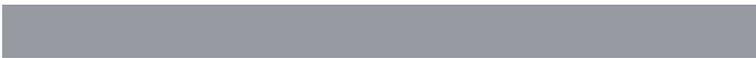
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 3.083, 232.100



83, 4.337, 232.155



64, 4.437, 280.129



34, 2.268, 232.172



40, 31.918, 255.011



3, 4.486, 238.595

Inverse Universe

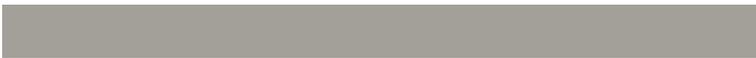
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 5.497, 334.633



81, 7.755, 334.705



66, 4.399, 98.661



33, 4.058, 334.726



32, 60.951, 344.453



1, 7.533, 336.666

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 3.083, 232.132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 3.083, 232.132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

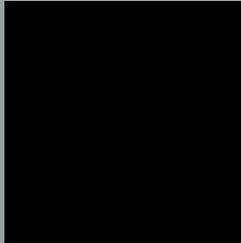
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

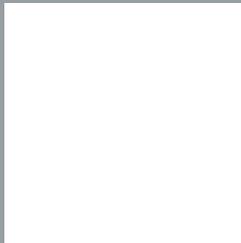
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 3.083, 232.132

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 3.083, 232.132.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 3.083, 232.132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

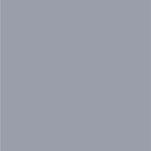
65, 3.083, 232.132

Protanopia

65, 2.365, 309.132

Deuteranopia

65, 8.581, 339.902



Tritanopia
65, 6.884, 275.422

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 3.083, 232.132

Protanomaly
65, 1.824, 265.939

Deuteranomaly
65, 5.419, 324.664

Tritanomaly
65, 5.303, 270.294

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 3.083, 232.132

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 1.260, 225.883

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 3.083, 232.132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 159, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 159, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 159, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 159, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 3.083, 232.132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 159, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 159, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 159, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 159, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 159, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 159,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 3.083, 232.132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 159, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
159, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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