

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 30.597, 137.706)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 30.597, 137.706)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(65, 30.630, 137.696)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(65, 30.630, 137.696)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81A878
RGB	129, 168, 120
RGB Percent	51%, 66%, 47%
CMY	0.4940, 0.3410, 0.5293
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.29, 0.34
HSL	109°, 22%, 56%
HSV	109°, 29%, 66%
XYZ	26.4616, 34.0472, 22.9583
YIQ	150.8670, -7.8360, -23.1960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

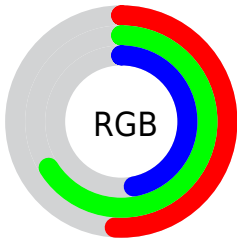
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	120, 168, 159
Decimal	8497272
CIELab	65.00, -22.65, 20.62
CIELCh	65, 30.630, 137.696
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3170, 0.4079
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286687352 (0xFF81A878)
YUV	150.8670, -15.2174, -19.1774
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -21.1630, 17.5168

# Details

The CIELCh color **65, 30.630, 137.696** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **56, 30.998, 320.438**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 30.148, 137.683**, and **45, 30.716, 137.382** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 41.206, 137.051**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 19.894, 138.285**.

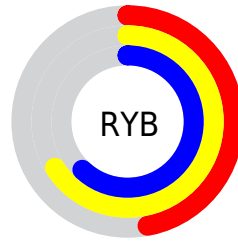
# Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (66%)

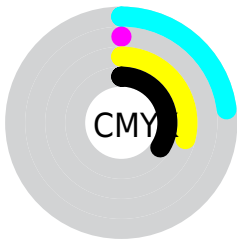
Blue (47%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (62%)

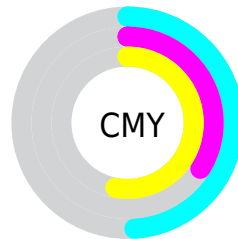


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (34%)


Yellow (53%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 30.630, 137.696 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 30.630, 137.696 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 65, 30.630,  
137.696


 65, 30.630,  
137.696


 100, 30.630,  
137.696


 55, 30.630,  
137.696


 85, 30.630,  
137.696

 45, 30.630,  
137.696

 95, 30.630,  
137.696

 35, 30.630,  
137.696

 25, 30.630,  
137.696

 15, 30.630,  
137.696

 5, 30.630, 137.696

 0, 30.630, 137.696

65, 30.630,  
137.696

65, 30.630,  
137.696

64, 41.206,  
137.051

66, 19.894,  
138.285

63, 51.420,  
136.366

68, 9.139, 138.814

69, 1.528, 319.124

62, 61.010,  
135.683

71, 12.033,  
319.621

61, 69.630,  
135.077

72, 22.324,  
319.964

61, 76.852,  
134.654

74, 32.370,  
320.253

60, 82.238,  
134.540


76, 42.151,  
320.499

60, 85.707,  
134.725

78, 51.661,  
320.708

60, 86.142,

134.733

 80, 53.818,  
325.270

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 30.630, 137.696



56, 30.998, 320.438

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 30.630, 137.696



65, 30.630, 187.696



65, 30.630, 317.696



65, 30.630, 7.696

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 30.631, 137.697



86, 11.928, 138.783



65, 21.526, 97.126



45, 8.283, 138.711



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 30.631, 137.697



82, 45.203, 137.312



65, 26.207, 152.044



35, 6.047, 138.777



53, 78.329, 134.635



5, 11.096, 139.955



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 30.998, 320.438



68, 45.837, 320.698



56, 26.479, 336.305



33, 6.079, 319.572



30, 78.284, 321.261



2, 10.825, 317.408



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 30.630, 137.696 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 30.630, 137.696 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

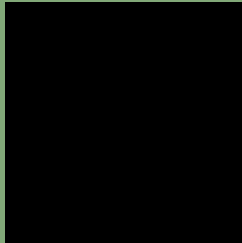
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 65, 30.630, 137.696

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 30.630, 137.696.

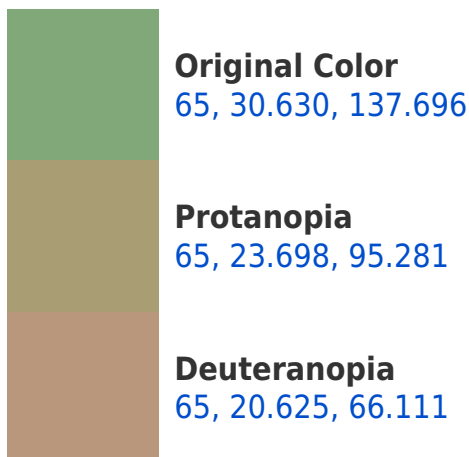


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 30.630, 137.696.

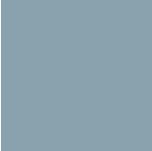
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
65, 10.725, 241.458

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 30.630, 137.696

**Protanomaly**  
65, 24.313, 114.440

**Deuteranomaly**  
65, 18.993, 99.330

**Tritanomaly**  
65, 12.243, 171.326

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 30.630, 137.696

**Achromatopsia**  
62, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
63, 10.979, 139.021

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 30.630, 137.696 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 168, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 168, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 168, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 168, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 30.630, 137.696 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 168, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 168, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 168, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 168, 120); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 168, 120); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 168, 120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 30.630, 137.696 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 168, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
168, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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