

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 32.087, 292.929)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 32.087, 292.929)
contains.

CIELCh(65, 31.718, 292.851)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(65, 31.718, 292.851)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9899D2
RGB	152, 153, 210
RGB Percent	60%, 60%, 82%
CMY	0.4044, 0.4005, 0.1770
CMYK	0.28, 0.27, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	239°, 39%, 71%
HSV	239°, 28%, 82%
XYZ	35.9080, 34.0472, 65.5594
YIQ	159.1990, -18.8930, 17.5150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

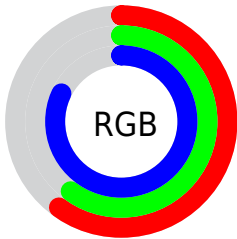
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 153, 210
Decimal	10000850
CIE _{Lab}	65.00, 12.32, -29.23
CIE _{LCh}	65, 31.718, 292.851
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2650, 0.2512
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288190930 (0xFF9899D2)
YUV	159.1990, 25.0449, -6.3135
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 7.7349, -25.7706

Details

The CIELCh color `65, 31.718, 292.851` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be `83, 29.752, 106.774`, and the grayscale version is `65, 0.008, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `85, 25.318, 292.307`, and `45, 31.633, 292.661` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `58, 44.118, 294.486`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `72, 19.828, 291.455`.

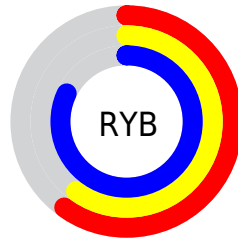
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (60%)

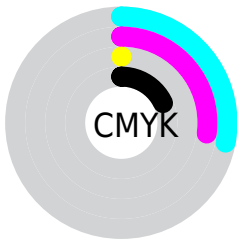
Blue (82%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (82%)

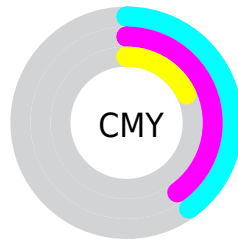


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 31.718, 292.851 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 31.718, 292.851 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65, 31.718,
292.851

■ 65, 31.718,
292.851

■ 100, 31.718,
292.851

■ 55, 31.718,
292.851

■ 85, 31.718,
292.851

■ 45, 31.718,
292.851

■ 95, 31.718,
292.851

■ 35, 31.718,
292.851

■ 25, 31.718,
292.851

■ 15, 31.718,
292.851

■ 5, 31.718, 292.851

■ 0, 31.718, 292.851

65, 31.718,
292.851

65, 31.718,
292.851

58, 44.118,
294.486

72, 19.828,
291.455

51, 57.034,
296.377

79, 8.419, 290.275

45, 70.379,
298.503

86, 2.546, 109.232

38, 83.834,
300.770

93, 13.101,
108.400

33, 96.595,
302.977

99, 22.799,
108.450

29, 107.149,
304.807

26, 113.687,
305.933

26, 114.781,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 31.718, 292.851



83, 29.752, 106.774

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 31.718, 292.851



65, 31.718, 342.851



65, 31.718, 112.851



65, 31.718, 162.851

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 31.717, 292.851



94, 10.342, 290.325



80, 19.543, 194.974



49, 7.371, 290.492



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 31.717, 292.851



73, 44.902, 293.758



67, 33.538, 309.287



40, 6.259, 290.470



20, 97.197, 306.054



2, 25.245, 292.820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 23.328, 20.302



78, 33.302, 21.035



81, 32.181, 126.588



41, 4.459, 18.527



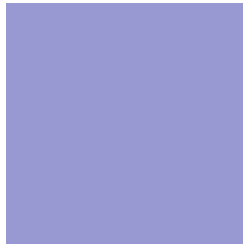
35, 75.732, 39.162



4, 20.016, 18.660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 31.718, 292.851 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

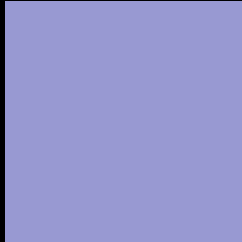
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 31.718, 292.851 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

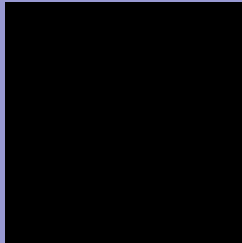
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 31.718, 292.851

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 31.718, 292.851.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 31.718, 292.851.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

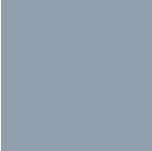
65, 31.718, 292.851

Protanopia

65, 31.285, 285.193

Deuteranopia

65, 30.132, 286.526



Tritanopia
65, 9.108, 251.819

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 31.718, 292.851

Protanomaly
65, 31.178, 288.055

Deuteranomaly
65, 30.625, 289.093

Tritanomaly
65, 16.409, 279.643

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 31.718, 292.851

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 11.119, 289.485

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 31.718, 292.851 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 153, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 153, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 153, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 153, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 31.718, 292.851 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 153, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 153, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 153, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 153, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 153, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 153,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 31.718, 292.851 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 153, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
153, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor