

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 35.932, 123.964)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 35.932, 123.964)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(65, 35.739, 123.489)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8DA667
RGB	141, 166, 103
RGB Percent	55%, 65%, 40%
CMY	0.4460, 0.3479, 0.5950
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.38, 0.35
HSL	84°, 26%, 53%
HSV	84°, 38%, 65%
XYZ	27.1813, 34.0472, 18.0410
YIQ	151.3430, 5.3230, -24.8930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

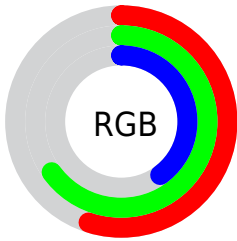
Format	Color
RYB	103, 166, 128
Decimal	9283175
CIELab	65.00, -19.72, 29.81
CIElCh	65, 35.739, 123.489
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3429, 0.4295
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287473255 (0xFF8DA667)
YUV	151.3430, -23.8331, -9.0708
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -18.9613, 22.5133

Details

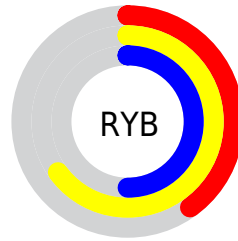
The CIELCh color **65, 35.739, 123.489** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **48, 38.192, 307.579**, and the grayscale version is **63, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 35.638, 123.754**, and **45, 35.467, 123.332** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 44.725, 123.030**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 26.459, 123.994**.

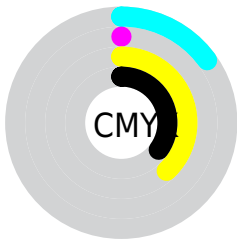
Distribution



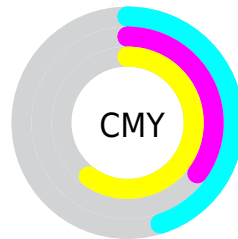
- Red (55%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 35.739, 123.489 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 35.739, 123.489 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 65, 35.739,
123.489


 65, 35.739,
123.489


 100, 35.739,
123.489

 55, 35.739,
123.489


 85, 35.739,
123.489

 45, 35.739,
123.489

 95, 35.739,
123.489

 35, 35.739,
123.489

 25, 35.739,
123.489

 15, 35.739,
123.489

 5, 35.739, 123.489

 0, 35.739, 123.489

■ 65, 35.739,
123.489

■ 65, 35.739,
123.489

■ 64, 44.725,
123.030

■ 66, 26.459,
123.994

■ 64, 53.214,
122.664

■ 67, 17.017,
124.508

■ 63, 60.922,
122.468

■ 67, 7.507, 125.014

■ 63, 67.479,
122.544

■ 68, 2.005, 305.447

■ 62, 72.482,
123.011

■ 69, 11.474,
305.926

■ 62, 75.832,
123.900

■ 71, 20.866,
306.345

■ 62, 76.478,
124.087

■ 72, 30.157,
306.729

■ 73, 39.330,
307.079

■ 74, 48.373,
307.398

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 35.739, 123.489



48, 38.192, 307.579

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 35.739, 123.489



65, 35.739, 173.489



65, 35.739, 303.489



65, 35.739, 353.489

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 35.740, 123.491



85, 12.977, 124.848



56, 22.203, 58.392



45, 8.790, 124.782



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 35.740, 123.491



82, 52.262, 123.120



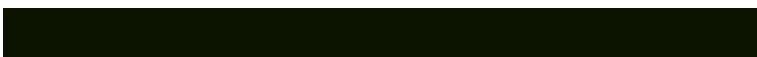
63, 41.060, 138.934



35, 5.433, 124.944



55, 70.085, 123.931



5, 10.093, 128.172

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 38.192, 307.579



58, 56.777, 308.122



52, 41.386, 322.987



33, 5.521, 305.840



20, 84.777, 309.997



1, 9.848, 303.350

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 35.739, 123.489 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 35.739, 123.489 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

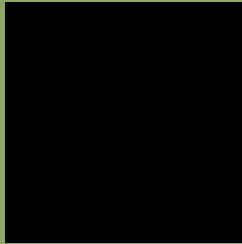
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 35.739, 123.489

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 35.739, 123.489.

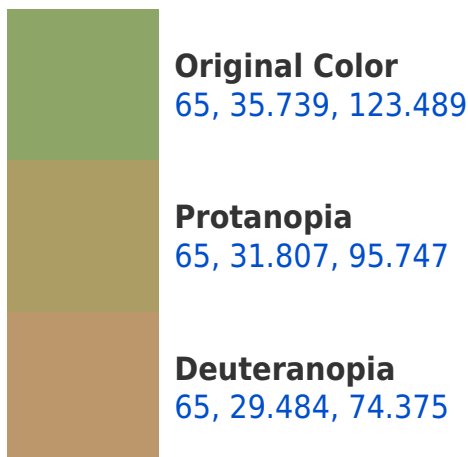


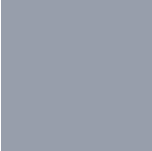
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 35.739, 123.489.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
65, 7.615, 271.339

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 35.739, 123.489

Protanomaly
65, 32.139, 106.697

Deuteranomaly
65, 28.660, 94.987

Tritanomaly
65, 9.974, 142.173

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 35.739, 123.489

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 13.279, 124.471

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 35.739, 123.489 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 166, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 166, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 166, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 166, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 35.739, 123.489 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 166, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 166, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 166, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 166, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 166, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 166,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 35.739, 123.489 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 166, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
166, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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