

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 37.175, 234.146)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 37.175, 234.146)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(65, 37.221, 234.520)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	18ABD3
RGB	24, 171, 211
RGB Percent	9%, 67%, 83%
CMY	0.9051, 0.3292, 0.1723
CMYK	0.89, 0.19, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	193°, 79%, 46%
HSV	193°, 89%, 83%
XYZ	26.7176, 34.0472, 66.8264
YIQ	131.6070, -100.4520, -18.7240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

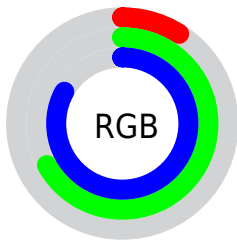
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	24, 106, 211
Decimal	1616851
CIE Lab	65.00, -21.60, -30.31
CIE LCh	65, 37.221, 234.520
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2094, 0.2668
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279806931 (0xFF18ABD3)
YUV	131.6070, 39.1407, -94.3713
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -20.3797, -27.0580

# Details

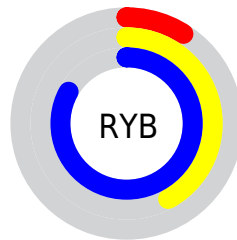
The CIELCh color **65, 37.221, 234.520** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **49, 77.332, 43.691**, and the grayscale version is **55, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84, 34.929, 223.739**, and **46, 31.186, 242.921** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 38.305, 238.445**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 35.616, 231.211**.

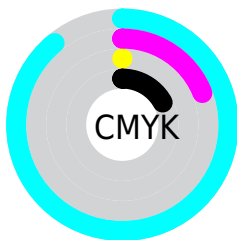
# Distribution



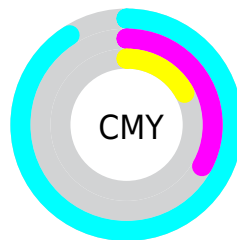
- Red (9%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 37.221, 234.520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 37.221, 234.520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 65, 37.221,  
234.520


 65, 37.221,  
234.520


 100, 37.221,  
234.520


 55, 37.221,  
234.520


 85, 37.221,  
234.520

 45, 37.221,  
234.520

 95, 37.221,  
234.520

 35, 37.221,  
234.520

 25, 37.221,  
234.520

 15, 37.221,  
234.520

 5, 37.221, 234.520

 0, 37.221, 234.520

65, 37.221,  
234.520

65, 37.221,  
234.520

64, 38.305,  
238.445

67, 35.616,  
231.211

63, 38.459,  
239.031

68, 33.321,  
228.539

70, 30.276,  
226.430

72, 26.491,  
224.796

75, 22.022,  
223.552

77, 16.952,  
222.625

80, 11.374,  
221.955

82, 5.382, 221.519



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 37.221, 234.520



49, 77.332, 43.691

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 37.221, 234.520



65, 37.221, 284.520



65, 37.221, 54.520



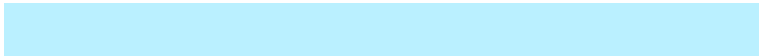
65, 37.221, 104.520

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 37.220, 234.520



92, 18.779, 222.528



74, 92.123, 140.190



48, 12.499, 222.806



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



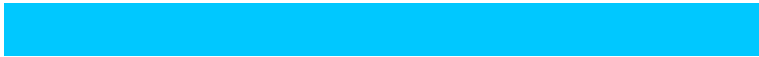


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 37.220, 234.520



75, 44.431, 239.536



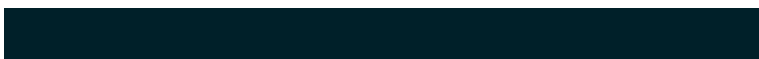
39, 79.031, 294.842



43, 3.541, 221.545



51, 32.420, 238.303



11, 12.202, 229.311



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 83.625, 337.814



58, 97.638, 339.292



68, 68.597, 81.046



41, 6.629, 331.586



38, 71.825, 338.933



5, 26.368, 336.336



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 37.221, 234.520 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 37.221, 234.520 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

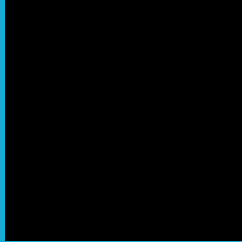
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 65, 37.221, 234.520

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 37.221, 234.520.

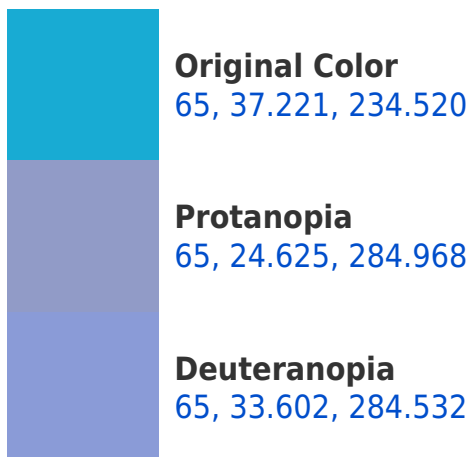


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 37.221, 234.520.

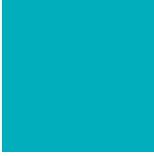
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
65, 36.298, 209.212

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 37.221, 234.520



**Protanomaly**  
64, 28.599, 254.127



**Deuteranomaly**  
64, 33.671, 260.767



**Tritanomaly**  
65, 35.916, 218.018

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 37.221, 234.520



**Achromatopsia**  
55, 0.007, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
58, 19.086, 224.810

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 37.221, 234.520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 171, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 171, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 171, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 171, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 37.221, 234.520 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

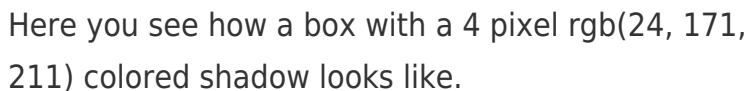
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 171, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 171, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 171, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 171, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 171, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 171,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 37.221, 234.520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 171, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 171,  
211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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