

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 40.191, 147.281)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 40.191, 147.281)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(65, 40.075, 147.396)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	68AD76
RGB	104, 173, 118
RGB Percent	41%, 68%, 46%
CMY	0.5929, 0.3223, 0.5380
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.32, 0.32
HSL	132°, 30%, 54%
HSV	132°, 40%, 68%
XYZ	23.8519, 34.0472, 22.3973
YIQ	146.0990, -23.4690, -31.7330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

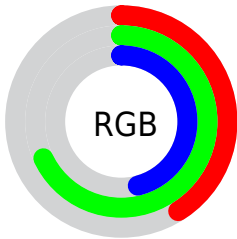
Format	Color
RYB	104, 161, 173
Decimal	6860150
CIELab	65.00, -33.76, 21.59
CIELCh	65, 40.075, 147.396
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2970, 0.4240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285050230 (0xFF68AD76)
YUV	146.0990, -13.8528, -36.9208
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -29.1464, 18.0868

Details

The CIELCh color $65, 40.075, 147.396$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $53, 40.200, 333.219$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 40.308, 147.120$, and $45, 40.179, 147.468$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64, 49.560, 146.245$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 30.198, 148.397$.

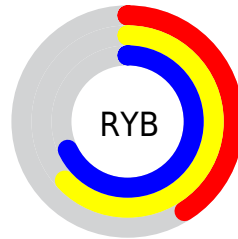
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (68%)

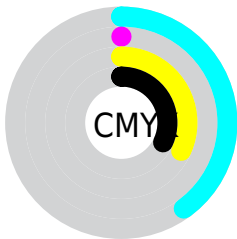
Blue (46%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (68%)

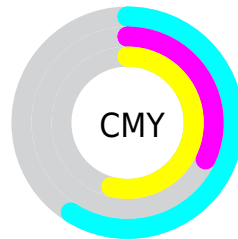


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (59%)


Magenta (32%)


Yellow (54%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 40.075, 147.396 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 40.075, 147.396 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 65, 40.075,
147.396


 65, 40.075,
147.396


 100, 40.075,
147.396


 55, 40.075,
147.396


 85, 40.075,
147.396

 45, 40.075,
147.396

 95, 40.075,
147.396

 35, 40.075,
147.396

 25, 40.075,
147.396

 15, 40.075,
147.396

 5, 40.075, 147.396

 0, 40.075, 147.396

■ 65, 40.075,
147.396

■ 65, 40.075,
147.396

■ 64, 49.560,
146.245

■ 66, 30.198,
148.397

■ 63, 58.440,
144.934

■ 68, 20.114,
149.264

■ 63, 66.495,
143.470

■ 69, 9.980, 150.023

■ 62, 73.514,
141.884

■ 71, 0.080, 327.184

■ 72, 9.976, 331.170

■ 62, 79.309,
140.241

■ 74, 19.642,
331.672

■ 62, 83.828,
138.722

■ 76, 29.039,
332.105

■ 62, 83.857,
138.712

■ 79, 38.143,
332.486

■ 80, 46.076,
331.216

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 40.075, 147.396



53, 40.200, 333.219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 40.075, 147.396



65, 40.075, 197.396



65, 40.075, 327.396



65, 40.075, 17.396

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 40.076, 147.396



87, 14.940, 149.857



68, 37.425, 115.314



46, 9.903, 149.765



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 40.076, 147.396



81, 59.017, 146.377



66, 26.991, 171.910



36, 5.705, 150.067



54, 75.381, 138.907



6, 12.347, 149.359

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 40.200, 333.219



64, 58.969, 333.849



52, 30.373, 0.708



34, 5.724, 331.176



34, 66.769, 338.145



2, 11.404, 333.340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 40.075, 147.396 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

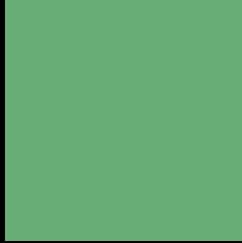
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 40.075, 147.396 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

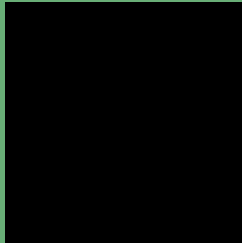
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 40.075, 147.396

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 40.075, 147.396.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 40.075, 147.396.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
65, 40.075, 147.396

Protanopia
65, 25.827, 95.996

Deuteranopia
65, 21.057, 67.018



Tritanopia
65, 17.379, 222.955

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 40.075, 147.396

Protanomaly
64, 28.369, 122.434

Deuteranomaly
64, 20.992, 112.422

Tritanomaly
65, 21.064, 179.046

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 40.075, 147.396

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 14.897, 149.477

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 40.075, 147.396 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 173, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 173, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 173, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 173, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 40.075, 147.396 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

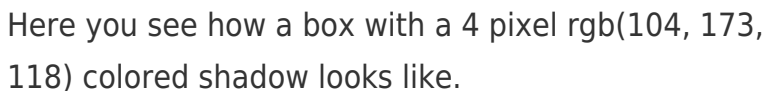
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 173, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 173, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 173, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 173, 118); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 173, 118); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 173, 118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 40.075, 147.396 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 173, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
173, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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